The New-York Times.

VOL. XXII......NO. 6708.

NEW-YORK, WEDNESDAY, MARCH 19, 1873.

PRICE FOUR CENTS.

THE STATE LEGISLATURE

Debate on the Tweed Investigation—The Cruelty to Animals Bill.

From Our Special Correspondent.

ALBANY, Tuesday, March 18, 1873.

The special feature of to-day's legislative proceedings was the debate in the Senate on the Tweed investigation. As if to compensate for the dullness which marked the business of the House, the Senate excited itself to a degree which has not been equaled this session, and but rarely in former sessions. The keynote of the debate lies in the fact that Senator Johnson, a Democrat, who is chairman of the Tweed Investigation Committee, has endeavored to spread around the Capitol an impression that the Republicans are trying to stifle the investigation. The majority of the Republican Senators determined, therefore, that whatever the Senator from the Twenty-sixth should represent to be necessary to the success of the inquiry, and ask for to that end, should be granted to him, and all possible help he required should be afforded, however unreasonable it might appear. Remembering this, there will be no difficulty in understanding the proceedings of this morning. The ball was opened by Mr. Lewis, who offered a resolution that the committee be authorized to employ a messenger-clerk and stenographer. This was adopted without difficulty. Mr. Johnson then offered a resolution that Senators Lowrey and Allen be added to the committee, thereby enlarging it to five members. In support of this unusual proposition he made a speech, complaining that as the committee was now constituted his hands were tied; that he could not employ the counsel he desired to have, or any counsel; that the committee seemed so constituted that a thorough investigation by it seemed impossible; and that it was necessary to enlarge the committee before anything could be done by it, for which purpose he proposed to add two gentlemen of unimpeached integrity and acknowledged position. The question on the adoption of this resolution was put by the President and declared carried, while Mr. Lewis was on his feet waiting to speak against it. Mr. Lewis, thereupon, moved a reconsideration of the vote, and after some discussion, the President explaining that he had not noticed the Senator from the Thirty-first, a reconsideration was carried, 18 to 6. The Senate had now been warmed up to more earnest work, and when the question was again placed before it by this vote, Mr. Winslow moved, as an amendment, that the Chair appoint the two additional members. The debate on this was earnest, almost fierce, and unusually personal. Mr. Winslow made a speech against the resolution so pointed and able, that it evoked praise from Senators who opposed him. Mr. Lewis also spoke against the resolution with a degree of warmth and excitement, in reply to Mr. Johnson's insinuations, which he never before displayed in this body. The only question, as both Mr. Woodin and Mr. Lewis claimed, was whether the Chairman of the Committee should employ, not counsel, but a particular Mr. David Mitchell, of Syracuse; if he could not have this man he wanted none, and the only object of the resolution was to effect this object in an indirect manner. Mr. Lewis was not in favor of employing a lawyer at all, believing it would only impede the investigation; but if one were employed at all, he was in favor of Mr. Van Cott or Mr. Parsons, of New-York, gentlemen who were thoroughly familiar with the matter at issue. The committee, he said, with this exception, were in harmony on all points. Then speaking of the visit of the committee to New-York, he said one of its members had left his colleagues in the hotel, gone off, and had a private interview with Mr. Tweed, and had reported that the investigation could not proceed till Mr. Tweed had had time to prepare to appear. Mr. Woodin here interrupted to ask if it were possible that the chairman of the committee had done this thing? Mr. Lewis repeated that it was "one of the committee," and on this report they had returned and given Mr. Tweed some time in which to prepare his defense. The covert insinuation of the Senator from the Twenty-sixth, that there were those on the committee who feared they would be investigated by this inquiry, he declared to be an intentional insult, without cause or provocation. Mr. Johnson rose to reply, apparently controlling himself with considerable difficulty. He explained the visit he had made to Mr. Tweed. He had, he said, first sent a messenger to that person to inquire what course he would take; whether he would appear personally before the committee, or by counsel, &c. The messenger returned, saying Mr. Tweed's office was overrun by visitors; he could not see him, and requested Mr. Johnson to come himself. He did so. Mr. Tweed said he was sick, had not had time to prepare for the investigation, and requested delay. Mr. Johnson represented the short time (thirty days) at the disposal of the committee, and Tweed replied: "Go on with your investigation and somebody will be hurt." I reported this, continued Mr. Johnson, to the other members of the committee, and we returned. He concluded by challenging Senators who were in favor of a thorough investigation to grant the requests he had made. At this point of the debate Mr. Lord gave it a more good-humored tone by his nervous opposition to the employment of Mr. David Mitchell as counsel to the committee. For that individual he appeared to have a very cordial hatred, growing out of certain canal cases, and denounced him as at once an incompetent lawyer and a corrupt man. Mr. D. P. Wood, claiming Mr. Mitchell as a constituent of his, defended his character, and the excessive earnestness of both Senators on this disputed point came in as a timely and amusing relief to the heat and harsh feeling displayed in the previous debate. A vote on Mr. Winslow's amendment was then taken, as follows:

YEAS—Messrs. Benedict, Bowen, Dickinson, Graham, Lewis, Wagner, Winslow, J. Wood, Woodin—9.

NAYS.—Messrs. Adams, Chatfield, *Cock, Johnson, Lord*, McGowan, *Murphy*, Palmer, Perry, Robertson, *Scoresby, Tiemann*, Winslow, D. P. Wood—18.

The motion was then put on Mr. Johnson's resolution, which was adopted, Mr. Lord only voting in the negative. Those voting in the affirmative were Senators Adams, Allen, Chatfield, Dickinson, Foster, Johnson, Lewis, Lord, McGowan, Murphy, Palmer, Tiemann, Wagner, D. P. Wood, Woodin—16.

Mr. Lord voted in the negative because an amendment he proposed, that the committee should employ no counsel living west of Albany, was voted down.

THE CRUELTY TO ANIMALS BILL.

Mr. Bergh's bill, for the prevention of disease and cruelty, was the special order in the Assembly this morning, and the House went into committee on it immediately after the reading of the journal. The seventh section had been reached in committee previously, and the discussion opened on an amendment to that section, proposed by Mr. C. G. Cornell, to strike out the clause which gave the society's agents authority to arrest any person found violating the provisions of the law without warrant, the same as if engaged in a breach of the peace. Against the retention of this clause Mr. Clarke made some pointed remarks. He claimed that while he, in common with the majority of the citizens of New-York, was in favor of the bill, it was likely that by stretching the power of the society too far popular sentiment would turn against it, and the very objects which all sought to promote would be defeated. Mr. Husted took up the question on the other side, and a very lively passage of arms between that gentleman and Mr. Clarke took place, which caused much amusement. Mr. Husted showed that this same power of summary arrest was now conferred on the society's agents by existing law; it had been so held by the courts; but as there was a possibility of doubt, the provision was put into the bill to anticipate an adverse decision from a higher court. The effect of adopting the amendment, he said, would be to repeal an existing law. The discussion was continued by Mr. Prince and Mr. Batcheller against the amendment, and Mr. Pierson in favor of it; but there was more speaking against the proposed change than for it. The House was evidently in its favor, and the obnoxious clause was finally struck out by a vote of fifty-three to thirty-four. This being disposed of, the reading proceeded till the bill was finished, and general amendments were in order. Mr. Ray then moved that the first section be stricken out. This section provides that the slaughtering of animals shall be concealed from public view, and that no child under twelve years of age shall be employed in any abattoir or slaughter-house. This section, Mr. Ray thought, was an insult to a very respectable class of the community, and "an invasion of the dearest privileges of our butchers." This same section was opposed in the Senate on nearly the same grounds; but it was vigorously defended there, and Mr. Prince defended it with like energy and earnestness on this occasion. Mr. Patterson, who might be said to speak for the butchers, he being in that business, settled the matter by making a few observations in favor of the section. The motion to strike out was at once withdrawn, and after the adoption of two other amendments, one making the society responsible for any wrongful exercise of its powers, the other subjecting all incorporated villages, as well as cities, to the operation of the bill, it was ordered to a third reading. The bill will go back to the Senate on the amendments, but they are not such as to provoke any opposition from that body.

MISCELLANEOUS MATTERS.

The "Insanity" bill was ordered to a third reading. Under its provisions any prisoner acquitted of a capital offence on the ground of insanity is to be confined in a lunatic asylum for not less than fifteen years, and shall be discharged only on competent proof of his sanity. The Governor may discharge such prisoner at any time, but only after twenty days' notice has been given the District-Attorney of the county in which the prisoner was convicted, of an intention to apply for such release.

The bill to secure consumers gas of a definite standard of illuminating powers has been reported from the Committee on Trade and Manufactures, and is now awaiting its third reading. The bill was favorably reported by that committee, and the chairman of it, Mr. Wells, will endeavor to push it through as speedily as possible.

The Jury bill introduced in the Senate by Mr. Robertson is still in general orders in the Assembly. It has not been passed yet, as erroneously reported in some journals.

Evening Session of the Assembly—The Charter.

Special Dispatch to the New-York Times.

ALBANY, March 18.—The Assembly discussed the bill to exempt bonds and mortgages from taxation, this evening, but failed to reach any conclusion on the points at issue. Mr. Griffin, of Delaware, opened the debate by reading a long speech against the measure, to which the House persistently refused to pay any attention, though several times called to order. Mr. Crary, of New-York, followed in reply, with an argument in favor of the bill. The principal speech of the evening was made by Mr. Prince, of Queens, who addressed the House on an amendment offered to the bill by him, and by his forcible arguments and energetic delivery commanded the attention of the most indifferent of his auditors. The amendment was simply to make the bill local in its operation, applying only to the the Counties of Queens, Kings, New-York, Westchester, Richmond and Rockland. Mr. Batcheller, of Saratoga, opposed the bill, on general principles, the amendment included, as did Mr. Kennedy, of Livingston. Mr. Sylvester, of Lewis, then offered for the bill a lengthy substitute which he had read. At 10 o'clock the Assembly consented to progress the bill, and made it the special order for Thursday morning.

A large number of bills and resolutions were offered before the House adjourned. Among the latter was one by Mr. Babcock, of Niagara, to authorize the Erie Investigating Committee to hold sessions in New-York or elsewhere in this State, and to report at any time. This was adopted without dissent.

The Assembly Committee on Cities had a hearing this evening on the bill to annex the southern part of Westchester County to New-York. Delegations were present representing the Tax-payers' Association of the Twelfth Ward, the Harlem Association, and from Westchester. Only the Harlem Association opposed the measure. The committee have agreed to report the bill favorably after some revision of its details. The New-York charter will not, it may be stated with confidence, be reported to the Senate to-morrow. The committee were at work on it this morning, and have been again this evening. The one hundred and twenty-second section has been reached. Only two more remained for consideration. The general amendments will follow, and after these are settled upon, the document will have to undergo much merely clerical labor to put it in the proper shape for presentation.

Runaway Accident in a St. Patrick's Parade.

BOSTON, March 18.—During the march of the St. Patrick's procession in Cambridge yesterday, four horses, attached to a barouche, became unmanageable, and dashed through and over the crowd at a fearful pace. Over a dozen persons were injured. Among them was John Sweeney, a spectator, who was knocked down and seriously hurt. He is not expected to recover. James Gallagher was knocked off his horse, the animal falling upon him and injuring him severely, and causing the loss of one eye. Charles A. McConnell, a member of Brainard's band, was knocked down, receiving cuts about his head. Thomas Gallagher, also a member of the band, was bruised. Cornelius Donovan had three ribs broken, and was otherwise injured. Daniel Merrill, aged ten, and a girl, named Jennie Sullivan, thirteen years, were knocked down, and received slight bruises. The occupants of the carriage jumped out safely.

The Noel Divorce Suit.

TRENTON, N. J., March 18.—The Chancellor and Vice-Chancellor of New-Jersey have signed an order for the immediate release of John V. Noel from confinement in the Camden Jail, where he has been since the 1st day of August last, under a writ of ne exeat. The wife of Noel had filed a bill of divorce, and Noel carried away his child to Canada, and was imprisoned on the plea that he was about to leave the State of New-Jersey. The divorce suit will be argued on the 1st of April at Trenton.

Bowles Brothers & Co.—Appleton's Copartnership to be Tested.

BOSTON, MASS., March 18.—The adjourned meeting of the creditors of Nathan Appleton was held at the United States Court-house this morning, before S. Lothrop Thorndike, Register, for the purpose of allowing the creditors of Bowles Brothers & Co. to offer their claims against the estate of Mr. Appleton. J. C. Ropes, Mr. Van Wagner, of New York; J. D. Townsend, and H. J. Stevens, the assignees of Bowles Brothers & Co., presented several claims, which were objected to by Messrs. Thaxter and Bartlett, the attorneys of Mr. Appleton. The Register suspended the claims, and said he would notify counsel of the time and place where he would hear the evidence of the parties in relation to the question of copartnership of Mr. Appleton with Bowles Brothers & Co.

LYNCH LAW.

Summary Execution of the Murderer Tarpey at Monterey, Cal.

SAN FRANCISCO, March 17.—The lynching of Tarpey, the murderer of Mrs. Nicholson, near Monterey this afternoon, created great excitement in that city. The mob fastened a rope around Tarpey's neck, and compelled him to stand in the box of a wagon. He was then told he must say all he wanted to, for his time had come. Tarpey addressed the crowd for half an hour. The lynchers then drove the wagon away, and left the man hanging by his neck to the limb of a tree, his feet almost touching the ground. The crowd seized the rope and drew Tarpey up higher. Several of the lynchers drew pistols and fired into the body of the dying man. At last accounts the body was hanging, and the mob watching the place. The affair caused intense excitement. For several hours armed men held possession of Monterey, and declared they would take Tarpey safely to Salinas for trial. The jail guards offered no resistance, no shots were fired, and no one was injured. Tarpey's wife, sister, and mother were near the jail, and witnessed the whole affair, and begged, with prayers and tears, the mob not to injure him. The leaders promised that Tarpey should not be hurt. The mob numbered over 300, and were heavily armed. Tarpey's relatives live in this city, and are well known here.

SAN FRANCISCO, March 18.—Mat. Tarpey, who was hanged by the lynchers near Monterey, made a will, giving $1,600 to Nicholson, the husband of his victim. Nicholson witnessed the lynching, and Tarpey begged his forgiveness, and asked him to place his hands on his head as he knelt. Nicholson granted the request.

THE HOSTILE INDIANS.

Gen. Canby Surrounding the Modocs—Cochise's Band.

WASHINGTON, March 18.—Secretary Delano to-day received a telegram from Gen. Canby, giving information as to the condition of affairs in the Modoc country. Gen. Canby does not despair of bringing the Modocs to terms without bloodshed, but has so posted his troops as to prevent the Indians' egress from the lava beds, and has thereby protected the settlers against danger of raids. Gen. Canby also reports that he has captured some thirty horses and mules, comprising nearly all the stock of the Modocs. This was effected without any violence or conflict.

A letter just received from a prominent citizen of Tucson, Arizona, dated Feb. 25, says: "I saw Mr. Jefferds, the agent of Conchise's band, yesterday, and he says the Indians under his control are contented, and show no disposition or desire to leave the reservation, and that the recent massacre of a large number of people in Sonora was not done by any of his Indians."

SAN FRANCISCO, March 18.—Everything is quiet at the Modoc lava beds. The military are awaiting the action of the new Peace Commissioners, and the indications favor the belief that the Indians will come out for another talk. If they fail to do so the troops will proceed to attack them immediately.

BY MAIL AND TELEGRAPH.

The amount of legal-tender notes outstanding, yesterday, was $357,278,915.

C. W. Hurley, the Republican candidate, was elected Mayor of Galveston on Monday.

Considerable snow fell on Sunday on the line of the Wahsatch division of the Union Pacific Railroad.

The man who was blown, or fell, from a Hudson River express-train on Monday afternoon, is Capt. A. Senisky, of West Troy.

George R. Gregg, a well-known journalist, died at Ottawa, Ontario, yesterday from an attack of inflammatory rheumatism.

The unchecked spread of the small-pox, caused by the want of proper sanitary regulations, is creating much alarm in Salt Lake City.

Albert W. Chamberlin, who pleaded guilty to an indictment for murder some weeks ago, in Cleveland, Ohio, yesterday changed his plea to not guilty.

George W. Williams, the post-office forger, who escaped from custody some weeks ago, was rearrested in Boston yesterday, and committed for trial.

William Warwick, son of William Warwick, stationer, Toronto, Ontario, committed suicide on Monday night by shooting himself through the head with a pistol.

The ferry-boat Union, after being laid up at Newburg nearly three months, on Monday night forced her way through the ice, and is now running regularly to Fishkill Landing.

There were several narrow escapes from drowning, on Monday night, of persons crossing the Hudson on the ice. Two men were rescued, after nearly an hour's immersion, near Newburg.

A water-spout burst near Bakersfield, Cal., on Sunday, and formed a chasm sixty feet across and fifteen feet deep. A party of men narrowly escaped death, the falling column completely drenching them.

The Governor of Kentucky has declined to pardon Thomas Smith, convicted of the murder of Joseph Breden, on the 10th of May, 1871, and sentenced to be hanged on the 28th inst. at Louisville.

William Vanderwerker, ex-Justice of the Peace at Fishkill Landing, was arrested on Monday for bigamy on complaint of his first wife, from whom he claims to have obtained a divorce in an Indiana court.

The Controller of the Currency authorizes the City National Bank of Paducah, with a capital of $200,000, and the Exchange National Bank, of Houston, Tex., with a capital of $100,000, to commence business.

The Boston and Maine Railroad has obtained an injunction to restrain the Maine Central from passing the Boston and Maine Exchange Station in Portland without taking and delivering passengers, baggage, and freight.

On the right arm of the man killed at Middletown, N. Y., on Monday night, by an Erie Railroad train is a Goddess of Liberty and the name "G. M. Selmes." in India ink. He is supposed to have been a drover's assistant.

The College of Pharmacy in Philadelphia graduated ninety-four students at its commencement this year. Philadelphia colleges in the last two weeks have added in all four hundred and eighty medical graduates to the profession.

Edward Harmon, arrested in the act of burglary at Brooklyn last week, has been identified as Edward, alias Higgy, Norton, of Paterson, N. J., the leader in the Pope burglary, and in numerous other smaller burglaries since.

Three companies with nearly a million of dollars of cash capital, principally from New-York City and Brooklyn, are organizing for the purchase and development of mining property in the south-western part of Utah Territory.

The steamer Clarksville, in the Arkansas River and New-Orleans trade, and owned by S. B. Adams, of Cincinnati, sunk on Monday thirty-three miles below Pine Bluff. She had 800 bales of cotton on board. The steamer was valued at $15,000, and is insured.

The balances in the Treasury of the United States at the close of business yesterday were: Currency, $2,063,792; special deposits of legal tenders for the redemption of certificates of deposit, $28,950,000; coin, $66,342,204, including $24,755,500 in gold certificates.

Mr. William H. West, late Chief Clerk of the Treasury, died on Monday night. He had been in the Treasury since 1837, and was appointed Chief Clerk by Secretary McCulloch, and transferred to another office in the department by Mr. Boutwell.

The remains of Lieut. Reid T. Stewart, late of the Fifth Cavalry, who was brutally murdered by the Apaches in Arizona, last August, were brought to Erie, Penn., yesterday, for interment. He was a native of that place, and graduated at West Point in 1871.

At a meeting of the Citizens' Suffrage Association, of Philadelphia, yesterday, a letter was read from Judge Kingman, of Wyoming Territory, denying the statements relative to the decision of female justices, and stating that a large majority of the people favored female suffrage.

In the United States District Court, in Utica, yesterday, on motion of Judge Selden, the case of the Rochester inspectors of election, indicted for receiving the votes of Susan B. Anthony and thirteen other women, was postponed until the May term, in consequence of the absence of a witness.

The Democratic State Convention of Rhode Island yesterday nominated for Governor Charles R. Cutler, of Warren; Lieutenant-Governor, Samuel H. Wales, of Providence; Secretary of State, William J. Miller, of Bristol; Attorney-General, George N. Bliss, of East Providence; General Treasurer, W. P. Congdon, of Newport.

WASHINGTON.

The Assistant Secretaryship of the Treasury—Probable Result in the Caldwell Case—Senator Bogy.

Special Dispatch to the New-York Times.

WASHINGTON, March 18.—Ex-Senator Sawyer was to-day appointed Assistant Secretary of the Treasury in place of Judge Richardson, appointed Secretary. The appointment is very favorably received, and the President is commended for recognizing the ability and public services of a senator, who, of all those who succeeded the era of reconstruction, has made, perhaps, the most favorable impression. Senator Sawyer is a native of Massachusetts, but went to South Carolina before the war, where he was engaged in educational pursuits when the rebellion began. He has served one full term in the Senate, and is highly esteemed by his late associates in that body.

DEATH OF AN AGED LADY.

Mrs. Harriet Penniman, of Baltimore, mother of Mrs. Secretary Robeson, died at the Secretary's residence in this city at 1 o'clock this afternoon, after a very brief illness. She was upward of seventy years of age.

Mr. and Mrs. George Alfred Townsend are suffering a sad bereavement in the death of an infant daughter this morning.

THE CABINET.

The members of the Cabinet, all save the Postmaster-General, assembled in the President's office this morning at a few moments past 12, and the oath of office was duly and solemnly administered to them by Chief Justice Carter, of the District Supreme Court. Mr. Creswell is out of town, but will return on Thursday. The members indulged in sarcastic congratulations over their brief respite from official duties in having been private citizens for at least twenty-four hours.

PERSONAL.

Lieut. Fred. D. Grant has been assigned to duty on the staff of Lieut.-Gen. Sheridan, and will leave Washington the last of the week for Gen. Sheridan's head-quarters, at Chicago.

THE AGRICULTURAL DEPARTMENT.

Hon. Frederick Watts will not hold undisturbed possession of the Agricultural Department. Little has been said publicly of late in reference to his performances in that bureau, but there have been efforts quietly made to secure a change, and one or two very excellent applicants, very strongly supported, are seeking to succeed him. There is reason to believe that a change will be made.

THE CALDWELL DEBATE.

There are some Senators who "absolutely condemn" the conduct of Senator Caldwell in procuring his election, and particularly the bargain with Carney, and who hold, as THE TIMES does in its editorial columns, that no specific case of bribery is established by the evidence, who do not feel that a vote for expulsion can properly be given. They say it is right that the case should be decided under existing law, and that no law, and no rule of the Senate, and no precedent established so far as the practice in this country goes, makes the transaction with Carney a criminal offense. They admit that it ought to be cause for expulsion, and that under English practice it would be, but as it has not been so regarded here they do not think it would be just to apply it to Mr. Caldwell's case. Such Senators are desirous that a resolution of censure, drawn in the strongest possible language, should be passed, and that a stringent rule of the Senate should be made declaring the use of money by a candidate for any similar election purposes, or in any manner to influence his election, should be cause for expulsion or for declaring an election void. The resolution of censure would contain a statement that the evidence against Caldwell under existing law, does not warrant his expulsion from the Senate, and this will be inserted as the reason and justification of the Senate in not applying the extreme penalty against him. It is quite probable such a resolution will be proposed as a substitute for that now pending. No idea can be gained of its strength in the Senate. Mr. Conkling has the floor for to-morrow. He does not intend to enter into a discussion of the facts or an analysis of the testimony, to any great extent, but will for the most part confine himself to its legal aspects. He opposes the resolution of the committee. It is expected on all hands that his speech will be one of the ablest in the debate thus far, and great interest is manifested to hear him. The session of the Senate to-day was occupied by Mr. Norwood and Mr. Thurman, who both favor the committee's resolution, and will vote for it. Mr. Norwood's speech was unexpectedly able. Mr. Thurman lost his temper, and was a good deal discomfited by sharp questions coming from both sides of the chamber. The speech accomplished little more than to indicate what votes the speakers would cast. There are at least five Democrats who will vote to declare the election void.

THE NEW MISSOURI SENATOR.

Senator Bogy made out a strong case for himself to-day in his reply to the memorial from certain members of the Missouri Legislature requesting an investigation of his election by the Senate. He created a favorable impression for himself by his determination to suspend his Senatorial functions till the validity and honesty of his election had been decided. It is quite desirable, and due both to the Senate and to him, that the investigation should be speedy and thorough.

THE WYOMING JUDICIARY.

Among the appointments to-day was that of Mayor E. A. Thomas, of Auburn, N. Y., as Associate Justice Supreme Court of Wyoming Territory.

THE POLITICAL PACHYDERM STUNG.

It is reported that Gen. Butler is preparing a letter upon the salary question, in which he will make some pertinent and spicy suggestions to those members who are uncertain as to the proper distribution of their back pay.

THE VICE-PRESIDENT AND MR. CALDWELL.

Vice-President Wilson denies that he has authorized any statement to the effect that the refusal of the Senate to expel Mr. Caldwell would be attended with disaster to the Republican Party. In this connection it should not be forgotten that prominent Democratic leaders have disavowed all partisanship in this case. Consequently, should Mr. Caldwell be permitted to retain his seat no question of partisanship can be raised. The friends of Mr. Caldwell are confident that he could be re-elected to the Senate by the present Legislature of Kansas, should he now be expelled.

THE CENSUS OF 1860.

Contrary to the general impression, the paragraph in the Deficiency bill authorizing an appropriation for the payment of the takers of the census of 1860 became a law.

SENATOR CASSERLY.

The friends of Senator Casserly state that he will take no notice of the charges recently published against him.

The Engineers' Strike in Missouri.

ST. LOUIS, March 18.—The strike on the St. Louis, Kansas City and Northern Railway still continues. The trains were stopped at different points to-day, and the strikers seem determined to suspend the operations of the road. Armed police from this city are at various places along the line, but are not strong enough to prevent the mob from at least partially carrying out their designs. The military have not been ordered out, as was reported last night. Some trains moved from Moberly to-day under a guard of police, and comparative order prevails at that point. The engines that were ditched there yesterday morning were placed on the track again to-day, the working force being protected by the police, and the road is now clear. A train from here last night ran into a pile of ties placed on the track on St. Charles' grade, ditching the engine and tender, but injuring nobody. The Grand Chief-Engineer, Wilson, will arrive here to-night, when a compromise is expected to be made.

About 9 o'clock this morning a bridge crossing a small stream a few miles from St. Charles was burned. The damage was, however, repaired in about three hours so that trains could pass. Quite a number of strikers were arrested at Moberly to-day, and several were arrested yesterday at Lexington Junction and placed in the Richmond jail. Another train was dispatched at St. Charles to-night. The Railroad Company have offered a reward of $2,500 for the arrest and conviction of the parties engaged in ditching the engines at Moberly, cutting the telegraph wires at Montgomery, and burning the bridge near St. Charles, and doing other damage at the different points on the road. Grand Chief Engineer Wilson arrived to-night, and is now in consultation with General Superintendent Van Horne.

THE PUBLIC SERVICE.

Nominations and Confirmations—The Baltimore Collector.

WASHINGTON, March 18.—The President sent the following nominations to the Senate to-day;

Frederick A. Sawyer, to be Assistant Secretary of the Treasury; J. D. Webster, to be Assistant United States Treasurer at Chicago; E. A. Thomas, of New-York, to be Associate-Justice of the Supreme Court for Wyoming Territory; Jason B. Brown, of Indiana, to be Secretary of Wyoming Territory; Hiram Latham, to be Surveyor-General for Wyoming; B. F. Campbell, to be Register of the Land Office at Vermillion, Dakota.

Collectors of Internal Revenue.—Isaac H. Duvall, for the First District of West Virginia; D. Sheffey Lewis, for the Fifth District of Virginia; John H. Burrows, for the Eighteenth District of Pennsylvania; S. H. Bailey, for the Fourth District of Michigan; Alexis Cape, for the Sixteenth District of Ohio.

Postmasters.—W. O. Bigelow, at Annapolis, Md.; Robert S. Kendrick, at Chattanooga, Tenn.; Ebeneser Ellis, at Bath, N. Y.; W. S. Krake, at Ravenna, Ohio; Wm. Jackson, at Rock Island, Ill.; James Newby, at Cambridge City, Ind.; S. O. Upham, at Waltham, Mass.; H. L. Grant, at Goldsboro, N. C.; S. Pearce, at Wilkesbarre, Penn.; John W. Clark, at Montpelier, Vt.; H. C. Johnson, at Vergennes, Vt.; P. Cuner, at Upper Sandusky, Ohio; R. J. Tompkins, at Mount Carroll, Ill.; F. M. Cassiday, at Winterset, Iowa.

A delegation of colored men from Baltimore, headed by Bishop Wayman, had an interview with the President this morning, in behalf of the retention of John L. Thomas as Collector of the port of Baltimore.

CONFIRMATIONS.

The Senate, in executive session this afternoon, confirmed the following nominations;

John Goforth, to be Assistant Attorney-General of the United States; vice Wm. McMichael, resigned, to take effect April 5; David Noggle, Chief Justice of the Supreme Court of Idaho Territory; J. P. Kidder, Chief Justice Supreme Court Dakota Territory; A. P. K. Safford, Governor Arizona Territory; Coles Bashford, Secretary Arizona Territory; Frank Hall, Secretary Colorado Territory; Wm. G. Rich, Secretary of New-Mexico, vice Amey, removed; Wm. McMichael, United States Attorney for the Eastern District of Pennsylvania; Jas. F. Lane, United States Attorney for Iowa; Daniel Chaplin, Receiver of Public Moneys at Lagrand, Oregon.

Registers of Land Offices.—W. J. Small, at Linkville, Oregon; John H. Stephens, at Lagrand, Oregon; Wm. H. Fitzpatrick, at Topeka, Kansas.

Collectors of Internal Revenue.—Sherman S. Bailey, Fourth District Michigan; Lewis Weitzel, First District, Ohio.

United States Marshals.—Oliver Fisk, for the Southern District of New-York; John N. Sarber, Western District of Arkansas; Alexander Sharp, for the District of Columbia.

Surveyors of Customs.—Thomas Steele, at Pittsburg, Penn.; R. H. Stephenson, at Cincinnati, Ohio; W. T. Miller, at Alton, Ill.; Geo. Fisher, at Cairo, Ill.; James P. Luse, at Louisville, K.; Wm. R. Haliday, at Wheeling, West Va.; Wm. M. Evans, at Parkersburg, West Va.; Philip Hambrook, at Evansville, Ind.; W. Z. King, at Greenport, N. Y.

Collectors of Customs.—George T. Marshall, New-London, Conn.; Wm. D. Nolen, for Delaware; Chas. H. Odell, District of Salem and Beverly, Mass.; Wm. D. Hull, for Oregon, vice Hinman, removed; Henry F. Heriott, Georgetown, S. C.

Naval Officer.—Charles Dillingham, New-Orleans, La.

Postmasters.—James H. Morris, Albia, Iowa; Wm. H. Councell, Easton, Md.; Samuel D. Smith, Walla Walla, Washington Territory; Franklin A. Munson, Sandwich, Ill.; Edward S. Smith, Batavia, Ill.; Daniel N. Gross, Napierville, Ill.; John R. Dobson, Phœnixville, Penn.; Samuel Dutton, Media, Penn.; D. R. Diefenderfer, Allentown, Penn.; Paron C. Young, Provincetown, Mass.; Asa Reynolds, Grand Haven, Mich.; Joseph B. Brown, Tarrytown, N. Y.; Benjamin F. Judson, Saratoga Springs, N. Y.; John W. Crosby, Milford, N. H.; Richard Plummer, Newburyport, Mass.; J. F. Clarkson, Amesbury, Mass.; John Batchelder, Lynn, Mass.; Knott V. Martin, Marblehead, Mass.; George H. Pierson, Salem, Mass.; Peter Casey, Vicksburg, Miss.; E. A. Clark, San José, Cal.; Josiah Deloach, Memphis, Tenn.; Wm. H. Stillwell, Humboldt, Tenn.; Aaron B. Turner, Grand Rapids, Mich.; Almon M. Ellsworth, Lowell, Mich.; E. Raymond Bliss, Columbus, Miss.; Julius P. Marklein, Weehawken, N. J.; Wm. R. Mattison, Newton, N. J.; John D. Clevenger, Mount Holly, N. J.; Wm. Logan, Hagerstown, Md.; James Lewis, Wilmington, Del.; James D. Howell, Fair Haven, Conn.; Robert Erwin, New-Milford, Conn.; Leonidas R. Hall, Meriden, Conn.; Wallace Bull, West Meriden, Conn.; Stephen W. Alvord, Towanda, Penn.; Robert Peysert, Bethlehem, Penn.; Mrs. Hiram A. Lee, Stroudsburg, Penn.; Charles F. Sayles, Troy, Penn.; Charles W. Eckman, Danville, Penn.; Frank W. Ballard, Westlow, Mass.; Lucien Lord, Athol Depot, Mass.; George G. Pond, Milford, Mass.; L. A. Burnett, Terre Haute, Ind.; Benj. F. Hegler, Attica, Ind.; Joseph R. Jackson, Union City, Ind.; David W. Vogles, New-Albany, Ind.; Wm. A. Horrall, Washington, Ind.; Wm. M. Winkler, Columbus, Ind.; Joseph F. Curran, Delaware, Ohio; Charles M. Wilder, Columbia, S. C.; R. A. Roseman, Charleston, S. C.; Julius Wagner, Indianola, Texas; Elias W. Merrill, Muskegon, Mich.; John E. Mole, Adams, Mass.; John G. Clark, Savannah, Ga.; Ebeneser Ellis, Steuben, N. Y.

THE VIENNA EXPOSITION.

The following persons have been appointed by the President to attend the Vienna Exhibition under the joint resolution of Congress, approved Feb. 14, 1873:

Practical Artisans.—N. M. Lowe, Massachusetts; Charles Davis, Pennsylvania; Joseph V. Meigs, Massachusetts; R. B. Lines, District of Columbia; John R. Murnsee, Maryland; Lewis J. Hinton, New-York; Lyman Bridges, Illinois; George A. Stanberry, Ohio.

Scientific Men.—E. N. Horsford, Massachusetts; J. Lawrence Smith, Kentucky; Lewis M. Rutherford, New-York; Peter Collier, Vermont; R. H. Thurston, New-Jersey; L. J. Boech, Virginia, and John A. Warder, Ohio.

Honorary Commissioners.—J. Dawson Coleman, Pennsylvania; Thomas Nast, New-Jersey; Dr. J. W. Hoyt, Wisconsin; J. H. Speed and Frank Draxeler, Alabama; A. McDonald, Arkansas; James Newman, California; George W. Parker, J. K. Kilbourne, Joseph Plant, and E. S. Wheeler, Connecticut; W. C. Bibb and Edwin D. Newton, Georgia; J. M. Gregory, Allen W. Stolp and Charles Deese, Illinois; Jessie S. Brown and A. Ballwegg, of Indiana; Jas. A. Williamson, A. F. Hofer, G. T. Carpenter, and Samuel F. Cooper, of Iowa; Henry Sarstedt, of Kansas; C. F. Carpenter, of Kentucky; Frank Morey and Henry Vignaud, of Louisiana; J. Edwin Sherman, of Maine; W. T. Walters, of Maryland; J. D. Philbrick, Nelson L. Derby, L. F. Mellen, Henry Marion Howe, D. A. Goddard and Louis Weisbien, of Massachusetts; Jas. Birney and Henry C. Lewis, of Michigan; Col. Edward P. Jones, and Augustus Seningo, of Mississippi; H. C. Crevelling, G. H. Koch and Chas. A. Smith, of Missouri; H. L. Wisner, John E. Van Winkle, John Duncan and G. Dewitt, of New-Jersey; Prof. Davies, Geo. Sauer, L. W. Rogers, Wm. C. Gunnell, J. H. Sherwood, Francis A. Stout, Geo. W. Silcox, R. W. Raymond, Jackson S. Schultz, Douglas Taylor, and Geo. Thurber, of New-York; W. C. Kerr, of North Carolina; Montgomery Phister, O. G. Leopold, Freeman Thorpe, and G. Mendelhall, of Ohio; Charles E. Smith, of Oregon; Howard Painter, Thomas Beaver, John Shinn, Henry D. Moore, David Brooks, Joseph Wharton, J. Mulliken, and Charles M. Nes, of Pennsylvania; Elisha Dyer, of Rhode Island; Samuel Tate and L. J. Dupre, of Tennessee; C. S. Morrill and Levi K. Fuller, of Vermont; Moses P. Handy, of Virginia; J. H. Diss Debar, of West Virginia; George Smalley, J. Russell Young, Benjamin R. Winthrop, Charles K. Tuckerman and Dr. Thomas Buckler, at large; R. M. Hamilton, of Colorado; Richard K. Evans, Richard D. Cutts, David Edes, Joseph Enthoffee, and Arthur H. Brown, of the District of Columbia; James M. Cavanagh, of Montana; Adolph Guttman, of New-Mexico.

THE NEW-ORLEANS COLLECTORSHIP.

Colonel Casey's confirmation as Collector of New-Orleans is earnestly opposed. Senator West is against him, but more, he says, in the interests of the State of Louisiana than with the hope of defeating him. It is said the vote will be close.

COLLECTORS OF INTERNAL REVENUE.

The President this afternoon, in connection with the Commissioner of Internal Revenue, decided upon the following appointments of Collectors of Internal Revenue: Amos L. Frost, Fourth District, California; Richard H. Whiting, Fifth District, Illinois; O. P. Johnson, Second District, Kentucky; Franklin S. Hill, Fourth District, Kentucky; Hiram Ruggles, Fourth District, Maine; Robert M. Bond, Third District, Maryland; John L. Murphy, Second District, New-Jersey; Hiram E. Stiller, First District, North Carolina; William R. Sapp, Thirteenth District, Ohio; O. B. Gilson, Oregon; H. C. Hunt, Fourth District, Texas, and Henry Harnden, Second District, Wisconsin.

NO CHANGE.

The nomination of N. G. Sharp, to be Postmaster at Chattanooga, has been withdrawn by the President, and Mr. Kendrick, the present incumbent, re-nominated.

THE COLLECTOR OF SAN DIEGO.

The nomination of George B. Hitchcock, to be Collector of the Port of San Diego, California, was to-day reported from the Senate Committee on Commerce, without recommendation. His confirmation will be opposed.

NAVAL ORDERS.

Capt. Francis A. Poe has been detached from the command of the naval rendezvous at San Francisco, and is temporarily succeeded by Commander McDougal. Rear-Admiral Scott is detached from the command of League Island, and ordered to the command of the North Atlantic station.

COMMISSIONER DOUGLASS.

His Acquittal of the Charges Brought Against Him by the New-York Sun.

Special Dispatch to The New-York Times.

WASHINGTON, March 18.—Reference has been made in these dispatches to a claim of Hon. John W. Douglass, Commissioner of Internal Revenue, before the Committee of Claims of the House of Representatives, and its nature having been therein stated, it will not be necessary to explain it at length. The claim grew out of a defalcation or embezzlement of funds by Julius Degmeier, the deputy of Mr. Douglass, while Collector of Internal Revenue for the Nineteenth District of Pennsylvania. Degmeier was indicted and tried, but escaped punishment on account of the statute of limitations barring prosecution. The investigation by the Committee of Claims was under authority of a resolution introduced by Mr. Holman, in the second session of the last Congress, giving the committee authority to send for persons and papers, and was mainly devoted to the investigation of certain charges made by the New-York *Sun* in March last, which charges were to the effect that Mr. Douglass was an accomplice of Degmeier, and shared the plunder. The matter was referred to a subcommittee, consisting of Messrs. Holman, Frye, and Foster, which, just before the close of the Forty-second Congress, made a report to the committee of their investigation, too late, however, for any action to be taken. The report, after a full statement of the case, concludes as follows:

The evidence being now on file, your committee feel that a general statement of facts and conclusions will be sufficient. It appears that Mr. Douglass was appointed Collector of Internal Revenue for the Nineteenth Collection District of Pennsylvania in 1862, and held the position till April, 1869. That in the Fall of 1868 he employed said Degmeier as a clerk; that Degmeier's reputation was above reproach; that he had the confidence of the community in which he lived to a remarkable degree, occupying highly responsible positions; that he remained in said office until August, 1865, and that during this period there were discrepancies in the accounts; that being finally led to suspect Degmeier, Mr. Douglass charged him with embezzlement; that he confessed his guilt, and placed in the hands of the Collector, as he supposed, sufficient security for the defalcation; that having done so, he was allowed to leave the country, as he alleged, for the purpose of raising the money; that he returned unsuccessful, was permitted to leave again—again returned, was arrested, tried and discharged on the technical ground that the prosecution was barred by the statute of limitations; that his property pledged as security was sold and the proceeds accounted for to the Treasury Department, that there was then a deficit of $3,000 or $4,000, which Mr. Douglass subsequently paid; that the creditors of Degmeier instituted proceedings against Mr. Douglass, claiming that he had more of Degmeyer's property than would cover the deficit; that the judgment after a full hearing was in favor of Douglass. Your committee concludes: First, that there was no evidence of negligence on the part of Mr. Douglass in the employment of Mr. Degmeier, nor in the retaining of him in his office. Second, that there is no evidence whatever of any complicity or collusion of Mr. Douglass. Third, that there is no evidence of any fraudulent intent or purpose on the part of Mr. Douglass. Fourth, that the allegations contained in the New-York *Sun* against Mr. Douglass are in no respect sustained in the slightest degree, and are entirely without foundation in fact or in truth. Fifth, that if there has been any error or mistake made by Mr. Douglass, it consisted in not at once prosecuting his defaulting clerk as an example and warning to others. Sixth, that in all the proceedings and all the evidence submitted and facts brought to their attention, there is nothing tending to the conclusion that Mr. Douglass is not a high-minded, faithful, and honorable public officer. Referring you to the evidence submitted herewith, your committee ask to be discharged from further consideration of the subject matter submitted to them.

(Signed.) WM. P. FREYE,
CHAS. FOSTER.

FOREIGN NEWS.

Supposed Participants in the Bank of England Frauds.

LONDON, March 18.—Three shabbily-dressed men, who from their accent are believed to be Americans, were arrested in Cork this morning while attempting to deposit $12,000 in a bank in that city. They are supposed to be the parties who recently committed the frauds on the Bank of England.

French Finances—The Press Law.

VERSAILLES, March 18.—The annual budget was presented in the National Assembly yesterday by M. Leon Say, Minister of Finance. It shows a most gratifying condition of the public funds. There is now in the Treasury half of the sum of money due to Germany, and no loan will be required to complete the payments of the war indemnity at the dates designated in the Convention, signed on Saturday last by M. Thiers and Count von Arnim, the German Ambassador.

PARIS, March 18.—The manager of the *Rappel* (newspaper) has been summoned to answer the charge of violating the laws regulating the Press.

The Pope and the Canadian Ex-Pontifical Zouaves.

ROME, March 18.—The Pope gave audience yesterday to one hundred Canadians who served in the Pontifical Zouaves. His Holiness congratulated his visitors upon their steadfast devotion to the Church.

A Steamer Arrived.

The steam-ship Wisconsin, Freeman, Liverpool March 5, and Queenstown 6th, with merchandise and passengers to Williams & Guion, arrived at an early hour this morning.

DESTRUCTION BY FIRE.

Narrow Escape of Hotel Servants in Montreal—An Ohio Town Burning—Falling Walls.

MONTREAL, March 18.—At 1 o'clock this morning a fire broke out in the building behind the St. James Hotel, and communicated through the laundry into the passage of the fourth flat, and from there to the stairway leading to the fifth flat, where the female servants of the establishment were sleeping. The girls finding that their escape by the stairs was cut off, turned to the windows, and three of them threw themselves on the side-walk, where their fall was partially broken by mattresses and other soft material. They were taken to the General Hospital, where they now lie in a very precarious state. Another girl, named Matilda Sayer, hung out from a window twenty minutes, and was finally rescued by the firemen, who brought her safely to the ground amid cheers from the excited multitude. Notwithstanding the efforts of the firemen the fourth and fifth flats were completely destroyed. Three gentlemen saved themselves by making a ladder of quilts. The hotel is insured to a large amount. The loss is not yet ascertained.

CINCINNATI, Ohio, March 18.—George Neimeyers' carriage manufactory—a five-story building on the corner of Walnut and Liberty streets—was destroyed by fire early this morning. The loss is not less than $80,000. Insured for $25,000 in the German Mutual, Enterprise, and Washington Companies of this city.

A large fire is reported raging in the town of Centreville, Gallia County, Ohio. Ten buildings are entirely destroyed, and the fire is still burning. A high wind prevails, and the citizens are so exhausted from their efforts to extinguish the flames that very little property will be saved.

PHILADELPHIA, March 18.—A fire at Mahonoy City, Penn., last night, destroyed the Anthracite Hotel, Merchants' Hotel, old Lehigh Valley Railroad freight depot, and one dwelling. The fire is supposed to have been caused by an incendiary. The loss is $20,000; partly insured.

DUBUQUE, March 18.—The third incendiary fire at Cedar Falls in less than a week occurred last night, by which the dry-goods and boot and shoe stores of Pitcher & Pennock, and B. Thorpe, Jr., were burned. Loss between $20,000 and $25,000; insurance about $14,000. Five men were buried in the ruins of the falling walls. Two were seriously, though, it is thought, not fatally, injured.

NEW-HAMBURG, N. Y., March 18.—The dye-house of the Dutchess Print Works, at Wappinger's Falls, was destroyed by fire this morning. Loss $50,000, partially insured. The origin of the fire is not known. Between 600 and 700 persons are temporarily thrown out of employment.

MACON, GA., March 18.—A fire broke out on Cotton-avenue at 3 o'clock this morning, and destroyed twenty-five frame buildings, twelve of which were stores and shops. The loss by the fire amounts to $15,000; insurance, $800.

SHAMOKIN, Penn., March 18.—A fire occurred at 2 A. M. at the Brady Colliery, owned by Messrs. Guiterman & Gorman. The breaker was burned to the ground. The loss is heavy but is covered by insurance. The cause of the fire is unknown.

LICTON, Ont., March 18.—The steamer Quail, which was lying in Winter quarters at Northport, was burned last night. The Quail was insured for $2,500, and owned by Capt. Marden, of Northport. The cause of the fire is unknown.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., March 18.—The citizens of Frankfort have subscribed over $1,000 for the sufferers by the Lawrenceburg fire. At a meeting of the citizens, the Council of Frankfort was requested to appropriate $1,000 more.

Incendiary Fire—Five Men Buried Under Falling Walls.

DUBUQUE, Iowa, March 18.—The third incendiary fire at Cedar Falls in less than a week, occurred last night, by which the dry-goods and boot and shoe stores of Pitcher & Pennock and B. Thorpe, Jr., were burned. Loss between $20,000 and $25,000; insurance about $14,000. Five men were buried, in the ruins of the falling walls. Two were seriously, though it is thought not fatally, injured.

Fires in This City.

Yesterday morning, a fire occurred in the grocery-store of Henry Leroux, on the first floor of No. 292 West Eleventh-street, caused by an overheated stove-pipe. Damage to stock $5,000; insured for $3,000 in the Columbia Company. The building is owned by Michael McKeon; damage $500; insured.

At 2:40 yesterday morning, a fire occurred in the apartment of M. Dolanskey, in the tenement-house No. 73 Division street, causing $150 damage.

Patrolman Dunlap, of the Eighth Precinct, yesterday discovered a fire in the hallway of the house No. 94 Greene-street, owned by Mary Schultz, where it had evidently been kindled by an incendiary.

A fire occurred, yesterday afternoon, among some clothing in a bedroom on the top floor of No. 632 Eighth-avenue, occupied by Henry Taylor as a dwelling. Damage $50.

At 3:40 P. M. yesterday, a fire occurred in the frame dwelling in Ninth-avenue, near Sixty-second-street, occupied by Wm. Waltman, resulting in $500 damage to building and furniture.

MARINE DISASTERS.

Effect of the Recent Gales in the Atlantic Ocean.

HALIFAX, N. S., March 18.—The steamship Alpha, which arrived last night, sailed from St. Thomas on the 8th, and Bermuda on the 12th. She brings the mails and some passengers of the disabled steamer Niagara, bound from Bermuda to New-York. At St. Thomas business is good, and is improving. Freight is offering actively for vessels to the Southern ports of the United States, and thence to Great Britain and the Continent. The health of the island is good.

Bermuda advices give a long list of damages to shipping. The steamship Niagara, the regular boat to New-York, left Bermuda on the 1st of March, and encountered a terrific gale on the 2d and 3d. Her machinery became disabled and her bulwarks stove. The ship was badly strained, and reached Bermuda on the 6th, where she was discharged and docked. It will be necessary to detain her for several days.

The brig Mary Lent, with a cargo of salt from St. Martins, put in in distress on the 21st February.

The captain and twelve of the crew of the Italian bark Anna, which foundered at sea on the 14th of February, arrived on the 6th inst. in an open boat.

The bark Menia, from Sierra Leone, bound for Boston, put in on the 9th inst. leaking badly. She lost one man, and had been three times within sixty miles of Cape Cod, but had been blown off by gales. She will discharge her cargo and repair.

The ship Charlotte, of New-York, from Leghorn, bound for Boston, with a cargo of marble in block and statues, &c., got on the north reef of Bermuda on March 10, and became a total wreck. Part of the cargo and material was saved. She had been three times off Cape Hatteras. In the terrific gales of the 3d inst. she lost her bulwarks and tiller and started her stern-post. Becoming unmanageable, leaky, and short of provisions, she bore up for Bermuda, but had no chart of these islands.

The light-house at Digby Neck was burnt on Sunday.

Shocking Murder by Four Intoxicated Men.

CHICAGO, March 18.—A gang of drunken Irishmen invaded a German ball-room in South Halstead-street at an early hour this morning, and became involved in a fight. Albert Guts was held by three Irishmen while Luke Haley drew a knife and cut his throat from ear to ear. Haley and his comrades were secured. It seems Haley was the first assaulted.

Death of Jailer Fields, of Auburn, from an Assault by Escaping Prisoners.

AUBURN, N. Y., March 18.—Jailer Fields, who was struck with a bar of iron by Perry, who, with three others, escaped from the jail in this city on Friday night last, died this morning. Only one of the escaped prisoners has been retaken. Perry is still at large. A large reward is offered for his capture, and officers are in hot pursuit.

FORTY-THIRD CONGRESS.

EXTRA SESSION.

SENATE....WASHINGTON, Tuesday, March 18, 1873.

Senator Bogy, of Missouri, said that during his absence yesterday, a memorial was presented from certain members of the Missouri Legislature asking the Senate to investigate charges of improper means, bribery, and corruption in the procurement of his election. He then proceeded to relate the circumstances under which he was elected. In that contest it was alleged money had been used, but at no time was he or his distinguished competitor charged with using money. One man, however, without political distinction, but of large fortune, was charged with having made up his mind to buy the seat. Immediately after his (Bogy's) election, a resolution was passed by the House of Representatives, for the appointment of a committee of five to inquire whether money was improperly used in the Senatorial election. After nearly one month the committee made a long report, in which it was said there was no evidence, direct or indirect, to criminate the Senator elect, (Bogy,) and fully exonerated him. The committee also found that no member of the General Assembly received money directly or indirectly to influence his vote. At his instance the committee extended the investigation, and made another report, reaffirming the first report, and asked to be discharged. This matter, it was thought, was ended, but it appeared some of the Republicans had presented a memorial to the Senate asking for an investigation. This memorial was in general terms. It did not say anything could be proved. This was a matter of great importance. Here was a State which had as bright a record and whose escutcheon was as clear of stain as any other State, and therefore he might well claim as a right, due to himself and the State, that the Senate at once take up the case. If he had any reputation for anything above another, it was that of being an honest man, and though he admitted that he was an ardent politician, he had never been charged with corruption. He did not like to be held up before the country as a man who had obtained his seat here by improper means. He could not vote to expel or retain any member of this body while he himself was subject to investigation. Under these circumstances he should suspend his functions on all such questions.

THE CALDWELL CASE.

The Senate then resumed the consideration of the Caldwell case.

Mr. Norwood, of Georgia, argued that in this case Senators should judge of the law only. They had no right to consider anything else. No partisan consideration should enter into the case. No fear as to any prospective danger to the rights of the minority should be considered. In conclusion, he said the Senate had the perfect and absolute power to declare void an election procured by bribery and fraud, and remit the matter to the State for a new election.

Mr. Thurman, of Ohio, said the result of his examination of the testimony was that the election of Mr. Caldwell was thoroughly corrupt. He had examined much evidence in his time, and never had he seen evidence so conclusive and damning as this. He found the Committee on Privileges and Elections unanimously reported the most material facts.

Mr. Carpenter replied that, as a member of the committee, he dissented from the finding of the facts, but had not time to write a dissenting report.

Mr. Thurman did not deny what the Senator said, but he found the facts in the report upon which they were called to act. If they did not turn out a man whose election was procured by fraud, or declare the seat vacant until they obtained stronger testimony, the power to do so might as well be stricken from the Constitution. The legal argument was in a narrow compass. The Senate has the power under the Constitution to judge of the election, qualifications, and returns of its members, and therefore it could not be a violation of State rights to exercise the power conferred in that instrument.

No further debate took place.

TRANSPORTATION.

Mr. Windom, of Minnesota, offered a resolution that the Committee on Transportation be authorized to sit during the recess, and report to the Senate on the subject of transportation between the interior and sea-board, with power to send for persons and papers, &c.

The Senate went into executive session, and afterward adjourned.

THE STOCK FORGERIES.

What the Cashier of the Firm Says—Mr. Oddie's Statement.

Mr. John R. Oddie, senior partner in the firm of Oddie & Austin, No. 11 Broad-street, returned from Southern New-Jersey, where he had been duck-shooting, yesterday. He received the telegrams announcing the frauds committed by his partner, on Monday, and immediately returned to New-York. A TIMES reporter called at his office yesterday. Mr. Oddie was for the moment engaged in conversation with his cousin, and Mr. Lazarus, the cashier of the firm, explained as well as possible the circumstances of the issue of forged Toledo, Wabash and Western stock. Mr. Lazarus said that as soon as Mr. Oddie left for New-Jersey, Mr. Austin began to behave rather singularly in regard to the transaction of business, taking upon himself many of the minor details about the office, which were usually attended to by himself and others. He scrutinized the bank account and check books closely, took an inventory of the contents of the safe, and would remain until after his usual hours at the office. On Friday he sent the cashier away at an early hour, and the latter found out the next morning from a boy employed in the office that four or five strange men called and remained in close consultation with him for nearly an hour. Mr. Lazarus said that on Saturday Mr. Austin seemed ill at ease, and when 100 shares of forged stock were sent in at about 2 o'clock he waited until the messenger left and then stepped out without his overcoat or cane and has not been heard from since. Mr. Lazarus said that he took every cent belonging to the firm with him, and that the total of the haul was about $50,000. This included the assets of the concern and the money which had been obtained on the forged stock. The firm was, to use Mr. Lazarus' expression, "cleaned out of its bottom dollar," and when the Sheriff called on Monday to levy upon the concern there was nothing left but the office furniture to seize. The cashier described Austin as a verdant-looking young man, with a smooth face, and a style of address as if he had just come from the country. He said that Austin must have been projecting the scheme for some time, as an examination of his accounts showed that he had drawn sums ranging from $650 to $2,000 at a time for the last few weeks, and that in this way, after the funds of the concern had mostly come into his possession, he had "spouted" the bogus stock, and cleared out. He also thought that Austin had laid his plans for a much greater swindle, as he had a very large amount of Toledo, Wabash and Western stock in his possession, which he did not try to negotiate. Mr. Oddie then being at leisure, briefly told his story of the frauds of his partner, which was much the same as that told by Mr. Lazarus. He said that he never dreamed that Austin would turn out such a scoundrel, and even as yet he found it hard to believe. Austin always appeared to be trustworthy, and, as he seemed to have good business management, many of the transactions of the firm were left in his charge. Mr. Oddie said that ever since receiving the telegrams informing him of the frauds of Austin he had been completely unnerved and hardly knew what to do or say. Austin had not only embezzled the funds of the firm, but had involved him in heavy debt, which he could not meet. The articles of copartnership, however, he was confident would fully exonerate him from any blame in the transactions of his partner, and he hoped that he would not lose his seat in the Stock Exchange.

The reporter then called upon Mr. Timpson, cashier of the Continental Bank. Mr. Timpson said that detectives were now upon the track of the criminals, and he had little doubt but that they would soon be brought to justice. He wished as little to be said as possible concerning the forgeries, as the ends of justice might be thwarted by injudicious publication of the facts in the case. He thought that there were a considerable number of persons involved in the forgeries, and that a deep-laid scheme for robbing the business community had been "nipped in the bud." The loss of the bank would not be more than $17,000. He would not say whether he considered that Mr. Oddie was in any way responsible for the frauds of his partner.

The excitement in the street yesterday in regard to the forgeries had not subsided, parties holding Toledo, Wabash and Western stock being actively engaged in scrutinizing it to satisfy themselves of its genuineness.

The New Japanese Steam-Ship Capron.

Another steam-ship has recently been built in Brooklyn for the Japanese Government. About two months ago the Karoda left Brooklyn for Japan, and in a few days from hence the Capron will follow. This new steam-ship was built by Messrs. C. & R. Poillon, at their Brooklyn yard, under the directions of David F. Baker, agent for the Japanese Government. She is named the Capron in honor of Gen. Horace Capron. Her length on the water line is 125 feet, breadth of beam 23 feet, and 11 feet depth of hold. Her machinery was designed by Mr. Charles W. Copeland, and built at the Delamater Iron-works of this City. The cylinder is thirty inches in diameter, with a stroke of thirty inches. The nominal horse-power is sixty, capable of working up to 250. The steam is supplied by one boiler, eight feet six inches by twenty feet in length, heated by two furnaces, having a pressure of forty-five pounds to the square inch. The engines are surface condensing. The screw is eight feet eight inches in diameter, and fifteen feet pitch. There is a small donkey engine on the main deck for pumping water, and for use in case of fire. The ventilation of the entire ship is excellent, and steam-pipes run through each room. An apparatus is also on board for making gas. There are an independent bilge and fire pumps on the main deck. A patent ice-freezer is kept on board to make ice while sailing in warm latitudes. The speed of the vessel will be between thirteen and fourteen knots per hour.

The Capron has some first-class state-rooms, elegantly fitted up, the carpets, drapery, &c., being of the very best material. The cabin is painted in gold and white. A large extension-table occupies the centre, and several settees are on each side. The officers' apartments are also fitted up comfortably, containing all the modern improvements and conveniences.

The vessel is clipper-rigged, carrying a square-sail of 42 feet, and has two stump topmasts. She has three boats—gig, first cutter, and dingy. The gig is a beautiful model boat, and is neatly upholstered, the back-board having the American and Japanese flags intertwined.

The Capron is built to run between the islands in the Japanese Sea. She will leave New-York about the 1st of April, and will touch at Gibraltar, Malta, Port Said, then pass through the Suez Canal, calling at Point de Galle, Singapore, and Hong Kong on her voyage to Yokohama. Her officers are as follows: Captain, Alfred Everson; First-Lieutenant, J. T. Prentiss; Second Lieutenant, W. A. Hynard; Chief Engineer, H. W. Rowland; First Assistant, Isaac Fuhr; Second Assistant, W. L. McKay; Surgeon, F. Kappes.

CHAMBER OF COMMERCE.

Proceedings Yesterday—Resolutions as to the Sound Boats.

A special meeting of the Chamber of Commerce was held yesterday afternoon, for the purpose of reconsidering the resolution passed at the last meeting, in favor of compelling the sound steamers to land above Corlear's Hook, East River.

The President, Wm. E. Dodge, occupied the chair.

Mr. George W. Dow moved a reconsideration of the resolution, which was adopted.

Mr. Dow then proceeded to state his reasons for voting for the resolutions. He had learned that there were twenty ferries, carrying daily a half a million of people between New-York City and Brooklyn and New-Jersey, and the Eastern boats were a source of constant anxiety to the proprietors and a cause of terror to the passengers. The distance from Corlear's Hook around, by way of the Battery, to the landing of the Sound boats is about four miles, while the distance across the City is but two miles, and merchants could get their freight across quite as cheap. A vote of those interested along East River would be largely in favor of stopping the boats above Corlear's Hook.

Mr. Chittenden spoke against the restriction. It would be unwise to underrate the dangers on East River, yet for thirty or forty years these boats had been running without a single accident of the kind suggested in the reports, while almost every day there were collisions between the ferry and the tugboats. There was more danger in crossing Broadway at Fulton-street than there was on East River from the Sound boats, and it would be about as sensible for the Legislature to prohibit omnibuses to come below Canal-street, on Broadway, as it would be to interdict the passage of Sound boats below Corlear's Hook, in East River. Of the 750 members of the board, he was sure there could not be found twenty to vote in favor of Mr. Blunt's resolutions. One house alone on the west side received in one year 56,957 packages by these lines, and the same house shipped in one month by the same lines 9,612 cases of cotton. The Norwich line alone delivers 50,000 tons of freight daily, and at a moderate estimate, at least 500,000 tons are landed daily by all the Eastern lines, on the west side of the city, which Mr. Blount's resolution would have landed on the east side. The higher law of commercial necessity would overrule any such legislation.

S. A. Bunce favored the rescinding of the resolution and the adoption of the minority report. The danger from the Sound steamers could be avoided by waiting ten or twelve minutes before crossing on the ferry-boats at the time of day the steamers pass. He moved to amend the resolution of the last meeting by striking out the word "majority" and substituting the word "minority," which would adopt that report.

Mr. Elliott F. Shepard regretted that Mr. Blunt was not present to advocate his measure. He gave reasons why in his opinion it should be adopted, one of which was, that it would do more than anything else to forward the consummation of rapid transit, up and down, as well as across and around the City. The speaker intimated that the opponents of the resolution had packed the meeting to defeat them.

Mr. Chittenden presented a protest signed by 147 merchants, of the representative commercial firms of the City against the measure.

The question on the adoption of the minority report was then put and carried by a large majority.

Mr. Chittenden then offered the following resolution, which was unanimously adopted:

Resolved, That in the opinion of the Chamber of Commerce of the State of New-York, any legislation tending to prevent the regular lines of steamers coming to this City by Long Island Sound and through East River, below Corlear's Hook, to North River piers, is uncalled for, and will prove seriously detrimental to the commercial and mercantile interests of the City.

The meeting then adjourned.

A THREATENED RIOT.

Apprehensions of a Conflict Between Irish and Italian Workmen.

Capt. McDonnell, of the Thirty-first Precinct, received information from a trustworthy source, on Monday, to the effect that a plan had been formed by the Irish laborers, who had during last Fall been employed on the Boulevards, to attack and drive off the gangs of Italians who since the opening of Spring have been employed there on the excavations. When the Spring opened the Irish laborers, who were waiting to be again employed at their former occupation, were surprised to find that a large number of Italians were at work, while they (the Irish) were allowed to remain idle. This so enraged them that they determined to make an attack upon the Italians and "clean" them out. The Italians, it has been ascertained, were not in the employ of the City authorities, but are at labor for a contractor, who is engaged in excavating for a sewer in the neighborhood of Eighty-fifth-street. He states that the unskilled labor of the Italians is better and cheaper than that of the Irish, as they work steadier and for less compensation, and he therefore employed large numbers of them. Capt. McDonnell also learned that the attack was to be made yesterday morning, and he accordingly reported to Superintendent Kelso. The latter official at once took the necessary steps to prevent the anticipated attack. Orders were issued for the whole force of the Twenty-second, Thirtieth, Thirty-first, Thirty-second, Twenty-third, and Twelfth Precincts to be placed on duty at midnight on Monday, and to remain on duty until further instructions. At daylight yesterday morning, a large force of police was concentrated at the Thirty-first Precinct Station-house, in One Hundredth-street, and everything was prepared to give the attaching column a warm reception. Groups of the boulevard men, many of them still reeking with liquor and scarcely recovered from the previous day's debauch, commenced collecting at an early hour in the neighborhood of Eightieth-street and Tenth-avenue, and threats of vengeance against the Italian laborers and the contractor were freely uttered. By some means the leaders learned that a large body of police was massed at the Station-house. This news considerably dampened the ardor of the boulevarders, and they dispersed without having made any demonstration against the foreigners, who were working in blissful ignorance of the plot to destroy them.

At 11 o'clock yesterday morning, all being reported quiet, the reserves were dismissed.

A Third-Avenue Car Attacked by Ruffians—Pistols Freely Used.

At 4 o'clock yesterday morning, as car No. 156, of the Third-avenue Railroad, was proceeding up-town, and when between Fourteenth and Fifteenth streets, a gang of drunken ruffians jumped on the front platform, and, without the slightest provocation, commenced abusing the driver, Lorenzo Shaw. He remonstrated with the ruffians and told them to keep quiet, but he was at once seized by the rowdies, dragged from the car, knocked down, and severely beaten about the head and body. Philip Farley, No. 43 Marion-street, conductor, and John McGuire, No. 329 East Thirty-third-street, one of the passengers, went to the assistance of the driver, and endeavored to drive off the ruffians, who were beating and kicking him in the most brutal and cowardly manner, when one of the scoundrels drew a revolver and fired several shots into the crowd. One of the bullets struck Farley on the under lip, causing a very painful though not serious wound. McGuire was also shot in the right foot. The rowdies then fled, and succeeded in making their escape. Notwithstanding the excitement caused by the fracas, and the pistol shots, no policeman made his appearance on the scene until after the mêlée. McGuire was taken to Bellevue Hospital, and Farley and Shaw to their homes. Capt. Tynan, of the Eighteenth Precinct, on being informed of what had transpired, dispatched several officers in pursuit of the rowdies, who, however, are still at large.

Highwaymen in Brooklyn—A Den Broken Up.

Patrick Ryan, of No. 93 North Fourth-street, was assaulted at the corner of North Second and Seventh streets, Williamsburg, at 1 o'clock yesterday morning by three young highwaymen, who secured his watch and chain, and other valuables. He shouted for the police, and Officers Burford and Holland pursued and caught one of the desperadoes, who gave his name as Patrick Broderick. A few minutes after another of the trio, John McDermot, was captured in the vicinity, and as soon as the pair had been safely lodged in the station-house, Officers Burford and Holland, with Detective Frost and Roundsman Travis, went to a building on Sixth-street, near North Fourth-street, which they entered, and making their way to one of the upper rooms, found four others of the gang asleep on the floor. They were taken into custody and gave their names as Thos. McDermot, Joseph Eagan, David Tweed, and Jas. Campbell. This gang is believed to be responsible for many of the recent robberies in Williamsburg. The two assailants of Mr. Ryan have been positively identified by the latter.

OUR WATER SUPPLY.

Opinions of the Board of Underwriters and Engineer Perley, of the Fire Department.

The Committee of the Common Council appointed to consider the question of increasing our present water supply, met again yesterday, Alderman Monheimer in the chair.

Mr. George T. Hope, Chairman of a special committee of the Board of Underwriters, appeared, and spoke of the conflagrations in Boston and Chicago. For fires of a like character, should they occur here, we are, he thought, quite unprepared. Mr. Hope then said that, in his opinion, and that of many eminent engineers, an engineer corps should be attached to the Fire Department, whose duty it should be to blow up buildings in the vicinity of a great fire, when necessary to stop its progress. In Boston the blowing up of buildings was done so improperly that the fire was increased instead of being staved. The object was, in blowing up a building, to cause the walls to fall inwards, and only an experienced engineer could do this. Mr. Hope then spoke of the importance of reservoirs in the lower part of the City, and of the great use that might be made of the engines on board ferry-boats. They did not want salt water if they could get fresh, but they would much rather have it than none at all. He also referred to the fact that in some of the most dangerous portions of our City, as Church-street, the water pipes are only six inches in diameter. A greater supply, he said, must be had, whether by an additional aqueduct or by other means remained to be determined. The correspondence published in THE TIMES of yesterday was referred to by Mr. Hope, and read by the clerk of the committee.

Judge Geo. W. Savage, who appeared on behalf of another Committee of the Board of Underwriters, said it might not be generally known that the amount of fire premiums paid during the last six years averaged $7,000,000 per annum. Of this amount, $5,000,000 were paid on property below Canal-street. This was an immense tax on our citizens, and anything that would reduce it must necessarily be of importance. He agreed with Mr. Hope as to the importance of having a skilled corps of engineers to blow up buildings in case of large conflagrations, and spoke of the services rendered by Gen. Sheridan in Chicago. He did not agree with Mr. Hope, however, in regard to the use of the ferry-boats in extinguishing fires. They could only assist in putting out fires along the river front. In London, policemen put out many fires before the engines came up. We had no system of that kind here. He was opposed to the use of salt water. Its introduction would be very expensive. He then spoke of the Holley system, (already described in THE TIMES,) and said he had seen it used in Binghamton and other cities with astonishing results. It was a practicable system, cheap, and always ready. It could be constructed in the lower part of the City for $300,000.

Chief-Engineer Perley, of the Fire Department, said New-York has outgrown her water-system. The mains are too small; this is particularly so in the lower part of the City. The outlets should be increased in size to three times their present diameter, which is two and a quarter inches. The hydrants, especially up-town, are too far apart. The distance between some of them is 800 feet, while the hose-carts only carry each 700 feet of hose. If a fire here should ever reach the magnitude of the Boston fire, no quantity of water would put it out. The idea of using the ferry-boats as auxiliaries, he thought to be a good one. Fire boats, built of iron, should also be constructed for the Fire Department. We use salt water now, he said, in cases of fire when it is convenient to do so. An increase of the number of our engines will probably soon be required. Our present engines, so far as size is concerned, are powerful enough. The introduction of cisterns at certain points of the city would be of great use. Had heard some very bad reports recently in regard to the Holley system. Did not know what truth there was in them.

The committee then gave notice of their intention to hold executive sessions, and adjourned to Monday next at 11 A. M.

Incendiarism in Jamaica, Long Island.

On Monday evening a bold, but fortunately unsuccessful, attempt was made by incendiaries to burn a block of wooden tenements owned by Mr. Alfred Ashmead, and situated on South-street in Jamaica village. A barn in the middle of the block was fired by them, and the flames had made considerable headway when they were discovered, and extinguished with but slight damage. Upon examining the premises, it was found that a lot of rope saturated with kerosene had been placed beneath the barn floor, and several boxes of matches half burned were lying near by. On the same evening a house owned by Mr. William Fitzgerald on the Rockaway road, corner of Smith-street, and occupied by Henry Egbers as a lager-beer saloon and dwelling, was set on fire, probably by the same gang of incendiaries, and entirely destroyed, with most of its contents, involving a loss of $5,000. Egbers at the time was absent with his family, visiting a neighbor. He states that he left the house securely fastened, and that no fires or lamps were burning. From the fact that a bureau, about the only article of furniture saved from the burning building, had the drawers broken open, with the contents gone, it is evident that the house was first robbed and then set on fire. These incendiary fires have naturally created great alarm in the village, and the fire patrol have been ordered on duty nightly.

Suicide of a School-Teacher in Newark, N. J.

A suicide occurred in Newark, on Monday night. The victim was Miss Margaret C. Lyon, aged eighteen years, a teacher in the Eighth Ward Public School. She boarded with her uncle, Mr. Samuel V. Mandeville, at No. 280 Broad-street, her permanent home being with her mother, in Jersey City. On Monday evening Mrs. Mandeville was in Miss Lyon's room, and left her at 6 o'clock to prepare tea. When the meal was ready, a young sister of Miss Lyon was sent to call her. She soon returned, saying that her sister was asleep and she could not awake her. Mrs. Mandeville then went to Miss Lyon's room, and found her lying on the bed insensible, with the blood oozing from a bullet wound in her head. Physicians were summoned, but they pronounced her case hopeless, the ball having penetrated the brain. A seven-barreled revolver, one chamber of which had been discharged, was found under the bed. No cause can be assigned for the rash act. The physicians think she may possibly live several days, but will not recover consciousness.

Controller's Receipts.

Controller Green reports the following payments in the City Treasury yesterday:

RECEIVER OF TAXES.		
From taxes and Croton water		$6,114 27
BUREAU OF ARREARS.		
From arrears of taxes, assessments, Croton water rent, and interest		$5,634 16
BUREAU OF CITY REVENUE.		
From bond and mortgage and interest	$8,551 90	
From house rent, market rent, and fees	3,211 25	$11,763 15
COLLECTOR OF ASSESSMENTS.		
From assessments		$10,668 84
Total		$34,180 22

Another Daring Robbery.

Mrs. Elida A. Larsen, of No. 5 Battery-place, was standing at the door of her residence on Sunday afternoon, when John Maloney, of No. 3 Washington-street, came up and caught her around the waist. She slapped his face, when Maloney struck her, and tore away the pocket of her dress, with her purse, containing $25. He escaped at the time, but was arrested yesterday morning by Officer Flynn, of the Twenty-seventh Precinct, and on being arraigned at the Tombs, before Judge Dowling, was held for trial in default of $2,000 bail.

MARINE COURT—TRIAL TERM—PART II.—MARCH 18.

Before Judge Gross and a Jury.

DAMAGES FOR CARELESS USE OF CROTON.

William J. H. Ballard vs. *Charles S. Baldwin.*—This was an action to recover damages for the value of goods belonging to plaintiff, alleged to have been destroyed through the carelessness of the defendant, in allowing the Croton water on his premises to run during the night. Both parties occupied the same building, the plaintiff below, the defendant above; hence the flow of the water on plaintiff's goods. Defendant denied that the injury was caused through his negligence, but that the same was the result of a leak in the roof. The evidence was very conflicting, and the jury, after deliberation, gave a verdict in favor of plaintiff for full amount claimed, $466 50.

Herbert G. Hull for plaintiff; Samuel Stevens and A. De Witt Baldwin, for defendant.

$125 DAMAGES FOR BEING RUN OVER AND LASHED WITH A WHIP.

Marx May vs. *John G. Mayer.*—This action was brought by plaintiff to recover $1,000 damages for injuries sustained by being run over by defendant's horse and wagon, in September last, in Third-avenue, near Thirty-fifth-street, as alleged, through the carelessness of the defendant. Plaintiff also claimed that after the defendant ran over him, he lashed him with his whip. The defendant alleged that the accident happened through the carelessness of the plaintiff himself, who carelessly ran under his horse before he could stop him. The defendant admitted that he struck him with the whip, but alleged that he only did so because the plaintiff struck and abused his horse, and to compel him to desist. The evidence was conflicting, and the Judge submitted the whole matter to the jury, who rendered a verdict in favor of the plaintiff for $125.

Ferdinand Kurzman for plaintiff; George Carpenter for defendant.

FINANCIAL AFFAIRS.

Sales at the Stock Exchange—MARCH 18.

SALES BEFORE THE CALL—10 A. M.

200	Pacific Mail	57	100	Erie Railway	65
500	do	57⅛	300	do	65⅛
700	do	57	1300	do s3.	65⅛
700	do s3.	57	400	Union Pacific	34⅛
100	do	57⅛	100	do c.	34⅛
800	do	57⅛	400	Boston H. & Erie.	6⅛
500	do c.	57⅛	100	do c.	6⅜
300	do	57⅛	400	do s3.	6⅜
500	do	57⅛	200	Lake Shore	93⅞
200	Western Union c.	86⅛	500	do c.	93⅞
500	do	86⅛	200	do c.	93⅞
200	do	86⅛	400	do c.	94
1900	do	86⅛	200	do	94⅛
300	do	86⅛	300	do s3.	94⅛
200	do	86⅜	700	do	94⅛
100	do b3	86⅜	500	do s3.	94
100	do c.	86⅛	500	do	94
400	do	86⅜	200	do	94⅛
300	do c.	86⅜	200	do c.	93⅞
1000	do s3.	86⅛	100	Rock Island c.	115
200	do	86⅛	400	do	115
200	do c.	86⅜	100	No.-w'st'rn Pref. c.	88⅛
100	do s3.	86⅛	100	St. Paul	56⅛
100	New Central Coal.	45⅛	100	do	56⅛
500	Consolidated Coal.	57⅛	100	St. Paul Pref.	76⅛
400	N.Y.C. & Hudson.	100⅛	200	do	76⅛
300	do	100⅛	100	Ohio & Miss. c.	45⅛
100	do	100⅛	400	do	45⅛
100	do c.	100⅛	900	do	45⅛
100	Harlem	138⅛	300	C. C. & I. C. c.	40⅛
400	do	139	200	do	40⅛
100	do	138⅜	200	do	40⅛
900	do	138			

GOVERNMENT STOCKS—10½ A. M.

$1,000	U. S. 6's, C., '81.	118⅞	$1,500	U. S. 5-20, C. '65 n.	114⅛
25,000	U. S. 5-20, R., '65.	116	10,000	U. S. 5-20, C., '67 s3.	116⅛

FIRST BOARD—10½ A. M.

$2,000	Tenn. 6s, Old	85⅛	5	St. Nicholas B'k	109
2,000	Tenn. 6s, New	85⅛	5	Cen. Nat. Bank	97⅛
6,000	do	86	10	Bank of Com	117⅛
20,000	do b60.	87	200	Consol. Coal	57⅛
6,000	Mo. 6s, H. & St. Jo. Is. b3.	91	100	do bet. call.	57⅛
5,000	C.P. & A., New.	97	100	do c.	57⅛
1,000	L. S. Con. Reg.	100	300	Harlem R. b.c.	139
7,000	C. Pac. G. Bds.	103⅛	200	do b3.	139
5,000	Un. Pac. 1st.	86⅛	100	do c.	138⅛
5,000	C. & N.W. Con.	91	100	do	138⅛
1,000	C. & N. W. Con. Coup. G. Bds.	98	200	L. S. & M. S. b.c.	94
2,000	Q. & Tol. 1st.	92	100	do	94⅛
2,000	Mor. & Es. 1st.	106	100	do b2.	94⅛
2,000	C.&R.I.& P. 7s.	102⅛	1600	do	94
1,000	O.&M.Con. S.F.	93⅛	100	do c.	93⅞
1,000	Ohio & M. 2d.	88	200	do	94
1,000	St L.&I. M. 1st.	94⅛	300	do	94⅛
3,000	M.&St.P.8s, 1st.	107	1300	do	94⅛
1,000	C., C. & I.C.1st.	91⅛	100	do	94⅛
9,000	do	91½	100	do	94
7,000	C., C. & I. C. 2d.	73	100	Panama R. b.c.	119⅛
3,000	B., H. & E. 1st.	42⅛	100	do	119
10,000	B., H. & E. Gd.	60	117	C., C. C. & Ind.	88
1,000	L. S. Div. Bds.	96⅛	25	do	88⅛
20	Am. Ex. Bank	111⅛	27	do	88⅛
5	do	111	100	Un. Pac. b.c. c.	34⅛
34	Bank of N. Am.	103⅛	100	do	34⅛
5	Continental Bank.	79	200	do	34⅛
1100	W. U. Tel. b.c. s3.	86⅛	500	do	34⅛
1000	do	86⅛	800	do	34⅛
400	do c.	86⅛	100	do b3.	35
200	do	86⅜	100	do	34⅛
400	do b3.	86⅜	100	do b3.	34⅛
300	do	86⅜	100	C. & R. I. b.c.	115⅛
100	do s3.	86⅜	100	do	115⅛
300	do c.	86⅛	100	do	115⅛
1200	do	86⅜	400	do	115
300	do c.	86⅜	100	do	115⅛
300	do	86⅜	200	do	115⅛
100	do c.	86⅜	400	do	115⅛
900	do	86⅜	5	N. Jer. Cen.	106
1300	do	86⅜	400	Mil. & St. P. b.c.	56⅛
105	Del. & H. Canal	119	600	do	56⅛
52	do	118⅛	100	do	56⅛
100	do b.c. b3.	119	800	do	57
100	Canton Coal b.c.	100	100	do	57⅛
100	Pacific Mail s3.	57⅛	100	do c.	57⅛
100	do b.c. s3.	57⅛	100	do	56⅛
600	do	57⅛	100	T., W. & W. b.c.	73⅛
300	do c.	57⅛	200	M. & St. P. Pref. b.c. b30.	76⅛
900	do	57⅛	200	do b30.	76⅛
1300	do	57⅛	100	do b3.	76⅛
1300	do	57⅛	100	do	76⅛
100	do s3.	57⅛	200	B., H. & E. b.c.	7
300	do c.	57⅛	400	D., L. & West.	101⅛
1100	do	57⅛	100	Chi. & Alt.	111
1800	do	57⅛	135	Chi., B. & Q.	112
100	do b3.	57⅛	200	Mor. & Essex.	90⅛
400	do	57⅛	100	Miss., K. & T.	35
100	do	57⅛	200	St. L., K. C. & N., Pref. b.c.	60⅛
200	do	57⅛	300	O. & Miss. b.c.	45⅛
8	do b3.	58	400	do	45⅛
20	N. Y. Cen. & H.	100⅛	200	do c.	45⅛
500	do bet. call.	101	200	do s3.	45⅛
100	do c.	101	300	C., C. & I. C. b.c.	40⅛
400	do	101⅛	200	do s3.	40⅛
100	do b3.	101⅛	200	do	40⅛
100	do	101⅛	700	do	40⅛
900	do	101⅛	500	do	40⅛
500	do	101	25	American Ex.	69
100	Erie Railroad	65⅛	5	Adams Ex.	95
			5	Mich. Cen.	108
			100	Penn. Coal.	220

SECOND BOARD—1 P. M.

$20,000	Tenn. 6s, n. b3.	86	100	Harlem	138⅛
5,000	U. P. 7s, L. G.	78	100	do	138
1,000	C.& R.I.& P 7s.	102⅛	200	do b3.	138
3,000	do	[illegible]	200	do bet. call.	138⅛
5,000	B., H. & E. 1st.	42⅛	1300	L.S. & M.So. b.c.	93⅞
5,000	do	42⅛	100	do b30.	94⅛
10,000	C., C. & I. C. 2d.	73⅛	100	do c.	93⅞
20,000	Erie 4th	101	700	do	93⅞
9,000	Gt. West. 1st, '88.	94⅛	500	do b5.	93⅞
7,000	O.& M.Con.S.F.	93⅛	300	Panama	120
25	St. Nicholas Bank.	109	300	do bet. call.	120
100	Con. Coal of Md. b.c.	57⅛	100	Union Pac. b. c. s3.	34⅛
200	N. Cen. Coal b.c.	45⅛	100	Chic. & N. W. Pf. bet. call. b30.	89
300	W. Un. Tel. b. c.	86⅛	155	C., C. C. & I.	88⅛
600	do	86⅛	200	Chic. & R. I. b.c.	114⅛
100	do s3.	86⅛	200	do	115
600	do	86⅛	100	Mil. & St. P. b.c.	56⅛
100	Mar. L. & M. b. c.	14⅛	500	do	56⅛
50	do	16	300	do b3.	57
200	Pac. Mail S. Co. b.c.	57⅛	200	do	57
800	do	57⅛	7	P., Ft. W. & C. g'd.	95
100	do c.	57⅛	300	Del., L. & West.	101⅛
10	N. Y., C. & H.	101	306	B., H. & E. b.c.	7
100	do bet. call.	100⅛	200	Chi. & Alton	110⅛
100	do b3.	100⅛	100	Chi. & Alton Pref.	112⅛
500	do	100⅛	300	C., C. & I. C. b.c.	40⅛
400	Erie Railroad b.c.	65⅛			

GOVERNMENT STOCKS—12½ AND 2½ P. M.

$3,000	U. S. 6s R., '81.	118⅛	18,000	U. S. 5-20 C., '67.	116⅛
3,000	U. S. 6s C., '81.	119	5,000	do	116⅛
9,000	U. S. 5-20 C., '65.	116⅛	100,000	U. S. 5-20 C., '68 bet. call.	116⅛
1,000	U. S. 5-20 R., '67.	115			

SALES BEFORE THE CALL—12½ O'CLOCK.

100	Consol Coal	57⅛	200	Rock Island	115⅛
100	Western Un. b3.	86⅛	500	do	115⅛
200	do	86⅛	100	do s3.	115
200	Pacific Mail	57⅛	600	do	115
500	do	57⅛	500	do c.	114⅛
700	N. Y. C. & Hud.	101	100	do b3.	115
200	do	100⅛	200	do	114⅛
200	Erie Railroad	65⅛	200	North-western	81⅛
200	Lake Shore c.	93⅛	400	Ohio & Miss.	45⅛
200	do	93⅛	100	do	45⅛
1200	do	93⅞	500	St. Paul Pf	76
100	Panama	120	100	B., H. & E. s3.	7
100	do s3.	120	100	do	6⅞
100	Union Pacific b2.	34⅛			
500	St. Paul	57			

SALES FROM 2½ TO 4 P. M.

100	West. Union b3.	86⅛	100	Consol. Coal	57
100	do	86⅛	100	Lake Shore	93⅛
100	do b3.	86⅛	400	do	94
1000	do	86⅛	2000	do	93⅛
500	do	86⅛	100	Panama	121
200	Pacific Mail b3.	57⅛	100	do	121⅛
300	do	57⅛	100	do s3.	120
400	do	57⅛	100	Han. & St. Jo. c.	44⅛
1100	do	57⅛	800	Union Pacific	34⅛
800	do	57⅛	200	do b3.	34⅛
100	do	57⅛	100	do	34⅛
900	do	57⅛	200	do b3.	34⅛
100	do	57⅛	300	St. Paul	57
500	N.Y.C.& H.R.	101	300	do	56⅛
500	do	100⅛	300	do	56⅛
100	do	100⅛	400	do	56⅛
100	do	100⅛	300	Rock Island	115
200	Harlem	138⅛	500	do	115⅛
200	do	138⅛	50	do	115
100	do	138⅛	400	B., H. & E.	7
400	do	138⅛	300	do	6⅞
300	Erie Railroad	65⅛	400	do	6⅞
1600	do	65	100	C., C. & I. C.	40⅛
200	do s3.	64⅛	200	Chicago & Alton	111
100	do	64⅛	500	do	112
1200	do	64⅛	200	do b3.	112
200	do s3.	64⅛	100	Chic. & Alton Pf.	113⅛
900	do	64⅛	100	Ohio & Miss.	45⅛
1000	do	65	800	do	45⅛

TUESDAY, March 18—P. M.

The sales of Gold to-day were 115¼@115⅜@115¼@115⅜ ℘ cent. The market was strong on the new upward speculation, but the movement is costing the *Bull* party very full rates of interest for carrying over the Cash Gold not wanted on the street to settle outstanding contracts. And late in the day the urgent demand for Money from the Stock Exchange, as well as the Gold Room, caused the Gold quotation to fall to 115⅛@115⅜ ℘ cent.

The Foreign Exchanges are less firm than yesterday. The sales of 60 days London are at 108 ℘ cent. net to 107¾ ℘ cent. less a small brokerage. The market is reported by most of the Foreign Bill Brokers at the close of business for Wednesday's steamer. The active demand for Money was not without its influence on Bills as upon Gold.

The Brokers paid for Money to carry over Stocks and Gold 1@2 ℘ cent. per month, (or, a thirty-second to a sixteenth of one ℘ cent. for the day,) and there was some trouble at the close of Bank hours to make arrangements within these terms. We hear of transactions as high as an eighth of one ℘ cent. over night. These long-continued extravagant rates are a puzzle to the Street. The clique speculators on the Share list have barely paid them for several months past, and most of the Railroad Stocks and Western Telegraph have been well supported under this, apparently, exhaustive operation. The effect upon the outside public, however, we apprehend, has been to restrain orders to the Stock Exchange on mere speculative account. In the last day or two the volume of business on the Share list is scarcely up to the average of late. The market at 4 o'clock closed as noted in the table of prices below, the changes from yesterday being comparatively unimportant.

Closing Quotations—MARCH 18.

	Monday.	Tuesday.
United States New 5s	113⅞	113¾
U. S. 5-20s, May and November	116⅞	117
U. S. 5-20s, January and July	116⅞	117
American Gold	115⅞	115⅛
Bills on London, 60 days	108⅛	108
N. Y. Central and Hudson	100⅞	100⅞
Chicago and Rock Island	115	115
Pacific Mail	56⅞	57⅛
St. Paul Preferred	75⅞	76
St. Paul Common	56⅛	56⅞
Ohio and Mississippi	45⅛	45⅛
Western Union Telegraph	85⅞	86⅛
Erie	65⅛	64⅞
Union Pacific	34⅛	34⅛
Lake Shore	93⅞	93⅛
C., C. and Indiana Central	40⅞	40⅞
Toledo and Wabash	73⅛	73⅛

The general Share speculation at the close of the day was dull and prices irregular, but quotations upon the whole rather higher than on Monday night. Gold, 115¼@115⅜.

UNITED STATES TREASURY,
NEW-YORK, March 18, 1873.

Gold receipts	$601,108 71
Gold payments	44,354 37
Gold balance	39,577,427 52
Currency receipts	359,456 44
Currency payments	746,494 68
Currency balance	19,195,351 96
Customs	555,000 00

The last prices for the various Public Funds of the United States are as follows:

6 ℘ cent., reg., '81	116⅛	5-20 coup., n. i., '65	115⅛
6 ℘ cent. coup., '81	119	5-20 reg., '67	115
5-20 reg., '62	116⅛	5-20 coup., '67	117
5-20 coup., '62	116⅛	5-20 reg., '68	115
5-20 reg., '64	116⅛	5-20 coup., '68	116⅛
5-20 coup., '64	116⅛	10-40 reg.	110⅛
5-20 reg., '65	116⅛	10-40 coup.	111
5-20 coup., '65	117	5s coup., '81	113⅛
5-20 reg., n. i., '65	114⅛	6s Currency	113⅛

The market left off very firm. There was only a moderate offering of Bonds of any description, and buyers were ready, at the close, to pay outside figures for round parcels.

The following bids were made at the Exchange Board to-day for the Railroad Mortgages:

N. Y. Cen. 6s, '83	94⅛	B., C. R. & M. 1st 7s, Gd.	89⅛
N. Y. Cen 6s, '87	92	H. & St. Jo. L. G'ts	101⅛
N. Y. Cen. 6s, R. Est.	87	Del., L. & W. 1st	102⅛
N. Y. Cen. 6s, Sub'n	87	Del., L. & W. 2d	95
N. Y. Cen. 7s, '76	100	T. & W. 1st, St. L. D.	89
Erie 1st, Extended	103	Tol. & Wab. 2d	93⅛
Erie 1st, Indorsed	98	Tol. & Wab. Eq. bds.	85
Erie 2d 7s, '79	100	Tol. & Wab. C's C'le.	87
Erie 3d 7s, '83	98	Han. & Naples 1st	87
Erie 4th 7s, '80	99	Gt. West. 1st, '88	94
Erie 5th 7s, '88	98	Gt. West. 2d, '83	89
Erie 7s, C. M. G. bds.	97	Gal. & Chic. Ext.	101
Long Dock bds.	95	Gal. & Chic. 2d	98
B., N. Y. & E. 1st, '77.	94	Chic., R. I. & Pac.	102⅛
H. R. 7s 2d S. F., '85	104	Morris & Essex 1st	106
H. R. 7s 3d S. F., '75	101	Morris & Essex 2d	97
Harlem 1st 7s	102	N. J. Cen. 1st, new	102⅛
Harlem C.M.& S.F.6s.	90	N. J. So. 1st 7s	74
Alb. & Susq. 2d bds.	98	P., F. W. & C. 1st	105⅛
Alb. & Susq. 3d bds.	93⅛	P., F. W. & C. 3d	95⅛
Chic., B. & Q. 8s 1st	109⅛	F., F. W. & C. 8s, p.c.c. bs.	97
Mich. So. 7s 2d	98⅛	Cleve. & Pitts. 2d	98⅛
M. So. & N. I. S. F. 7s.	104	Cleve. & Pitts. 3d	98
Cleve. & Tol. S. F.	101	Cleve. & Pitts. 4th	85⅛
Cleve. & Tol. N. bds.	95	Chic. & Alt. Sg. F.	100
C., P. & A. O. bds.	97⅛	Chic. & Alt. 1st	103
C., P. & A. N. bds.	96⅛	Ohio & Miss. C. Sg. F.	93⅛
Detroit, M. & T. bds.	96⅛	Ohio & Miss. Cons.	92⅛
Buff. & Erie N. bds.	98⅛	Ohio & Miss. 2d Cons.	88
Lake Shore Div. bds.	95	Dub. & S. City 1st	92
Lake Shore C. R. bds.	99⅛	St. L. & I. M. 1st	94⅛
Pac. R. 7s G'd by Mo.	97	M. & S. P. 1st 8s, P. D.	106⅛
Cen. P. St. Aid bds.	111⅛	M. & S. P. 1st, I. & M. D.	86
West. Pac. bds.	94⅛	M. & S. P. 2d, C. & M.	84
Un. Pac. 1st bds.	86	Mar. & Cin. 1st	91
Un. Pac. L. G. 7s	77⅛	Joliet & Chic. 1st	104⅛
Un. Pac. Inc. 10s	70⅛	Col., C. & I. C. 1st	91⅛
Ill. Cen. 7s, '75	104	Col., C. & I. C. 2d	73
B. & S. I. 1st 8s	96	Tol., P. & W., E. D.	91⅛
Alton & T. H. 1st	99	Tol., P. & W., W. D.	88⅛
Alton & T. H. 2d Inc.	81	Tol., P. & W., B. Div.	83
Chic. & N. W. S. F.	98	Tol., P. & W. Cons. 7s.	70
Chic. & N. W. C. bds.	90⅛	Bost., H. & E. 1st 7s.	42⅛
Chic. & N. W. E. bds.	90	Bost., H. & E. G'd	60
Chic. & N. W. 1st	98⅛	Cedar F. & Minn. 1st.	79
C. & N. W. C. G. bds.	96		

The promotion by the President of Hon. W. A. Richardson, for four years past the First Assistant Secretary of the Treasury, to a seat in the Cabinet, as Secretary, has been followed by the appointment of Hon. F. A. Sawyer, late United States Senator from South Carolina, to the Assistant Secretaryship vacated by Judge Richardson. Mr. Sawyer is a gentleman of finished education and sound practical experience, and he was indorsed to the President for this appointment by nearly all his Republican colleagues of the Senate, and by numerous other representative men of the party in various sections of the country.

The Chicago, Danville, and Vincennes Company announce the payment on the 1st of April, at their office, No. 38 Pine-street, of the Half-Yearly Coupon on their first Mortgage Bonds.

The week's exports of Domestic Produce have been to the currency value of $4,068,273.

We call attention to the advance in price of the First Mortgage Seven per cent. Gold Bonds of the Jacksonville, North-western, and South-eastern Railway, of Illinois, to 90 and accrued interest. The total amount issued will be $2,500,000, on completed road only, at the rate of $20,000 per mile.

BANKING AND FINANCIAL.

OFFICE OF FISK & HATCH,
No. 5 NASSAU-ST., NEW-YORK, March 19, 1873.

☞ The SIX PER CENT. GOLD BONDS of the CHESAPEAKE AND OHIO RAILROAD Company, being secured by a First Mortgage on a COMPLETED Road, which is one of the GREAT EAST AND WEST TRUNK LINES, commanding a large through business, and which, from the immense Mineral, Agricultural, and other valuable resources of the country it traverses, is assured of a very remunerative local traffic, are among the most substantial and satisfactory investment securities in the market; and, at the present price, 87½ and accrued interest, yield a liberal rate of interest on their cost.

They are in denominations of $100, $500, and $1,000; coupon or registered; interest payable May and November; principal and interest in gold coin in New-York.

We also keep on hand, and buy and sell at current market rates, the WESTERN PACIFIC SIX PER CENT. GOLD BONDS originally negotiated by us, and now quoted at the Stock Exchange, and widely known as favorite securities in all the principal money markets. Coupon Bonds of $1,000; interest payable January and July; principal and interest payable in gold in New-York. Price to-day, 94¾ to 95.

We also buy and sell GOVERNMENT and CENTRAL PACIFIC BONDS, receive deposits, on which we allow interest, make collections, and do a general banking business.

FISK & HATCH.

TO INVESTORS.

To those who wish to REINVEST COUPONS OR DIVIDENDS, and those who wish to INCREASE THEIR INCOME from means already invested in other less profitable securities, we recommend the Seven-Thirty Gold Bonds of the Northern Pacific Railroad Company as well secured and unusually productive.

The bonds are always convertible at Ten per cent. premium (1.10) into the Company's Lands at Market Prices. The Rate of Interest (seven and three-tenths per cent. gold) is equal now to about 8¼ currency—yielding an income more than one-third greater than United States 5-20s. Gold Checks for the semi-annual interest on the Registered Bonds are mailed to the Post-office address of the owner. All marketable stocks and bonds are received in exchange for Northern Pacifics ON MOST FAVORABLE TERMS.

JAY COOKE & CO.

☞ THE COMPLETION OF THE HOUSTON AND TEXAS CENTRAL RAILROAD was accomplished on the 11th inst., thus forming a through route by rail from Galveston to New-York.

The negotiation of the $10,000,000 First Mortgage 7 per cent. GOLD BONDS is nearly closed, less than $500,000 remaining, which can be had at 90 and interest, in currency, of

JOHN J. CISCO & SON,
No. 59 Wall-st.

☞ CAIRO & FULTON RAILROAD COMPANY'S FIRST MORTGAGE SINKING FUND LAND GRANT BONDS for sale at 90 and accrued interest. Only a limited number unsold. The Road rapidly approaching completion. The Bonds are THE ONLY LIEN upon ROAD, EQUIPMENT, 1,926,400 ACRES LAND and all other property of the Company. The land sales average over $5 per acre.

H. G. MARQUAND, No. 120 Broadway.

☞ BURLINGTON, CEDAR RAPIDS AND MINNESOTA RAILWAY.
MILWAUKEE EXTENSION
FIRST MORTGAGE CONVERTIBLE SINKING FUND GOLD SEVEN PER CENT. BONDS, FOR SALE AT 90, AND RECOMMENDED AS AN UNDOUBTED SECURITY BY
HENRY CLEWS & CO.,
NO. 32 WALL-ST.

BANKING AND FINANCIAL.

BANKING-HOUSE OF
HENRY CLEWS & CO.,
NO. 32 WALL-ST., NEW-YORK.

Deposit accounts of mercantile firms and individuals received; all facilities and accommodations granted usual with City banks; in addition thereto four per cent. interest allowed on all daily balances.

Bills of exchange drawn on England, Ireland, Scotland, and the Continent. Travelers' and mercantile credits issued available throughout the world.

☞ FOR SALE—MORRIS AND ESSEX RAILroad seven per cent. mortgage bonds, principal and interest guaranteed by the Delaware, Lackawanna, and Western Railroad Company.

WOOD & DAVIS,
Bankers and Dealers in Railroad Bonds, No. 31 Pine-st.

☞ THE EIGHT PER CENT. (Quarterly interest,) First Mortgage Gold Bonds of the Logansport, Crawfordsville and South-Western Railway of Indiana, offered for sale by Messrs. JONES & SCHUYLER, No. 12 Pine-st., yield the largest income of any first-class Railway Security on the market.

THE STATE OF TRADE.

CHICAGO, March 18.—Flour dull and unchanged. Wheat dull and unsettled, but closed a shade firmer at a decline; sales of No. 1 Spring at $1 25; No. 2 do., $1 19, cash; $1 19¾, seller April; $1 23¾, seller May; No. 3 do., $1 06½@$1 06¾ for Regular; $1 08@$1 08¾ for Fresh; Rejected, 91c.@92c. Corn dull and drooping; sales of No. 2 Mixed at 31½c. cash; 31¾c., seller April; 35½c.@35¾c., seller May; Rejected, 28c. Oats dull and declining at 25¾c.@26¼c. for No. 2; 23¾c. for Rejected. Rye firm and scarce at 64c.@65c. for No. 2. Barley higher and in fair demand at 73c.@75c. for No. 2 Fall; 60c.@62c. for No. 3. Provisions dull and unsettled. Pork lower, nominally $14 37½@$14 50, cash; sales at $14 50@$14 59, seller April; $14 90@$15, seller May, closing dull at inside prices. Lard firm and in fair demand; sales at $8 05@$8 10, seller May, quoted at $7 87½@$7 90, cash. Bulk Meats quiet and unchanged; no sales. Bacon steady; sales of Clear-rib Sides at 8½c., packed. Whisky firm at 87c. Receipts—8,000 bbls. Flour, 33,000 bushels Wheat, 70,000 bushels Corn, 43,000 bushels Oats, 2,000 bushels Rye, 13,000 bushels Barley. Shipments—6,000 bbls. Flour, 14,000 bushels Wheat, 49,800 bushels Corn, 22,000 bushels Oats, and 14,000 bushels Barley.

LOUISVILLE, March 18.—Tobacco very firm and higher; sales, 200 hhds. Flour quiet; Extra Family, $7 25; A No. 1, $8; Fancy, $9 25. Wheat in good demand and firm; dealers paying $1 75@$1 80 for Red and Amber. Corn quiet and unchanged. Pork steady at $15 50@$16. Bacon easy; Shoulders, 6¾c.; Clear Rib Sides, 8¾c.@8⅞c.; Clear Sides, 9c., all packed. Bulk Meats easy; Shoulders, 5¼c.@5¾c.; Clear Rib Sides, 7¾c.@7⅞c.; Clear Sides, 7¾c.; Hams, 10c., all loose; ¾c. higher packed. Hams firm; active shipping demand; Sugar-cured, 13¼c.; Plain, 13c.; fancy, 14c. Lard firm; choice Leaf tierces, 8¾c.@9c.; kegs, 9¼c.@10c.; steam, 8c.@8¼c.; order lots ¼c.@½c. higher. Whisky, 88c.@89c.

TOLEDO, March 18.—Flour dull and unchanged. Wheat dull and lower; Extra White Michigan, $1 90; No. 1 White Michigan, $1 80; Amber Michigan, spot, $1 64½; April, $1 66; May, $1 70; No. 1 Red, $1 67½; No. 2 Red, $1 65; No. 3 Red, $1 55; Rejected, $1 38. Corn steady; High Mixed, 39¼c.; Low Mixed, 38¾c.; Yellow, 40¼c.; White, 41c.; no grade, 37½c.; damaged, 34c. Oats quiet and unchanged; No. 2, 33¼c.; Rejected, 31c. Clover-seed, $4 70; Mammoth, $5 25. Dressed Hogs, $5 50@$5 75. Receipts—1,000 bbls. Flour, 5,000 bushels Wheat, 14,000 bushels Corn, 1,000 bushels Oats. Shipments—1,000 bbls. Flour, 5,000 bushels Wheat, 13,000 bushels Corn, 3,000 bushels Oats.

BALTIMORE, March 18.—Cotton heavy and quiet; Low Middling, 17¾c.@18c. Flour unchanged and steady. Wheat dull; choice White, $2 05@$2 10; fair to prime do., $1 80@$2; choice Amber, $2@$2 05; good to prime Red, $1 85@$1 95; common to fair do., $1 60@$1 80; Red Western, $1 65@$1 80; Amber do., $1 85@$1 95. Corn steady; Southern White, 62c.@63c.; Yellow do., 58c.; Mixed Western dull at 58½c. Oats unchanged and dull. Rye quiet at 80c.@90c. Hay unchanged. Provisions less firm; market quiet and nominally unchanged. Western Butter steady and unchanged. Whisky firmer; held at 91c.

PHILADELPHIA, March 18.—Clover-seed dull at $8@$9; other Seeds unchanged. No. 1 Quercitron Bark, $32 50. Coffee active; Laguayra, 19c. Sugar unchanged. Molasses unchanged. Petroleum dull; Crude, 12¾c.@13c.; Refined, 18c. Flour quiet and steady; absence of business for want of stock; Superfine, $4 50@$5 25; Extras, $6; Pennsylvania, Indiana, and Ohio Extra Family, $8 25@$9 25. Wheat active for prime; other grades dull; Red, $1 94@$1 96; White, $2 10@$2 30. Rye unchanged. Corn firm; Yellow, 59c.@61c.; White, 65c. Oats unchanged. Whisky, 91c.

OSWEGO, March 18.—Flour steady; sales of 1,500 bbls. at $8 75 for No. 1 Spring; $9 75 for Amber Winter; $10 50 for White Winter; $11 for Double Extra. Wheat scarce and firm; sales of two cars White State at $1 90@$2. Corn quiet; sales of car lots at 60c. Oats dull; sales of 700 bushels State at 52c. Barley advanced 1c.; sales of 17,600 Bay Quinte at $1 11. Corn-meal sold at $1 40 for bolted, and $1 25 for unbolted. Mill-feed unchanged at $21 for Shorts, $22 for Shipstuffs, and $23 for Middlings, ℘ ton. Railroad Freights—Flour to Philadelphia, 60c.; to Boston, 72c.; to New-York, 62c.; to Albany, 54c.

CINCINNATI, March 18.—Flour dull and lower, $7 75@$7 90. Wheat quiet at $1 70@$1 72. Corn quiet at 39c.@40c. Rye quiet at 80c.@82c. Oats quiet at 30c.@38c. Barley quiet and unchanged. Butter in fair demand. Provisions dull. Pork held at $15 25; $15 bid. Lard dull and nominal; Steam, 7¾c.; Kettle, 8c.@8¼c. Bulk Meats quiet and weak; Shoulders, 5¾c.; Clear Rib Sides, 7¼c.@7¾c.; Clear Sides, 7⅞c. Bacon quiet; Shoulders, 6¾c.; Clear Rib Sides, 8¼c.@8⅜c.; Clear Sides, 8¾c. Whisky steady at 88c.

DETROIT, March 18.—Flour dull and unchanged; Extra and No. 1 neglected; No. 1 White October, $1 85; Amber Michigan, $1 65. Corn steady, at 42c.@42½c. Oats dull and lower at 35½c. Clover-seed, $5 10@$5 15. Receipts—2,000 bbls. Flour, 5,000 bushels Wheat, 8,000 bushels Corn, 4,000 bushels Oats. Shipments—4,000 bushels Wheat, 5,000 bushels Corn.

MILWAUKEE, March 18.—Flour quiet and unchanged. Wheat steady; No. 1, $1 27; No. 2, $1 19¾. Oats steady; No. 2, 26¾c. Corn firm and scarce; No. 2 Mixed, 35¾c. Rye in fair demand and lower; No. 1, 65c. Barley steady. Receipts—1,000 bbls. Flour, 43,000 bushels Wheat. Shipments—3,000 bbls. Flour, 3,000 bushels Wheat.

CLEVELAND, March 18.—Flour dull and unchanged. Wheat very dull; No. 1 Winter Red offered freely at $1 68; No. 2 Red, $1 63; sales, 2,000 bushels No. 2 Red, to arrive, at $1 62. Corn dull at 43c.@44c. Oats steady; to arrive, at 38c. Petroleum firm; car lots, 15¼c.; Ohio State legal test, 24c.@24¼c.

ALBANY, N. Y., March 18.—Wheat—Market still dull. Rye lower and dull. Corn steady, with moderate demand; sales of 2 cars Western Mixed at 69c. Barley firm; Six Rowed in good demand; sales of 7,000 bushels Bay Quinte on private terms, and Two-rowed State at 80c. Oats dull and neglected.

WILMINGTON, N. C., March 18.—Spirits of Turpentine dull at 53c. Resin unsettled at $2 65@$2 70 for Strained. Crude Turpentine declining at $2 75 for Hard, and $4 50 for Yellow Dip and Virgin. Tar lower at $2 32½@$2 35.

MEMPHIS, March 18.—Flour quiet and unchanged. Corn in good demand at 61c. Oats dull and unchanged at 46c.@47c. Bulk Meats quiet and unchanged. Bacon quiet and unchanged. Lard firm at 8¾c.@10c. Pork firm at $16 50.

LAW REPORTS.

COURT CALENDARS—THIS DAY.

ALBANY, N. Y., March 18.—Calendar of the Commission of Appeals for Wednesday: Nos. 118, 24½, 115, 119, 125, 126, 130, 131, 133, 1, 100, 104, 112, 113, 114. Adjourned until 10 A. M., March 19.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT—In Admiralty.—63, Brown vs. Loud; 42, Johnson et al. vs. Steam-tug U. S. Grant; 55, Graham vs. Bark New-York; 22, Ahrens vs. Moller; 23, Rees vs. Schooner S. T. King; 24, Baker vs. Ship Chillian Wallah; 20, Tompkins vs. Steam-boat Syracuse.

SUPREME COURT—CIRCUIT—Part I.—Held by Barrett, J.—Court opens at 10½ A. M.—483, Sheldon vs. O'Brien, Sheriff; 957, Diossy vs. Milderberger; 1821, Jones et al. vs. The Mayor, &c.; 913½, Barnard vs. Roberts; 1305, Wilkins vs. Heins et al.; 1011½, Rusk vs. Marston; 1905, Adams vs. The Mayor, &c.; 707, Claflin et al. vs. The Louisiana National Bank; 781, Kirchaffer vs. Oulway; 809, Hays vs. The Mayor, &c.; 1049, Claflin et al. vs. Rennie; 335, Voorhees et al. vs. Olmstead et al.; 339, Tobias vs. Manley et al.; 913, Bennett vs. O'Brien, Sheriff; 1382, Duryee vs. O'Brien, Sheriff; 383, Gunarasse vs. Strauss; 757, Peck et al. vs. Salomon et al.; 745, Hughes et al. vs. Wetzel; 879½, Van Riper vs. Tweed, Jr.; 1431, Dwell vs. Conklin.

SUPREME COURT—CIRCUIT—Part II.—Held by Van Brunt, J.—Court opens at 10½ A. M.—168, Swords vs. Edgar; 776, Harris vs. The Equitable Life Insurance Company; 1214, Hays vs. Cunningham; 18 6, O'Donnell vs. The Mayor; 598, Moore vs. The Mayor; 1066, Elmore vs. The East New-York and Jamaica Railroad Company; 380, Maguire vs. Fardy et al.; 1064, Waymouth vs. Dernack; 1130, Lewis et al. vs. Dittenhoefer; 592½, Underhill vs. The Mayor; 1084½, Nathan et al. vs. The Mayor; 1822, Powers vs. The Mayor; 2254, Hallowell vs. The Mayor; 244½, Weindsheemer vs. Brady et al.; 514, Gray et al. vs. Gannon; 646, Frothingham vs. Howard; 793, Williston vs. Kennedy et al.; 914½, Snyder vs. Ricketts et al.; 1138, Baker et al. vs. Pages; 1178, Claflin et al. vs. Bull et al.

SUPREME COURT—GENERAL TERM—Held by Ingraham, C. J., Davis, J.—Court opens at 10½ A. M.—190, Moss et al. vs. Husted; 195, Kuhn vs. Brown et al.; 197, Quinn vs. The Mayor, &c.; 199, McConnell et al. vs. Pyne; 201, Cardose vs. St. Jurge et al.; 202, Detwiller vs. The Mayor, &c.; 203, Leonard, Executor, vs. Bell et al.; 209, Barnes vs. Wetherby et al.; 211, Rice, Executor, vs. Harbeson et al.; 213, Judd et al. vs. Smith, impleaded; 214, The First National Bank of New-York vs. Morris et al.; 215, Treacy vs. The Mayor, &c.; 216, Schuyler, Executor, vs. The Mayor, &c.; 217, In re Arnold; 218, —— vs. ——; 219, —— vs. ——.

SUPREME COURT—SPECIAL TERM—Held by Mullin, J.—Court opens at 10½ A. M.—Demurrer, 17, Muller, vs. The Mayor, &c. Issues of law and fact.—148, Knight, Receiver, vs. Thorp; 102, Hunt vs. Hunt; 167, Reeder vs. Schneider et al.; 178, Compton vs. Chase et al.; 179, Foley vs. Egan et al.; 180, Sistare, Jr., vs. Cushing; 188, Lathrop vs. Godfrey et al.; 93, Poole vs. Stevens et al.; 198, Mosbach vs. Post et al.; 74, Davis vs. Codling et al.; 73, Bruce et al. vs. Fuller et al.; 14, Sixth-avenue Railroad Company vs. McIntyre et al.; 59, Hastings, Receiver, vs. Drew et al.; 199, Clark vs. Icelstrom et al.; 30½, —— vs. ——; 158, Kamp vs. Kamp et al.; 158, Knapp, Trustee, vs. Avenue C Railroad Company et al.; 162, Shears vs. Andrew et al.; 123, Hynes vs. Mooney et al.; 86, Odell vs. Montross; 100, Ward vs. Ward; 101, Tyng vs. The Pittsburg Locomotive Works; 119, Fairchild et al. vs. Fairchild et al.; 122, Brown vs. Davidson et al.; 133, Potter vs. Waring; 165, Ayes vs. Colton et al.; 175, Derby vs. Derby; 121, Naismith vs. Naismith; 186, Worth vs. Lapaugh et al.; 200, Sanders vs. Poor et al.; 201, Hunt vs. Lippincott et al.; 211, St. Patrick's Mutual Alliance and Benevolent Association vs. St. Patrick's Mutual Alliance Association et al.; 169, Carson vs. Munday et al.

SUPREME COURT—CHAMBERS—Held by Fancher, J.—Court opens at 10 A. M. Calendar called at 12 M.—1, The Mansfield Box Machine Company vs. Richardson; 79, Field et al. vs. Pollock et al.

SUPERIOR COURT—TRIAL TERM—Part I.—Held by Barbour, C. J.—Court opens at 11 A. M.—257, Jordan vs. The New-Haven Steam-boat Company; 1799 Deits vs. McCallum; 751, Kelly vs. Titus et al.; 2031, Smith vs. The West-side Patent Railway Company; 479 Bemm vs. St. Nicholas Insurance Company; 1953, Funk vs. Funk; 815, Shaffer vs. O'Brien, Sheriff, &c.; 1945, Harnett vs. Isabella Garvey; 1955, Harnett vs. Andrew J. Garvey; 1937, Dewy vs. Brennan, Sheriff, &c.; 1231, Travers vs. O'Brien, Sheriff, &c.; 2411 Duncan et al. vs. Berlin et al.; 1525 Jackson vs. Wood; 2029, Frisbie vs. Burr; 2041, Tozer vs. The New-York and Harlem Railroad Company; 2061, Reisch vs. The Hamburg and American Packet Company.

SUPERIOR COURT—TRIAL TERM—Part III.—Held by Sedgwick, J.—Court opens at 11 A. M.—1416, Cary vs. Brennan; 1288, Bailey vs. Griswold; 1540, Carnes vs. Platt; 728, Beach vs. O'Brien, Sheriff; 1140, Roemmelt vs. Woff; 314, Van Nostrand vs. The New-York Guaranty and Indemnity Company; 330 Hall vs. Baldwin et al.; 1692, Dean vs. DeWitt; 2478, Mors vs. The Mayor, &c.; 2026, Rometze vs. The East River National Bank; 1298, Levy vs. Jones; 1256, O'Brien, Sheriff, vs. the Merchants' Insurance Company; 1284, O'Brien, Sheriff, vs. Williamsburg City Fire Insurance Company; 1286, O'Brien, Sheriff, vs. Commercial Fire Insurance Company; 112, Schenck vs. Morris.

COMMON PLEAS—TRIAL TERM—Part I.—Held by Larremore, J.—Court opens at 11 A. M. Case on.

MARINE COURT—TRIAL TERM—Part I.—Held by Gross, J.—Court opens and Calendar called at 10 A. M.—586, Quimbey vs. Parker; 2254, Schlanniski vs. Cohen; 1636, Hayes vs. Clinchey; 1569, Formes vs. Maretzek; 1774, Geraty vs. Oakley; 1364, Wilcox vs. Gibbs; 1530, Forester vs. Williams; 1566, Genin vs. Bock; 1587, Gibbs vs. Bock; 1595, Foss vs. The Norwich and New-York Transportation Company; 1184, Bennett vs. Finck; 1256, Stevens vs. Arnold; 1434, Field vs. Caffe; 1494, Merrett vs. Wagner; 1592, Brent vs. Kidder; 1602, Wooley vs. Bradley; 1608, Stratton vs. Davidson; 1624, Williamson vs. Price; 1590, The New-York Economical Printing Company vs. Lee; 1486, Totens vs. Brown; 1762, McCay vs. Dale; 1448, Loebenback vs. Goldstein.

MARINE COURT—TRIAL TERM—Part II.—Held by Curtis, J.—Court opens and Calendar called at 10 A. M.—1561, Simonson vs. Wiley; 1315, Central Park, North and East River Railroad Company vs. Norton; 1477, Campbell vs. Brundigee; 1401, Sawyer vs. Bitmuller; 692, Burke vs. Brady; 1465, Young vs. Coyle; 1455, Verges vs. The Second-avenue Railroad Company; 1277, Hart vs. Connor; 1605, Taylor vs. Schneider; 1615, Dutton vs. Hughes; 1639, Studwell vs. Stevens; 1641, Ireland vs. Glozier; 1643, Crowley vs. Messer; 1645, Conklin vs. Mmurina; 1649, Divan vs. Boyden.

MARINE COURT—TRIAL TERM—Part III.—Held by Howland, J.—Court opens and Calendar called at 10 A. M.—1015, Van Volkenburgh vs. Ohlman; 1013, Ebbe vs. Lieble; 1588, Kavanagh vs. Harmon; 1573, Strauss vs. Blunt.

BROOKLYN COURTS.

CITY COURT—Nos. 128, 150, 312, 62, 285, 255, 313, 315, 316 317, 317½, 318 to 335, inclusive, and 80.

CIRCUIT COURT—Nos. 82, 208, 26, 42, 64, 72, 85, 99, 123, 130, 139, 194, 197, 217, 218, 219, 220, 222, 225, and 228.

DECISIONS.

UNITED STATES CIRCUIT COURT.

By Judge Blatchford.

Judge Blatchford, sitting in the United States Circuit Court, yesterday, rendered his decision in the case of George C. Roberts vs. William P. Ryer, on a rehearing, in which suit was brought to recover damages for the infringement of the patent right belonging to the plaintiff, and to obtain the usual injunction. The Judge dismissed the bill with costs. By this decision about fifteen other cases are settled.

SUPREME COURT—GENERAL TERM—MARCH 18.

By Presiding Judge Ingraham and Judges Brady and Learned.

J. Augustus Page *vs.* Patrick McDonnell et al.; judgment affirmed with costs. Opinion by Presiding Judge Ingraham.

Wm. B. Newbury et al. *vs.* Samuel Furnival et al.; judgment affirmed with costs. Opinion by Judge Learned.

Rose Harris *vs.* Josiah Jex et al.; judgment affirmed with costs. Opinion by Judge Learned.

John Gordon *vs.* H. H. Titus et al.; judgment reversed and new trial ordered, costs to abide event, unless plaintiff consents to reduce the recovery to $1,593 06 and interest, in which case the judgment is affirmed for that amount without costs of appeal. Opinions by all the Judges. Judge Learned dissenting.

By Presiding Judge Ingraham and Judge Fancher.

Jacob B. Tallman *vs.* Charles E. Bressler; order and judgment affirmed, with costs. Opinion by Judge Fancher.

Jacob Voorhis, Jr., *vs.* The Mayor, &c., of New-York; verdict set aside and new trial ordered, costs to abide the event. Opinion by Judge Fancher.

Dewitt C. Van Tuyl et al. *vs.* The Westchester Fire Insurance Company; judgment affirmed, with costs. Opinion by Presiding Judge Ingraham.

Augustus W. Doll *vs.* William P. Earle, et al.; judgment ordered for defendant, with costs. Opinion by Judge Fancher.

James Clancy *vs.* George C. Byrne; judgment affirmed, with costs. Opinion by Judge Fancher.

Charles D. Ingersoll *vs.* Elizabeth Roe; judgment reversed and new trial ordered; costs to abide the event. Opinion by Judge Fancher.

Gilbert J. Bogert *vs.* Louisa A. Gulick, impleaded, &c.; judgment affirmed with costs. Opinion by Judge Fancher.

George A. Osgood et al., receivers, &c., *vs.* Joseph Strauss et al.; verdict set aside and new trial ordered; costs to abide the event. Opinion by Judge Fancher.

Cornelius Burling *vs.* Margaret King; judgment modified as stated in opinion; to be settled before Judge Fancher. Opinion by Judge Fancher.

John A. Foster *vs.* John B. Newbrough; judgment affirmed with costs. Opinion by Presiding Judge Ingraham.

Elisha F. Smith *vs.* The American Coal Company; judgment affirmed with costs. Opinion by Judge Fancher.

Horace B. Claflin et al. *vs.* Philip Fishler; judgment affirmed with costs. Opinion by Presiding Judge Ingraham.

Michael Murphy et al. *vs.* Charles A. Haswell; new trial granted on payment of costs. Opinion by Presiding Judge Ingraham.

SUPREME COURT—CHAMBERS.

By Judge Fancher.

Whittmore *vs.* Van Steenbergh; motion to vacate order of arrest granted on condition that defendant file a stipulation not to sue or proceed on the undertaking for the arrest.

In the matter of Joel A. Fithean; report confirmed and clerk ordered to pay the money as directed in order.

In the matter of Lockwood; ordered that United States Trust Company assign bond and mortgage to petitioner.

Cram *vs.* Tweed et al., (five cases); judgment of foreclosure and sale granted.

Lowe *vs.* The Washington Fire Insurance Company; order granted that receiver pay a dividend advertised for claims.

Horspool *vs.* The Fleetwood Association; motion granted.

Hughes *vs.* Hughes; order granted.

Dayton *vs.* McCahill et al.; motion denied, with $10 costs to abide the event.

Shepard *vs.* Bitts; judgment for plaintiff on demurrer as frivolous.

Rutherford et al. *vs.* Carpenter et al.; judgment of foreclosure and sale granted.

In the matter of the petition of C. S. Maydock; petition granted provided the $500 per annum can be paid out of the interest, and not from principal, of the moneys held by the Trust Company.

Hewitt *vs.* Kavanagh et al.; judgment of foreclosure and sale granted.

Oriental Savings Bank *vs.* Birdsall; same decision.

Spofford *vs.* Nickerson; motion granted.

Cozzens *vs.* Fields; order granted.

Hearne *vs.* Hearne; report of sale confirmed.

Clark *vs.* Smith et al.; order granted.

By Judge Davis.

Doyle *vs.* Green, Controller; see opinion.

Feely *vs.* Green, Controller; see opinion.

By Judge Brady.

Connolly *vs.* Hamell; settled.

By Judge Harden.

Smith *vs.* Bunston; the motion to set aside order of arrest must be denied with $10 costs.

Snow et al. *vs.* The Columbia Insurance Company; an order may be entered directing receiver to pay plaintiff's costs of this action as taxed with interest thereon, with $10 costs of this motion.

SUPERIOR COURT—SPECIAL TERM.

By Judge Van Vorst.

Heine *vs.* Peine; undertaking not approved as to form; liberty to appellant to file new undertaking.

Dewey *vs.* Dewey; order of referee to take testimony.

Howard *vs.* Dusenbury; order that the motion to open judgment be denied, with $10 costs without prejudice.

Hemphill et al. *vs.* Foley et al.; order setting aside inquest upon conditions.

Porter *vs.* Parmley; order granted.

The Andes Insurance Company of Cincinnati *vs.* The Union Printing-house; order granted.

Corbett et al. *vs.* Barnett; order of referee with $10 costs to plaintiff.

Forbes *vs.* Simonson; order granted.

Hoffman *vs.* Gale; order appointing receiver.

SUPREME COURT—CIRCUIT—PART II.—MARCH 18.

Before Judge Van Brunt and a Jury.

THE LAW OF LIBEL.

The case of "George the Count Johannes" *vs.* THE NEW-YORK TIMES, in which the plaintiff seeks to recover damages for an alleged libel, in having published an affidavit read in proceedings before Judge Bedford, in the Court of General Sessions, and published in all the leading papers of the City, came on for trial in this court. The plaintiff appeared to conduct his own case, and at the conclusion of his opening Messrs. R. G. Beardslee and Hamilton Cole, who represented the defendant, moved to dismiss the complaint on the ground that by plaintiff's own pleadings and opening he had clearly shown the alleged libel to be within the line of privileged publications, as defined by special statute. Judge Van Brunt reserved his decision until the opening of the court to-morrow, (to-day.)

SUPERIOR COURT—TRIAL TERM—PART I.—MARCH 18.

Before Chief-Justice Barbour and a Jury.

LIABILITY OF THE CITY FOR THE NEGLIGENCE OF THE DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC INSTRUCTION.

John C. Ham vs. *Henry Mason et al., and The Mayor, Aldermen, &c.*—Plaintiff is the owner of a carriage sales-room at the corner of Lafayette-place and Fourth-street. On the floor above his place were water-closets constructed by the Board of Education for the use of the Normal College. During the period intervening between April, 1871, and March, 1872, plaintiff claimed that the closets were left in such a state of unrepair, that the moisture came through the ceiling, and injured a large number of carriages to such an extent that they had to be revarnished, relined and re-ornamented, at a loss of $4,000, to recover which sum the plaintiff sued the City, making the owner of the building a party. In the course of the trial the suit was dismissed against the owner of the property, and continued against the City alone. At the close of the testimony counsel for the City moved to dismiss the complaint on the ground that the Board of Education was an independent corporation, for whose acts and its servants' acts the City could not be held liable. Chief Justice Barbour denied the motion, holding that, if the acts complained of had been done under the authority of the old Board of Education the City would not be liable; that that Board was a distinct corporation, a part of the Government machinery of the State Legislature, and in no sense under the control of the Mayor, Aldermen, and commonalty of the City; that the successor of the Board of Education—the Department of Public Instruction—created by the act of 1871, was not an independent corporation in the sense in which its predecessor was, but was to a certain extent under the control of the Mayor, &c., and for its acts and those of its employes he would hold the City to be liable. The case was then given to the jury, who returned a verdict in favor of the plaintiff for $2,500, and the court granted the usual extra allowance of five per cent.

Anthony R. Dyett, for plaintiff; A. J. Vanderpoel for defendants.

A Wife-Murderer Sentenced.

James Eldert, convicted of attempted wife-murder, was yesterday sentenced by Judge Moore to nine years and six months' imprisonment in State Prison with hard labor.

COMMERCIAL AFFAIRS.

NEW-YORK, Tuesday, March 18.

The receipts of the principal kinds of Produce since our last have been as follows:

Cotton, bales	1,360	Oil-cake, pks	1,283
Dried Fruit, pks	8	Pork, pks	549
Eggs, bbls	2,869	Cut-meats, pks	6,108
Flour, bbls	9,880	Lard, pks	2,478
Wheat, bushels	7,760	Lard, kegs	270
Corn, bushels	19,250	Stearine, pks	100
Oats, bushels	28,450	Butter, pks	1,375
Rye, bushels	650	Cheese, pks	1,397
Malt, bushels	600	Tallow, pks	90
Grass-seed, bags	158	Dressed-hogs, No	1,041
Beans, bbls	65	Starch, boxes	1,459
Corn-meal, bbls	1,610	Tea, half-chests	1,492
Corn-meal, bags	900	Tobacco, hhds	243
Oat-meal, bbls	100	Tobacco, boxes & cs	7
Flax, bales	211	Whisky, bbls	907
Hemp, bales	20	Wool, bales	127
Hops, bales	135	Oil, bbls	50
Hides, No	1,372	Oil, Red, bbls	100
Hides, bales	7	Oil, Lard, bbls	50
Leather, sides	22,710	Skins, bdls	25

COFFEE—Pending the arrival of the steam-ships Flamsteed (now over-due) and the Merrimac (due here by about the 20th inst.,) operators evince little disposition to deal in Rio, and a very dull market is noted, with the reduced figures, as given in our last, quoted more or less nominal. There have been no fresh arrivals of Rio during the week, and the stock in first hands here this morning was 26,677 bags, and at all the distributing ports, 97,863 bags, including at Baltimore 40,236 bags; at New-Orleans, 21,258 bags, and at the other out-ports, 9,632 bags. West India growths have been offered sparingly and held with comparative firmness, but have been quiet. For the invoices of Laguayra recently received some bids were made, but not quite up to the views of holders, who were unwilling to recede from asking rates. The jobbing trade was comparatively light.

COTTON—There has been rather more call for early delivery on the basis of yesterday's reduced figures, with sales reported of 1,950 bales, including 1,056 bales to shippers, 217 bales to spinners, 77 bales to speculators, and 600 bales in transit. The dealings for forward delivery have been again quite extensive and a further sharp rally has been noted in values, the improvement having been reported as ⅛c.@¼c. ℔ lb. Sales have been officially reported, since our last, of 48,400 bales, (of which 18,900 bales last evening, and 29,500 bales to-day,) basis of Low Middling, with March contracts closing at 18⅛c., April at 18 9-16c.@18⅝c., May at 18 13-16c., June at 19 1-16c., and July at 19¼c.@19 13-16c. The receipts at this port to-day were 1,360 bales, including 888 bales from Savannah, 472 bales per rail. The receipts at all the ports to-day were 9,286 bales, and thus far this week 41,647 bales, against 42,192 bales same time the previous week, and since Sept. 1, 2,912,021 bales, against 2,356,374 bales same time last year. The following quotations are based on Cotton, in store, running in quality not more than half a grade above or below the grade quoted:

Closing Prices of Cotton in New-York.

	Uplands.	Ala.	N.Orleans.	Texas.
Ordinary	14¼	14⅜	14¾	14¾
Good Ordinary	16¼	16⅜	16¾	16¾
Strict Good Ordin'y	17¼	17⅜	17¾	17¾
Low Middling	18	18⅛	18⅜	18⅜
Middling	19¼	19⅜	19⅝	19⅝
Good Middling	21¼	21⅜	21⅝	21⅝

EGGS—The demand has been fairly active for fresh, with prices ranging from 24c.@27c. for fair ordinary to fancy marks of Western and near-by stock, ℔ dozen.

FLOUR AND MEAL—The demand has been rather more active for State and Western Flour and prices have been quoted somewhat steadier. The inquiry has been mostly for low grade stock, especially for Superfine and shipping Extras at the ruling figures, with lighter offerings of such grades reported. Sales have been reported of 8,450 bbls., all told, including inferior to fancy Superfine State and Western at $5 50@$6 50, chiefly at $6 10@$6 40; inferior to good Extra State, $7@$7 50; good to very fancy do., $7 50@$8 25; poor to very good shipping Extra Western, $6 90@$7 40, chiefly at $7 10@$7 30; poor to good shipping brands round-hoop Ohio, $7 15@$7 50, ℔ bbl., and trade and family Extras at proportionate rates. There has been a moderate business reported in Southern Flour, mainly in a jobbing way, with prices quoted steady. Sales, 1,090 bbls. at from $6@$8 25 for ordinary to very choice shipping, and $8 25@$12 75 for fair ordinary to very choice Family Extra, ℔ bbl....Rye Flour has been in rather more demand, at $3 65@$6 for inferior fine to very fancy Superfine, chiefly at $5@$5 50 ℔ bbl.; sales, 348 bbls....Corn-meal has been in very good, though less active demand, chiefly for shipment, at from $3@$3 35 for inferior to very good Yellow Western; $3 25@$3 45 for White do., and $3 65@$3 75 for Brandywine. The reported sales have been 1,950 bbls., chiefly Western Yellow at $3 25 from dock, and $3 25@$3 30 delivered. ....Bag-meal has been selling, in lots, at from $1 17½@$1 20 for coarse; $1 20@$1 25 for fine Yellow; $1 25@$1 30 for White; 85c.@95c. for Cob....Oat-meal at $7 65@$8 45 ℔ bbl.

FRUIT—There has been more call for Dates, but most other kinds have been in quite moderate request. Prices generally quoted about steady. Sales, 1,500 boxes Layer Raisins, in lots, at $2 15; 300 half boxes Valencia do., part at 7¾c.; 225 bbls. Currants, in lots, at 6¼c.@6⅜c.; 6,000 frails Dates on private terms, closing at 7¼c.; 80 casks Turkey Prunes at 8c.@8½c.; 600 boxes Shelled Almonds, and 200 cases Sardines, quarter boxes, on private terms. We quote: Layer Raisins at $2 12@$2 15; Loose Muscatel do., $2 40@$2 50, ℔ box; Valencia do., at 7¼c.@7⅜c.; Currants at 6¼c.@6⅜c.; Figs at 8½c.@13c.; Turkey Prunes at 8c.@8⅝c.; Almonds at 18c.@31c.; Filberts at 11¼c.@12¼c.; Brazil Nuts at 10¼c.@11c. ℔ lb.

GRAIN—Spring Wheat has been in moderate request for milling and shipment, mostly on export account, on the basis of $1 65 for prime No. 2 Milwaukee, and $1 62 for prime No. 2 Chicago, afloat; but holders have been claiming 1c.@2c. a bushel higher figures, and offering stock with reserve, thus checking business. About 2,000 bushels No. 2 North-west Spring sold at $1 60, in store. Winter has been inactive, but held rather more confidently; 500 bushels White Michigan, in store, sold at $2 08 ℔ bushel; Red Western quoted at $1 62½@$1 85; Amber do., at $1 80@$1 95 ℔ bushel....Corn has been in rather less demand, yet without material change as to price. The inquiry from shippers has been less confident. Sales have been reported since our last of 81,000 bushels at 63¼c.@64c. for fair to very choice old Mixed Western, in store, chiefly at 63¼c.@63½c. for fair to good; 65½c. for old do., afloat; 65c.@66c. for new Mixed Western; 65¼c.@66½c. for new Yellow do.; 68c.@70c. for White Western....Rye, quite nominal in the absence of transactions; last sale of Western, in store, was at 92c.... Barley firm and moderately sought after; 5,500 bushels Western sold at $1 10, delivered. ....Barley Malt quiet at old figures; 1,500 bushels two-rowed State sold at $1 05; and small lots of prime to choice Canada West at $1 40@$1 45 ℔ bushel....An unusually brisk movement has been noted in Oats, almost wholly in new, and on trade account, at an advance of ½c.@1c. ℔ bushel, on desirable samples. Sales have been reported, since our last, of 121,000 bushels at 45½c.@49½c., chiefly at 47½c.@48½c. for new mixed Western; 44c.@47½c. for inferior to prime new black do.; 47½c.@51c., chiefly at 48½c.@50c. for new white do.; 49c.@50c. for new white State; with 51c. bid, and 51½c. asked for old mixed Western, in store....Feed steady at from $22@$26, the inside price for Rye, on a moderate inquiry.

GUNNY BAGS AND BAGGING—Quiet, but steady. Bags quoted at 15c.; Bagging nominal at 10c. ....Domestic Cloth in moderate request, and held more confidently at 12¼c. for prompt, and 15c. for Summer deliveries.

HAY AND STRAW—A fair inquiry has been noted for desirable lots, with prices quoted steady. Bale Hay quoted at from $1@$1 10 for shipping, and $1 15@$1 65 for local use, as the extremes, ℔ 100 lbs. Straw at from 65c.@$1 30 for the range of qualities, Short and Long, ℔ 100 lbs.

HEMP—Manila has been held firmly at 10⅛c., gold, but has been quiet. Jute quiet, but steady. Of Jute Butts further sales of 700 bales were made at 2¾c., currency, cash.

METALS—Ingot Copper has been quoted easier for prompt delivery, on a restricted business; sales, 50,000 lbs. at 34c.@34½c., and 150 tons English at 29¾c.@30c. For forward delivery a good demand has been noted at rather firmer rates, with sales reported of 600,000 lbs. Lake at 31¾c.@32c....Scotch Pig-iron has been held pretty firmly, but has been without notable activity: 200 tons Eglington and Glengarnock sold, in lots, at $55 and $57. American Pig has been in light demand at former figures. American Rails have been less sought after, since the free dealings noted in our last, but have been held with confidence. We quote: Glengarnock Pig at $57; Eglington do. at $55; Gartsherrie at $60; Coltness at $65; No. 1 American Pig at $50; No. 2 do. at $45@$48; Wrought Scrap at $57 50@$60; English rails at $70@$71, gold....Pig-lead quiet, but quoted strong in price on the basis of 6¾c., gold, for ordinary foreign....Of Spelter, further sales of 50 tons were reported at $7 80@$8, gold, showing an improvement....Pig-tin closed quite briskly, under reports of a loss of a vessel, with a considerable quantity of Straits in cargo, and prices show an advance, the demand having been chiefly speculative; sales 2,500 slabs Straits at 33c.@33¼c., now quoted at 33½c., gold; 10 tons English, to arrive, at 33c., closing at 33¼c., gold. Tin Plates have been quoted strong in price, on a fair inquiry, with sales reported of 1,000 boxes Charcoal at $12 37½; 1,500 boxes Charcoal Terne, part to arrive, at $10 75@$10 87½, and 500 boxes Coke, 10 by 14, at $10 75, gold; Charcoal Plates quoted here at $12@$12 37½; Charcoal Terne, $10 75@$11; Coke, $10 50@$10 87½, and Coke Terne, $9@$10, gold, ℔ box....Zinc dull at unchanged figures.

MOLASSES—The feature of the day's business was the auction sale of prime to very choice New-Orleans, of which 702 bbls. (out of an aggregate offering of 719 bbls.) were disposed of at 66c.@73½c. The dealings in private trade were limited, having been confined to small lots of New-Orleans at 70c.@73½c.; 70 hhds. new crop Porto Rico at 55c.@65c., and 15 hhds. old crop do., at 38c. ℔ gallon.

NAVAL STORES—Resin has been quiet at about yesterday's reduced figures, with sales reported of 750 bbls. common to good Strained at $3 40@$3 50 ℔ 280 lbs....Tar inactive, yet steady....Spirits Turpentine sold to the extent of 350 bbls., in lots, at 57c.@58c., chiefly 57c.@57½c., closing about steady.

OILS—Crude Sperm has been in light demand, chiefly for manufacturing, at about previous figures; sales have been reported here and at New-Bedford of 540 bbls., in lots, part at $1 55. Crude Whale has been very quiet at former figures; small lots sold to manufacturers, within the range of 65c.@68c. Manufactured Whale and Sperm inactive, but steady. Linseed quoted at 97c.@98c., in casks and bbls., on a moderate jobbing call. Lard-oil dull at 60c.@70c. for No. 1 to Prime Winter. Menhaden quoted at 60c.@62c., and Crude Cotton-seed at 43½c.@45c., on a slow trade.

PETROLEUM—The general market has shown more firmness, on much lighter offerings, and a fair inquiry, in good part for shipment, but the more confident views of holders have been against an active movement....Crude, in bulk, has been in demand and quoted at 8¾c.@9c., for early delivery, 9c. for April and May, with 9c. bid for July....Refined has been quoted stronger, on a more animated demand, with early deliveries quoted at from 19c.@19½c. Sales 2,500 bbls. early April deliveries (reported) at 20¼c.; 1,000 bbls. May at 20½c.; 2,000 bbls. June (a resale) at 20c. At Philadelphia Refined quoted at 18c.@18¼c., as the extremes, on a quiet market....Refined, in cases, inactive at 25¼c.@26c....Naphtha dull at 12¼c.@13¼c. for Western and City.

PROVISIONS—Pork has been very quiet for early delivery, but held with more firmness, with light offerings noted. Sales, 50 bbls. New Western Mess at $16 25@$16 37½; with Old Western Mess held at $16, having been last sold at $15 75....For forward delivery the demand has been moderate, with sales reported, since our last, of 500 bbls. Western Mess, June option, at $16 37½; and 250 bbls. do., July, at $16 30. Also, 350 bbls. Clear, April delivery, reported at $17 50. ....Dressed Hogs steady and in demand at 7c.@7¼c., for City; and quoted 6⅝c.@7⅛c., for Western....Cut Meats have been in less active request, but held with firmness. The main call has been for Dry-salted Shoulders. Sales have been reported of 180 boxes Dry-salted Shoulders at 6¼c.@6⅜c.; 500 boxes do., to arrive, at 6½c.; 500 Pickled Shoulders, in bulk, at 6¾c.; 50 tcs. Pickled Shoulders, 12½ lbs., at 7c.; 140 boxes Bellies, 16 to 12 lbs., 9¼c.@10c., and sundry lots of Smoked Meats, in bulk, at previous figures. And for Chicago delivery, 450 boxes Dry-salted Shoulders, March and early April, reported 5½c....There has been a more active inquiry noted for Bacon, especially for Long Clear, which has been in rather urgent request and quoted somewhat stronger in price. Short Clear without change of moment as to values, though quoted rather weak. Sales have been reported, since our last, of 1,732 boxes Long Clear at 7⅛c.@8c., including 1,500 boxes at the latter price; 300 boxes Short Clear at 8⅛c.@8¼c.; 250 boxes do., April, at 8 3-16c.; 250 boxes do., seller 60 days, at 8 1-16c.; 100 boxes Long and Short Clear at 8¼c.; 200 boxes Long Rib, reported, at 9c.; and 250 boxes Cumberland at 7⅝c.@8c. Also 350 boxes Short Rib, at Chicago, at 7⅝c., with Short Clear quoted there at 7⅝c.@7¾c., and Long Clear at 7c.@7⅛c.... Lard has been in fair request, for both prompt and forward delivery. Sales have been reported, since our last, of 800 tcs. Western Steam, good to strictly Prime, at 8¼c.@8⅜c.; 141 tcs. do., Kettle, inferior to choice, at 8¼c.@8¾c., and 185 tcs. City Steam at 8⅛c. ....For forward delivery the demand has been somewhat brisker, but the lighter offerings and firmer views of owners have been against an active business. Sales have been reported, since our last, of 250 tcs. Western Steam, April option, at 8 9-16c.; 500 tcs. do., May, at 8 13-16c., an exceptionally low rate; 250 tcs. do., do., at 8 7-16c.; 500 tcs. do., June, at 8¾c., held at the close, at 9c., and 500 tcs., do., buyer 90 days, at 9¼c....Beef steady but less active; 150 bbls. sold, mostly low grades stock. We quote at from $8@$11 for New Mess, and $12@$13 50 for New Extra do., ℔ bbl. Tierce Beef quoted at $18 50@$21 50 for Prime Mess; $22@$25 for India Mess, and $26@$31 for Extra India Mess.... Beef Hams quiet within the range of $25@$32 50 for very inferior to very choice brands....A moderately active business has been noted in Butter since our last, with values on really desirable stock quoted generally about steady, and for fancy lots somewhat stronger. We quote from 30c.@44c. for fair to very choice State Dairies; 35c.@45c. for fancy State tubs, in small lots; 25c.@40c. for fair ordinary to very choice Welsh Dairies; 12c.@28c. for poor to strictly prime Western; 30c.@33c. for very choice do.; 18c.@30c. for common to choice Western Roll; 32c.@35c. for very fancy do., and 7c.@9c. for Grease stock. ....Cheese has been in moderate request at about steady rates. The scarcity of freight room is against free export purchases. We quote at from 12c.@17c. for fair ordinary to strictly fancy Factory, with the main inquiry for fair to choice stock, at 14½c.@16½c.; and 10c.@15½c. for State Dairy, ℔ lb.

SEEDS—Clover has been in moderate demand, on the basis of 8⅛c.@8¼c. for average samples, on sales, since our last, of 530 bags, in lots. Flax dull at former figures. Timothy quiet; small lots sold at $3 60@$3 75. Nothing new in Calcutta Linseed. We quote: Clover, 8¼c.@9c., the latter very choice, ℔ lb.; Rough Flax, $2 25@$2 35; Timothy, $3 50@$4, and Calcutta Linseed, $2 65@$2 70, gold, ℔ bushel.

SUGARS—There has been rather more animation in Raw, since our last, but at a shade easier prices, under more urgent offerings of stock. The demand has been largely for the lower grades of refining stock. Sales have been reported, since our last, of 2,157 hhds., and 389 boxes, including 690 hhds. and 139 boxes refining Cuba at 8¼c.; 500 hhds. and 150 boxes Molasses Sugar and common refining Cuba, part damaged, within the range of 6¾c.@7¼c.; 580 hhds. good common to about good refining Porto Rico at 8c.@8⅜c.; 250 hhds. Centrifugal at 9⅝c.; 100 boxes Clayed at 8⅛c.; 137 hhds. Demerara, to the trade, at 9½c.@10¼c. ℔ lb. We now quote: Fair refining Cuba at 8¼c.; good do., 8⅜c.@8½c.; prime do., 8⅝c.; No. 12 Box Clayed stock, 9c.@9¼c.; Centrifugal, Nos. 10 and 13, 9¼c.@9¾c. Refined continue in moderate demand, with Hards quoted at 11¼c.@11¾c.; A's, 10½c.@10⅝c., and Yellows at 9¼c.@10¼c. ℔ lb.

TALLOW, &c.—Tallow has been very quiet since our last, yet quoted about steady at from 8⅜c.@9c. for fair ordinary to strictly prime. Of Stearine, 10,000 lbs., in hhds., sold at 8⅝c., net.

TEAS—Have been generally quiet and irregular as to prices, as a rule, though for desirable samples of Green a pretty fair inquiry has been noted at about steady rates; 1,600 half chests Green sold on private terms.

TOBACCO—Kentucky has been in light demand, at unchanged prices; 125 hhds. sold at 7¼c.@14c. There has been a more active movement in Seed Leaf, chiefly in Old Crop Sundries, on the basis of previous quotations. Sales, 100 cases of 1871 Connecticut at 50c.@60c.; and 1,300 cases 1870 Sundries at 9c.@10c. ℔ lb. Of Spanish, 200 bales of Havana were sold at 95c.@$1 10; and 100 bales of Yara on private terms; market steady. Manufactured quiet within the former range.

WHISKY—Sold to the extent of 425 bbls., in lots, at 93c. ℔ gallon; market firm.

FREIGHTS—There was much less animation in the chartering line. Vessels were offered with reserve, and rates were generally quoted about as before, though tonnage for the River Platte Lumber business was in urgent request at advancing figures. The berth freight movement was quite moderate on the basis of about previous quotations. Grain room was rather more sought after....For Liverpool, the reported engagements since our last have been, by steam, 16,000 bushels Corn at 6½d. ℔ bushel, 100 tcs. Beef at 7s. ℔ tierce, 200 boxes Bacon at 40s., 3,600 boxes Cheese at 45s., 400 bbls. Apples on private terms. Also, a British bark, 598 tons, with Wheat, reported from San Francisco, on private terms....For London, by sail, 2,500 bbls. Flour at 2s. 6d. ℔ bbl....For Bristol, by steam, 12,000 bushels Wheat at 9d. ℔ bushel, 3,000 boxes Cheese and 50 tons Oil-cake on private terms, and 600 boxes Bacon at 50s. ℔ ton....For Glasgow, by steam, 16,000 bushels Corn at 6½d. ℔ bushel....For a direct port in the United Kingdom, an Italian bark, 441 tons, with about 2,500 bbls. Petroleum, from Philadelphia, at 7s. 3d. ℔ bbl....For Cork and orders, a bark, with about 3,300 quarters Grain, from Baltimore, at 9s. ℔ quarter; and a British ship, 964 tons, and two British barks, 964 and 681 tons, with Wheat, reported from San Francisco, on private terms....For Antwerp, by sail, 1,300 bags Coffee at 45s.; 200 bbls. Resin on private terms; 250 boxes Bacon at 46s. 3d....For Hamburg, by steam, 1,300 Hides on private terms, and 40 bales dry do. at 1⅛c. ℔ lb....For Rotterdam, by steam, 50 pks. Lard at 50s....For Stettin, by steam, 2,000 bushels Corn, 2,200 boxes Bacon, 1,800 tcs. Lard, 1,000 bags Clover-seed, and 3,300 pks. Merchandise, on private terms....For the Continent, a British bark, 779 tons, (to arrive,) with about 5,000 bbls. Petroleum, from Philadelphia, at 6s. 3d. ℔ bbl., excluding Dutch ports....For the River Platte, a British brig, 298 tons, (now here,) with Lumber, from Brunswick, at a materially advanced rate, said to be the highest ever paid, though the figures were not made public....For Elsinore and orders, a Norwegian bark, 563 tons, (to arrive,) hence with about 3,500 bbls. Petroleum, on private terms....For Japan, an American bark, 710 tons, hence, with about 20,000 cases Petroleum, and balance general cargo, at equal to about $14, Mexican currency....For Jamaica, a British brig, 227 tons, hence, with general cargo, reported at about 60c. ℔ bbl....For the north side of Cuba and back, an American brig, 235 tons, at $7....For Hayti, a brig, with Lumber, from Nova Scotia, at $10; and two schooners, 130 and 160 tons, with general cargo, reported from Boston, at $1,700 and $1,400....For Portsmouth, N. H., a schooner, with Lumber, from Savannah, at $12.

LIVE STOCK MARKETS.

BUFFALO, March 18.—Cattle—The receipts to-day were 578 head, making the total supply for the week, thus far, 3,178 head, or 187 cars, against 154 cars for the same time last week. The market was slow at ¼c. off on common Cattle, ⅛c. off on medium and good at last week's closing prices. Sales of 170 head Illinois Steers, ranging from 1,129 lbs. to 1,587 lbs., at $5 40@$6 62½; 82 head Michigan Steers, ranging from 1,219 lbs. to 1,604 lbs., at $4 75@$5 90; 66 head Indiana Steers, averaging 1,000 lbs., at $5@$5 60; 18 head Ohio Steers, averaging 1,025 lbs., at $4 75; 38 head Texas Steers, averaging 1,057 lbs., at $5 12½; 14 head State Steers, averaging 1,096 lbs., at $5; 18 head Canada Steers, averaging 1,241 lbs., at $5 25. Sheep and Lambs—The receipts to-day were 1,000 head, making the total supply for the week, thus far, 1,280, against 850 for the same time last week. The market has not yet fairly opened. Hogs—The receipts to-day were 1,000 head, making the total supply for the week, thus far, 1,280 head, against 8,500 head for the same time last week. The market opened moderately active, prices ranging from $5 40@$5 55. Sales of 1,000 head Illinois and Indiana Hogs, ranging from 108 lbs. to 275 lbs., at $5 15@$5 55.

WATERTOWN, Mass., March 18.—Beef Cattle—Receipts, 260 head; supply very light and market prices unchanged; sales of choice at $10 75@$11; extra, $9 50@$10 50; first quality, $8@$9 25; second quality, $6@$7 50; third quality, $5@$5 50. Sheep and Lambs—Receipts, 1,942 head; the sheep trade continues quiet, and the market generally inactive; sales in small lots at $3@$4 75 each; extra, $5 50@$7 50.

THE COTTON MARKETS.

NEW-ORLEANS, March 18.—Cotton steady, demand better; Middling, 18⅝c.; net receipts, 1,390 bales; gross, 1,474 bales; exports to the Continent, 1,651 bales; sales, 2,000 bales; last evening, 5,200 bales; stock, 210,156 bales.

MOBILE, March 18.—Cotton quiet and firm; Middlings, 18¼c.@18⅜c.; Low Middlings, 17¼c.@17½c.; Good Ordinary, 16¼c.; net receipts, 616 bales; gross, 643 bales; exports to Great Britain, 2,535 bales; coastwise, 459 bales; sales, 600 bales; stock, 42,559 bales.

CHARLESTON, March 18.—Cotton lower; Middling, 18⅝c.; Low Middling, 18c.; good Ordinary, 17c.; Ordinary, 16c.@16½c.; net receipts, 1,369 bales; sales, 300 bales; stock, 32,131 bales.

GALVESTON, March 18.—Cotton unsettled; Good Ordinary, 15¾c.; net receipts, 1,461 bales; exports to Great Britain, 1,550 bales; sales, 500 bales; stock, 67,147 bales.

FOREIGN MARKETS.

LONDON, March 18—11 A. M.—Consols opened 92⅝@92¾ for Money, and 92¾@92⅞ for the account. United States 5-20 Bonds, 1865s, old, 93¾; 1867s, 93⅞; 10-40s, 89; New 5s, 90⅝. Erie Railway Shares, 52⅜.

5 P. M.—Consols closed unchanged. American Securities—small sales at unchanged prices.

PARIS, March 18—P. M.—Rentes closed at 55f. 35c.

LIVERPOOL, March 18—11 A. M.—Cotton—The market opened with a downward tendency; Middling Uplands, 9⅛d.@9¼d.; Middling Orleans, 9¼d.@9⅜d. The sales of the day are estimated at 10,000 bales. Sales of Cotton shipped from Savannah or Charleston, March and April, at 9d. Breadstuffs—The receipts of Wheat for the past three days have been 68,000 quarters, including 64,000 quarters American.

1 P. M.—Cotton—The market is irregular and tending downward; Middling Uplands, 9⅛d.; Middling Orleans, 9¼d. The sales of the day are still estimated at 10,000 bales, including 1,000 for speculation and export. Sales of Cotton shipped from Savannah or Charleston, February and March, at 9d.

2 P. M.—Breadstuffs—The market is steady. Wheat, 12s.@12s. 4d. ℔ cental for Club California White. Corn, 27s. per quarter. Provisions—Beef, 82s. 6d. ℔ tierce for new Mess. Lard, 38s. 3d. ℔ cwt. Produce—Tallow, 42s. 3d. ℔ cwt.

5 P. M.—Cotton—The market closed unchanged. The sales of the day have been 10,000 bales, including 1,000 for speculation and export. Of the sales, 7,000 bales were American. Trade Report—The market for Yarns and Fabrics at Manchester is dull, with a downward tendency. Breadstuffs—The receipts of Corn for the first three days have been 13,000 quarters, including 6,000 American.

Evening—Spirits Turpentine, 44s.@45s. ℔ cwt.

LONDON, March 18—Evening.—Linseed Oil, £32 15s. ℔ ton. Spirits Turpentine, 45s. ℔ cwt.

CITY GOVERNMENT.

[OFFICIAL.]

Board of Assistant Aldermen—Stated Session.

MONDAY, March 17, 1873.

Present—William Wade, Esq., President, in the chair, and a quorum of members.

Resolution Referred.—That Washington-street, from Spring to Charlton-street, be paved with Belgian or trap-block pavement.

Adjourned until Thursday next, 20th inst., at 2 o'clock P. M.

WILLIAM H. MOLONEY, Clerk.

Fire in Pacific-Street, Brooklyn.

The four-story brick house, No. 452 Pacific-street, Brooklyn, took fire from some unknown cause at noon yesterday, and the occupants had barely time to escape, when the flames broke out from the windows on the third floor. Before the fire was extinguished the upper portion of the house was completely gutted, causing a loss of $3,000, $500 of which is on furniture, all being fully insured in the Globe and North River Companies. The house was jointly owned and occupied by Messrs. C. W. Keyser and Mr. Geo. Comstock, with their respective families.

NEW PUBLICATIONS.

THE PHRENOLOGICAL JOURNAL for April contains Charles P. Kimball; Inborn strength, or the elements of human advancement; Educating the Sexes Together; The Foremost Problem; From Whence to No Whither; The Appetite, its Use and Abuse; Wilder on Phrenology; Its Worth to Me; A Dream Not All a Dream; President of Mexico; The Civil Service; A Cheerful Face; Thomas Guthrie, D. D.; Queen Ann of England; Value of the Maple Tree; Origin of "April Fool;" East Tennessee, Its Resources, &c. $3 a year, with a $5 chromo. Single numbers 30 cents. Address S. R. WELLS, New-York.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

FEMALES.

YOUNG LADIES' CHRISTIAN ASSOCIATION, No. 64 Irving-place, corner 18th-st.—Persons seeking governesses, teachers, copyists, saleswomen, seamstresses, machine operators, or companions, can be well supplied by calling at the above address; references required.

ADVERTISEMENTS ARE RECEIVED FOR THE NEW-YORK TIMES

At the "Times" Up-Town Office,

No. 54½ West 32d-st., junction Broadway and 6th-av.

And the "Times" West-Side Office,

No. 308 West 23d-st., corner of 8th-av.

NO EXTRA CHARGE WHATEVER.

AT BOOKHAM'S, NO. 335 4TH-AV.—First-class servants of all kinds, females and males, for city and country: English, Scotch, Germans, and all other cooks, seamstresses, waitresses, nurses, house-workers, and those lately landed.

AT PELTON & CO.'S, NO. 645 6TH-AV. near 38th-st., formerly with Bedell, will be found a large number of very desirable servants of all nations, both Protestant and Catholic, City and country.

AT BEDELL'S, NO. 340 AND 342 4th-av., will be found, as usual, a large number of well-recommended servants of all nations, and for all capacities, both Protestant and Catholic, for City and country.

A YOUNG LADY—QUALIFIED BY EXPERIENCE to fill a position as English Governess, Correspondent, or Proof-reader, desires a situation; excellent references. G. R. W., Box No. 122, *Times* Office.

ALL LADIES WISHING GOOD GERMAN, French, and Irish help, with the best of reference, should call at Walker's, No. 138 6th-av., (over drug-store.)

AT JACQUIN'S, NO. 621 6TH-AV., employers will find a large number of good servants of all nations, for all capacities, for City or country.

AT MRS. LOWE'S LARGE AND SPACIOUS rooms, Nos. 316 and 318 Bowery, entrance Bleecker-st.; constantly found a number of superior German servants, highly recommended.

CHAMBER-MAID AND WAITRESS, or Chamber-maid and Seamstress.—By a very neat young woman who will be useful in any capacity in a family; is an excellent chamber-maid and waitress; also a good family seamstress; prefers a good home in a kind family at moderate wages. Call at No. 138 West 11th-st., corner 6th-av.

CHAMBER-MAID AND WAITRESS—Or would assist with the washing, by a neat and tidy young German girl, a situation in a private family; understands her work thoroughly; has good references. Can be seen at No. 138 6th-av., over drug-store.

CHAMBER-MAID AND WAITRESS.—By a very tidy young woman, who thoroughly understands her work in every detail and all branches; has no objections to assist generally in a family, if required. Call at No. 138 West 11th-st., corner 6th-av.

CHAMBER-MAID.—BY A RESPECTABLE young girl as chamber-maid and to sew, or take care of children; excellent reference from last place. Call at No. 225 East 35th-st., second floor, front room.

CHAMBER-MAID.—BY A RESPECTABLE young girl, in a private family, as chamber-maid; or would go as baby's nurse; best reference. Apply at No. 126 West 17th-st.

CHAMBER-MAID.—BY A COMPETENT girl as chamber-maid and assist with washing and ironing in a private family; good reference. Apply at No. 306 East 12th-st., second floor.

CHAMBERMAID, &c.—GERMAN GIRL as Chambermaid and Seamstress, or fine washing; best reference from last employer. Call at office No. 721 6th-av., Reservoir-square.

CHAMBER-MAID.—BY A COMPETENT young girl, not long in the country, as chamber-maid, and to do plain sewing. Call at No. 318 East 27th-st., between 1st and 2d avs.

CHAMBER-MAID, AND TO ASSIST with the Washing, or as Waitress.—Good City reference. Call for two days at No. 72 West 54th-st.

CHAMBER-MAID OR SEAMSTRESS—In a respectable family. Address Mme. Spellmans, care Ross Winans, Baltimore, Md.

CHAMBER-MAID.—BY A COMPETENT girl as chamber-maid and waitress; City reference, if required. Call at No. 131 West 29th-st.

COOK, AND TO ASSIST WITH WASHING and Ironing.—By a sober, tidy woman who has best City recommendations from last and all former employers; thoroughly understands her duties in every branch; keeps her kitchen in a very tidy condition; has no objection to be useful in a family; wages $15 per month. Call at No. 138 West 11th-st., corner 6th-av.

COOK, WASHER, AND IRONER, Chamber-maid and Waitress.—By two Protestant servants, who are thoroughly competent and well recommended in every respect, the cook is a very excellent bread and biscuit maker and baker, fine washer, ironer, &c.; the chamber-maid understands her duties in every branch; will go in the country if desired. Call at No. 138 West 11th-st., corner 6th-av.

COOK.—FRENCH, ENGLISH, AMERICAN, and Spanish cooking in the very best style; invaluable in a gentleman's family going to their Summer resort; sober, neat; age 40; wages $25. Send your orders to Aubrey's Select Family Office, No. 437 6th-av., above 26th-st., up-stairs.

EMPLOYERS

Can always be PROMPTLY SUITED with

DOMESTIC HELP

OF ALL NATIONALITIES AT

ODELL'S,

No. 109 West 34th-st., Near Broadway.

ESTABLISHED 1852.

COOK.—A SUPERIOR PLAIN COOK, WHO can do all kinds of substantial, old-fashioned cooking, recommended by a City family who kept her over two years; wages $20; will assist in plain washing if required. Aubrey's Select Family Office, No. 437 6th-av., up-stairs.

COOK—CHAMBER-MAID.—IN country or City, situations by a mother and daughter; the mother is a good cook, washer and ironer, and bread-maker, &c.; the daughter to do chamber-work and waiting, or to act as nurse. Apply at No. 87 3d-av., corner 12th st.

COOK.—BY A PROTESTANT YOUNG woman, highly respectable; very good cook; meats, game, soups, pastry, creams, jellies; good baker; very best City testimonials; country or City. Apply at No. 335 4th-av.

COOK OR HOUSE-WORK.—BY A smart capable girl; is a good cook and excellent washer and ironer; a respectable, intelligent and neat servant; recommended; City or country. Call at No. 111 Atlantic-st., Brooklyn.

COOK—CHAMBER-MAID.—BY TWO experienced women; one as first-class cook, other as chamber-maid and to do fine washing; both thoroughly competent; excellent references. Call at No. 123 West 24th-st., store.

COOK.—BY A FIRST-CLASS COOK; UNDERSTANDS her business thoroughly in all its branches, including game, pastry, and jellies; very economical; private family or first-class boarding-house; City or country; City reference. Call at 203 West 27th-st.

COOK, WASHER, AND IRONER.—IN a small City family; is fully competent and clean; has two City references; ladies can be seen; age 25; wages $18. At Aubrey's Select Family Office, No. 437 6th-av., below 27th-st., up-stairs.

COOK.—BY A RESPECTABLE ENGLISH Protestant woman as first-class cook; understands both French and English cooking, &c., and is without doubt one of the best in the City; has good City reference. Apply at Bedell's, No. 340 4th-av.

COOK, WASHER AND IRONER.—By a very willing girl, a situation as cook and assist in the wash; is a first-class cook; or would do chamber-work and fine washing; best City reference. Call at 260 6th-av., between 16th and 17th sts.

COOK.—BY A MOST RESPECTABLE WOMAN as first-class Cook; understands her business perfectly—boning, larding, soups, desserts, &c. Best reference. Call at office No. 721 6th-av., Reservoir-square.

COOK.—BY A YOUNG AMERICAN GIRL AS first-class cook; can do all kinds of soups, jellies, pastry; has first-class reference from last place; country preferred. Can be seen at No. 29 West 13th-st.; ring first bell.

COOK.—BY A YOUNG WOMAN, AS GOOD cook; understands soups, pastries, desserts, creams, &c.; excellent bread and pastry baker; good City reference from last place. Apply at No. 205 East 20th-st., near 3d-av., one flight up.

COOK.—BY A COMPETENT YOUNG WOMAN, as good cook; will assist with washing in a small family; best City reference. Apply at No. 221 East 21st-st.

COOK.—BY A COMPETENT YOUNG WOMAN as cook and assist in washing in a small, private family; five years' reference. Call for two days at No. 155 West 51st-st.

COOK.—BY A GOOD COOK; NO OBJECTION to do some washing; three and a half years' best City reference. Call at No. 218 West 17th-st., between 7th and 8th avs., store.

COOK.—BY A FIRST-CLASS PROTESTANT cook a situation in a private family; would go a short distance in the country; best references. Call at No. 11 East 27th-st.

COOK.—AS FIRST-CLASS COOK; UNDERSTANDS soups, meats, game, desserts of all kinds; country preferred; excellent reference. Call at No. 237 West 27th-st.

COOK—WAITER.—MAN AND WIFE, both in the same house, one as assistant cook, the other as waiter. Apply at No. 108 Bowery, boarding-house.

COOK—CHAMBER-MAID.—BY TWO girls, one as cook, other as chamber-maid and waitress; good City reference. Call at No. 224 West 21st-st., between 8th and 9th avs., rear, third floor.

COOK.—BY A PROTESTANT, SWEDISH, SUPERIOR cook, where she can have a kitchen maid. Call or address No. 405 5th-av.

COOK.—BY A FIRST-CLASS COOK; HAS best of city references. Call or address No. 405 6th-av., French Office.

COOK IN A SMALL FAMILY.—BY A RESPECTABLE Protestant woman. Apply at her present employer's, No. 9 East 14th-st.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

FEMALES.

COOK.—BY A SCOTCH COOK; NO OBJECTIONS to the country. Call at No. 106 6th-av., (blue store.)

COLORED SERVANTS, Male and female, for every capacity, at the shortest notice, at SIMMS' SELECT AGENCY, No. 543 6th-av.

DRESS-MAKER.—A COMPETENT DRESS-maker, who makes and trims in the latest French style, makes brides' and bridesmaids', ball and reception, and dinner dresses, also misses' suits, and gives entire satisfaction, desires the work of a few more first-class families by the day. Address N. E. L., Up-town *Times* Office, No. 54½ West 32d-st.

DRESS-MAKER.—A FRENCH PARISIAN dress-maker solicits the patronage of families at reasonable prices; patterns cut and fancy machine sewing done in the latest styles. Call or address Mme. Carolina Hanson, No. 1,164 Broadway, formerly dress-maker and costumer to the Court of Denmark.

DRESS-MAKER.—A FASHIONABLE dress and cloak maker wishes a few more customers in or out the house. Apply at No. 329 8th-av.

FIRST-CLASS GERMAN SERVANTS highly recommended, constantly found at the German Bureau, No. 303 Bowery, entrance on 1st-st. M. HOFFMAN.

HOUSE-WORK.—BY A NEAT AND TIDY German girl in a small private family; has good references; no objection to a short distance in the country; is willing and obliging. Can be seen at No. 138 6th-av., over drug-store.

HOUSE-WORK—CHAMBER-MAID.—By two respectable young German girls; one for general house-work, the other as chamber-maid. Call at No. 112 1st-av., basement.

HOUSE-WORK.—BY A GIRL, LATELY landed, to do light house-work; wages $8 a month. Call at No. 1,325 Broadway, near 37th-st.

LADIES' MAID.—BY A YOUNG WOMAN as seamstress and ladies' maid; can cut and fit for ladies and children; sews on Wheeler & Wilson's machine; would assist with children; would like to travel with a lady; best of City reference. Can be seen until suited at No. 704 3d-av., near 44th-st.

LADY'S MAID.—BY A THOROUGHLY COMPETENT French person as lady's maid, or to take care of young ladies from ten years old upward; good seamstress and operator on Wheeler & Wilson's machine; best references. Call at No. 148 West 33d-st., third floor.

LADIES' MAID.—BY A NEAT YOUNG Parisian; does not speak English; is a tasty milliner and thorough dress-maker; is well recommended by a City lady; wages, $25 or $20. Ask for Heloise, at Aubrey's Select Family Office, No. 437 6th-av., up-stairs.

LADIES' MAID.—A YOUNG WOMAN, AS ladies' maid, speaking French, German, and English; is willing and obliging; prefer traveling to Europe. Call to-day at present employer's, No. 49 West 22d-st., from 11 o'clock until 3.

LADY'S MAID.—BY A GOOD LADY'S maid, speaking French, German, and English; has good references; dresses hair well; makes dresses, and sews on the machine. Can be seen at No. 405 5th-av.

LADY'S MAID AND SEAMSTRESS.—Can do all kinds of fine sewing and first-class embroideries, or would have no objection to light chamber-work. Can be seen at her last employer's from 11 to 5 o'clock, No. 11 Washington-square.

LADIES—YOU WILL FIND THE BEST servants, of every nation, at No. 127 Norfolk-st., at M. HILD'S.

LAUNDRESS.—EQUAL TO THE FRENCH; first-class City references; ladies can satisfy themselves before hiring; wages, $25. Leave orders at Aubrey's Select Family Office, No. 437 6th-av., between 26th and 27th sts., up-stairs.

LAUNDRESS.—BY A YOUNG SWEDISH girl as laundress; is a thorough, first-class laundress; will assist in chamber-work; is very willing and obliging. Apply at Jacquin's, No. 621 6th-av., first floor.

LAUNDRESS.—BY A FIRST-CLASS LAUNDRESS; has the best of references; wants strictly a first-class place. Address No. 405 6th-av., French Office.

LAUNDRESS.—BY A PROTESTANT WOMAN as first-class laundress; understands her business perfectly; unexceptionable references. Call at No. 347 East 17th-st.

LAUNDRESS.—AS FIRST-CLASS LAUNDRESS; understands fluting, and does up linens and fineries in superior style; country preferred; excellent reference. Call at No. 237 West 27th-st.

LAUNDRESS.—BY A COMPETENT WOMAN, as laundress; understands fluting and puffing; good City reference. Call at 215 West 27th-st.

LAUNDRESS.—AS FIRST-CLASS LAUNDRESS; best City reference from her last employer. Call at No. 166 West 32d-st.

LAUNDRESS.—BY A RESPECTABLE WOMAN, as first-class laundress; good reference; the country preferred. Call at No. 31 West 19th-st., rear.

NURSE.—BY AN ENGLISH PROTESTANT young woman as infant's nurse; understands the care of an infant from birth; will be highly recommended by the lady with whom she lived for the past two and a half years. Apply at A. Pelton & Co.'s, No. 645 6th-av., near 38th-st.

NURSE.—SCOTCH PROTESTANT; CITY reference; lady to be seen; is the best servant of this kind registered with me this season; wages, $18; age, thirty-six; takes entire charge from birth. Aubrey's Select Family Office, No. 437 6th-av., below 27th-st., up-stairs.

NURSE.—BY A PROTESTANT GERMAN, highly recommended by present employer, as nurse or companion for an invalid lady with a family going to Europe. Can be seen from 9 till 2 o'clock on Wednesday, at No. 105 4th-av., private entrance.

NURSE, &c.—BY A SCOTCH PROTESTANT woman as nurse and seamstress; is capable of taking full charge of a baby from its birth; can bring it up with the bottle; no objection to the country; has good reference. Apply at No. 721 6th-av.

NURSE AND SEAMSTRESS.—A RESPECTABLE young American Protestant girl as nurse and seamstress; can operate on Willcox & Gibbs' machine; best City references. Call, for two days, at No. 885 3d-av.; ring third bell.

NURSE.—BY A PROTESTANT YOUNG woman as thorough infant's nurse; is capable of taking sole charge and of bringing it up by the bottle; excellent City reference given; no objection to the country. Call at No. 109 West 15th-st., rear building.

NURSE.—BY A YOUNG WOMAN, AS children's nurse; can take care of a baby from birth; good situation preferred to high wages; excellent reference. Apply at No. 309 West 20th-st.

NURSE.—BY A MIDDLE-AGED PROTESTANT woman as nurse; fully understands the care of an infant to bring it up on the bottle; good City reference. Call at No. 462 6th-av.

NURSE.—BY A PROTESTANT WOMAN AS first-class infant's nurse, or would take the charge of two little children; best of City references. Can be seen at No. 521 3d-av.

NURSE.—BY A RESPECTABLE YOUNG girl as children's nurse and plain sewing; has two years' City reference from her last place. Can be seen for two days at 460 West 33d-st., near 10th-av.

NURSE.—BY A RESPECTABLE GIRL AS nurse; can take charge of an infant from birth, or growing children and do light chamber-work; best references. Call at 340 West 36th-st., first floor.

NURSE.—BY A YOUNG FRENCH GIRL, not speaking much, but some, English, as nurse. Can be seen at No. 405 5th-av.

NURSE.—BY AN ENGLISH GIRL, AS nurse to one or two children in a good family going to Newport for the season. Call at 464 7th-av.

SEAMSTRESS—OR NURSE AND SEAMSTRESS, or chamber-maid and excellent seamstress; experienced nurse for infants, or growing children; she has the very highest two years' recommendations from her last place for honesty, capability, close attention; cut, fit, operate, dress-make, &c.; country or City. Call at No. 335 4th-av.

SEAMSTRESS.—BY A FIRST-CLASS Protestant seamstress; good cutter and fitter of ladies' dresses; first-class City reference; to go out by week or month. Call or address for two days No. 206 East 20th-st.

SEAMSTRESS.—A RESPECTABLE PROTESTANT young person, a seamstress, wishes to sew by the day in a private family; can be well recommended; can sew on Wheeler and Wilson's Machine. Apply at No. 137 West 25th-st., bell No. 3.

SEAMSTRESS, &c.—BY A GIRL, AS seamstress and lady's maid; can dress hair; best of City references. Call at No. 929 Broadway, between 21st and 22d sts., in the hair-store.

SEAMSTRESS.—BY A PROTESTANT young woman as seamstress; understands all kinds of family sewing; good operator; excellent references. Call at No. 117 West 24th-st.

SEAMSTRESS AND CHAMBER-MAID.—By a young Protestant woman, fully competent. Can be seen for two days at the house of her present employer, No. 4 East 49th-st.

WAITRESS.—NEAT AND GENTEEL; UNDERSTANDS the duties of a first-class position in a gentleman's family perfectly; has City references that can be investigated; wages, $16. Aubrey's Select Family Office, No. 437 6th-av., below 27th-st., up-stairs.

WAITRESS—OR CHAMBER-MAID AND waitress, by a German young woman; very respectable; good chamber-maid; good waitress; or will make herself useful generally; country or City; good references. Call at No. 335 4th-av.

WAITRESS.—BY AN ACTIVE YOUNG woman as waitress, or to do chamber-work and waiting, or assist in washing; private family or first-class boarding-house; City or country; City reference. Call at No. 205 West 27th-st., near 7th-av.

WAITRESS.—BY A RESPECTABLE young woman as first-class waitress; is thoroughly competent and well recommended. Apply at Bedell's, No. 340 4th-av.

WAITRESS.—BY A COMPETENT YOUNG woman as first-class waitress, or as chamber-maid, to assist in waiting; excellent City reference. Call at No. 38 West 13th-st.

MALES.

ALL WHO ARE IN WANT OF COPYISTS, mechanics, laborers, porters, office boys, or any kind of male labor, are requested to apply to W. B. Churchill, at No. 134 Bowery, between Grand and Broome sts., personally or by letter; no charge to employer or employe; office hours from 10 A. M. to 12 M., and 1½ to 3½ P. M., daily, Saturdays and Sundays excepted. Rev. JOHN DOOLY, General Secretary of the Bowery Branch of the Y. M. C. A.

BUTLER.—IN A PRIVATE FAMILY; HAS the best of City references, and can come highly recommended. Address T. M., at Cooper's, No. 926 Broadway.

COACHMAN.—BY A MARRIED MAN, WHO thoroughly understands his business; is sober and obliging; a good groom and careful driver; has six years' best City reference from last place. Address Coachman, Box No. 220 *Times* Office, two days.

COACHMAN.—BY A THOROUGHLY COMPETENT coachman, good groom, careful, steady driver, strictly sober, married man; no family; best City reference. Address J. H., No. 60 West 43d-st., private stable.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

MALES.

COACHMAN AND GARDENER.—Wanted, by his late employer, a situation for an excellent man as coachman and to make himself generally useful in a country place near the City; has been employed six years; for the last five years has been trusted with the sole charge of the place during about half of each year; the place is now rented for a term of years, and the man has always been so trusty, capable, and willing that his late employer will always feel an interest in his welfare, and can heartily recommend him to any one in need of an honest, trusty man; his wages heretofore have been $11 per week; he is at present at Passaic, N. J. Inquire of Rev. Marshall B. Smith, Passaic, N. J., or of John H. or Frederick A. Pell, No. 51 Wall-st., New-York.

COACHMAN AND GARDENER.—BY A steady, reliable man, willing to make himself generally useful on a gentleman's place; understands the care of horses, driving, plain gardening, milking, &c.; is industrious, willing, and not afraid of work; best of reference. Apply at or address No. 42 Court-st., Brooklyn.

COACHMAN.—BY A MARRIED MAN AS coachman; understands his business thoroughly; has four years' reference from last employer; has lived with some of the first families of New-York; no objection to the country. Call or address Coachman, No. 4 West 36th-st.

COACHMAN, LAUNDRESS, POULTRY, &c.—With or without cottage, by a man and wife, no children; best recommendations; is first-class coachman and groom; his wife an excellent laundress; also, care poultry and small dairy. Can be seen at No. 138 West 11th-st., corner 6th-av.

COACHMAN.—BY A FIRST-CLASS COLORED coachman; honest, sober, willing and obliging; good, careful driver; understands his business perfectly; very useful around a gentleman's place; excellent City reference from last employer; call for two days at No. 1,252 Broadway, harness-store.

COACHMAN AND PLAIN GARDENER.—By a very respectable German young man; is a first-rate coachman and groom, also good plain gardener; is willing and obliging; good recommendations. Can be seen at 138 West 11th-st., corner 6th-av.

COACHMAN.—BY A RESPECTABLE MAN as coachman and gardener; is willing to be generally useful about a gentleman's place; has good reference. Address W. D., Box No. 203 *Times* Office.

COACHMAN—COOK.—BY A MAN AND wife, as coachman and cook; Protestants; no objections to the country; good reference. Can be seen at No. 407 West 25th-st., one stair up, front room.

COACHMAN.—BY A SOBER, INDUSTRIOUS single man; perfectly understands driving and the proper care of horses and carriages; also vegetable gardening; willing and obliging; best City references. Address T. B., Box No. 204 *Times* Office.

COACHMAN AND GROOM.—BY A SINGLE man who is highly recommended, and master of his business. Address J. C. R., Box No. 220 *Times* Office.

COACHMAN.—BY A PROTESTANT YOUNG man, single; can come well recommended from last employer. Call or address J. P., 20 East 39th-st.

COURIER AND VALET.—LATELY ARRIVED from Europe, would like to find an engagement with a family or gentleman; can give the best references; speaks English, French, and German. Address M. A., *Times* Up-town Office, No. 54½ West 32d-st.

GARDENER.—BY A GERMAN, MARRIED; small family; has been eight years in this country; thoroughly understands the business, in all departments, under glass and out-doors; has been five years in his last situation; is well recommended. Call or address K. H., care W. C. Wilson, Florist, No. 43 West 14th-st.

GARDENER.—BY A SCOTCHMAN, MARRIED; is a thorough practical gardener, having sixteen years' experience in this country; well recommended and qualified to manage any gentleman's place. Call or address A., in seed-store, No. 67 Nassau-st.

GARDENER.—BY A GERMAN, MARRIED, no family, age thirty-three; has a complete knowledge of all gardening operations; ten years' experience in this climate; three years in last place; references first class. Address H. U., seed-store No. 35 Cortlandt-st.

GARDENER.—BY A SINGLE MAN, A permanent situation; fully competent; good driver; twenty years' experience in flowers, vines, fruit-trees, horses, cattle; can take full charge; not afraid of work; good reference. Address B. B., Box No. 225, *Times* Office.

GARDENER.—FIRST-CLASS IN ALL branches, by a Scotchman, aged twenty-six years; is well experienced in the care and management of hot-house, graperies, lawns, walks, pruning, budding, as well as kitchen gardening; best recommendations. Can be seen at No. 138 West 11th-st., corner 6th-av.

GARDENER.—A GENTLEMAN WISHES to find a good place for his gardener, who is not only thoroughly competent and obliging, but very skillful with carpenter's tools, or at any other work about a country place. Call at No. 31 East 22d-st.

GARDENER.—BY A MARRIED MAN, thoroughly practical in all departments; green-house grape-growing; all kinds of work out-doors; would take charge of the farm if required. Address F. L., in the florist store, No. 878 Broadway.

GARDENER.—BY A YOUNG MAN AS gardener; thoroughly understands his business in all its branches; highest reference. Address or call, J. G., Botanic Gardens, Flatbush, Long Island.

GARDENER.—BY A SINGLE GERMAN; capable to manage a gentleman's place; good references given; does not milk. Address Gardener, care of W. Gullery, No. 187 Mulberry-st.

GARDENER.—BY A SWEDE AS PLAIN gardener; is steady, sober, and industrious; good references. Address A. B. C., Box No. 240 *Times* Office.

GARDENER.—BY A SINGLE SCOTCHMAN; understands his business in all its branches; twelve years' experience. Address A. A., seed-store, No. 35 Cortlandt-st.

GARDENER.—BY A MAN WITH FAMILY; understands the care of the green-house, flower-beds, grape-houses, kitchen-garden, and hot-beds. Address Gardener, No. 133 Columbia-st., Brooklyn.

JANITOR.—BY A YOUNG COLORED MAN as janitor or porter in a store; best of references. Call or address E. J. S., No. 527 5th-av.

PORTER.—BY A SWEDISH YOUNG MAN highly respectable, and city recommended; he writes and speaks the Swedish, French, German, English, and Danish languages fluently; willing to take almost any situation that requires an intelligent, active young man. Call at No. 335 4th-av.

USEFUL MAN ABOUT A GENTLEMAN'S place in City or country, by a Protestant man with good recommendations; can care and drive horses, milk, assist in garden, clean silver, build fires, in fact handy at all work about a place. Can be seen at No. 138 West 11th-st., corner 6th-av.

USEFUL MAN.—BY A MARRIED MAN TO do general work on a gentleman's place; care of a garden, horses, &c. Address Thomas Fitzgerald, Scarsdale, Westchester County, N. Y., for three days.

USEFUL MAN.—BY A YOUNG FRENCHMAN, in a private family; willing to make himself useful; City or country; good references. Apply at Jacquin's, No. 621 6th-av.

WAITER.—BY A VERY RESPECTABLE young man; he is an excellent waiter; understands the care of silver; can get up salads in the best manner; will make himself useful in and about the house; very best City testimonials. Apply at No. 335 4th-av.

WAITER.—BY A FIRST-CLASS FRENCH waiter, who speaks English perfectly, and is thoroughly efficient in every respect; unexceptionable references, which will bear strict investigation. Address, by letter only, J. Charles, Up-town *Times* Office, No. 54½ West 32d-st.

WAITER.—BY A PROTESTANT MAN AS waiter in a private family; City or country; understands his duties thoroughly; has City references which will bear strict investigation. Address R. M., Box No. 31 *Times* Up-town Office, No. 54½ West 32d-st.

WAITER.—BY A PROTESTANT MAN AS first-class waiter; thoroughly understands his duties; best City references. Address G. B., Box No. 22 *Times* Up-town Office, No. 54½ West 32d-st.

WAITER.—BY A GERMAN PROTESTANT young man; an accomplished waiter; has best City references as to honesty, capability, &c. Apply at A. Pelton & Co.'s, No. 645 6th-av., near 38th-st.

HELP WANTED.

WANTED—A WOMAN FOR THE COUNTRY; middle-aged; to conduct the housekeeping and other female work for a large farm; she must be a good plain cook and well acquainted with dairy work. If she has a daughter or other female relative capable to assist and a husband who is a farmer, both of them or any of them could also get employment; no room for children; references required. Apply to M. McLaughlin, Janitor, Howard Building, No. 176 Broadway.

WANTED—AN INTELLIGENT AND AFFABLE gentleman to attend to the agency-work of the school-book department of a New-York publishing firm; must be very energetic and of undoubted good habits; to the proper party this advertisement will be sufficiently intelligible. Address, stating age, experience, references, and salary desired, Box No. 959 New-York Post-office.

WANTED—A COMPETENT, RESPECTABLE woman to take charge of a family of children in an inland town; one who would prefer a good home to high wages preferred. Apply at No. 79 Chambers-st., Wednesday, between 11 and 12 o'clock.

WANTED—AN AMERICAN MAN, MARRIED, who understands the general and medical care of horses. Address, with full particulars, A. B., Box No. 146, New-York *Times* Office.

WANTED—AN EXPERIENCED BOOK-keeper at the Hudson River Institute, Claverack, N. Y., who wishes to receive board and tuition as an equivalent for services.

WANTED.—A PROTESTANT WAITRESS and chamber-maid, with good City references. Apply, on Wednesday, between 9 and 11 A. M., at No. 51 West 37th-st., basement door.

MILLINERY.

E. MATHERS & CO., NO. 891 BROADWAY, corner of 19th-st., will have their opening of a choice selection of French bonnets and English round hats on Wednesday and Thursday, March 19 and 20.

E. MATHERS & CO.,
No. 891 Broadway.

MRS. R. MEIN, NOS. 870 AND 872 BROADWAY, is now fully prepared to show a very handsome assortment of Spring Bonnets, selected from the leading houses in Paris. Also, English Round Hats, always a specialty.

GRAND EXPOSITION OF SPRING STYLES AT MME. DEMOREST'S EMPORIUM OF FASHIONS, NO. 838 BROADWAY, AND AT ALL THE BRANCHES.

CLAIRVOYANTS.

MRS. CESMONDE, SPIRITUAL AND clairvoyant medium, will hold a public circle (when spiritual poems, descriptions of friends, &c., will be given) THIS EVENING at 8 o'clock, at Naylor's Hall, 34th-st. and 6th-av. Admission 25 cents.

DRY GOODS. DRY GOODS.

SPRING — MILLINERY — THIRD

OPENING. — GOODS!! — SEASON.

LORD & TAYLOR announce that on WEDNESDAY and THURSDAY, March 19 and 20, they will hold their SECOND ANNUAL OPENING of

PARIS HATS, BONNETS, FLOWERS, and FEATHERS.

The assortment of MILLINERY GOODS to be displayed on the occasion embraces the most DISTINGUE NOVELTIES from the following celebrated houses:

MAISON VIROT, MAISON GRAUX, MAISON BARBIER,
MAISON LE CHEVALIER, MAISON PERRIER-PAHN, MAISON LAFITTE,
MAISON CAZELONG, MAISON PAUCHET, MAISON MANTEL et THERISE,
AND OTHER LEADING PARISIAN MANUFACTURERS.

BONNETS made to order in the latest Parisian styles, of the newest and most exquisite shades and tints of materials and trimmings, with Flowers, Sprays, and Feathers unsurpassed for delicate beauty and stylish appearance.

Also, FRENCH CHIP HATS, BELGIAN and ENGLISH STRAW HATS and BONNETS, together with a line of FRENCH FLOWERS, FEATHERS, SPRAYS, &c., not surpassed by any house in the country.

LORD & TAYLOR,

BROADWAY AND TWENTIETH-ST.

TO MILLINERS AND COUNTRY STORE-KEEPERS:

Wholesale Department.

SILKS, RIBBONS, TURQUOIS in all the new shades, FLOWERS, FEATHERS, LACES, ORNAMENTS, TRIMMINGS, STRAW GOODS,
the largest and cheapest stock in this City.
JOBBING EXCLUSIVELY—THIRD FLOOR.
From our retail stock we cut lengths
AT PIECE PRICES.
CALL AND EXAMINE.

E. RIDLEY & SON,

Nos. 309, 311, and 311½ Grand-st.,
Nos. 62, 64, 66, 68, and 70 Allen-st., New-York,
Fifth block east from the Bowery.

KID GLOVES.

WHOLESALE DEPARTMENT.

We have full lines, and are receiving per various steamers from Europe, all the NEW SPRING SHADES in our MONOGRAMS and EDWARD GLOVES, acknowledged to be the best LOW-PRICED KID GLOVES IN AMERICA.

For the convenience of Western and Eastern buyers, we have opened an office in Spellman's Building, No. 369 Broadway.

Our stock in Grand-st. comprises over 20,000 DOZENS OF KID GLOVES, to which we invite special attention.

E. RIDLEY & SON,

Nos. 309, 311, and 311½ Grand-st.,
Nos. 62, 64, 66, 68, and 70 Allen-st., New-York.

Desbrosses-street cars from corner Broadway and Grand-st. bring you to the door in four minutes.

AT KINZEY'S.

GRAND OPENING	NOS. 767 and 769 BROADWAY,
OF SPRING GOODS,	Corner of 9TH-ST.
MARCH 19 and 20,	OPENING
FRENCH and ENGLISH	AT HIS
BONNETS and ROUND	NEW STORES,
HATS, FINE FRENCH	NEW IMPORTATIONS
FLOWERS, RICH RIBBONS,	OF SPRING GOODS,
LACES and EMBROIDERIES,	AT POPULAR
SASHES AND TIES,	PRICES,
MILLINERY GOODS,	AT KINZEY'S,
FRENCH FANCY GOODS AND BONNET SILKS,	WILLIAM KINZEY,
BROADWAY, CORNER	OF 9TH-ST.

PROPOSALS.

OFFICE OF BOARD OF WATER COMMISSIONERS,
ROCHESTER, N. Y., March 8, 1873.

THE UNDERSIGNED BOARD OF Water Commissioners for the City of Rochester, N. Y., will receive sealed proposals at their office, in said city, until 3 o'clock P. M. of the 9th day of April, 1873, for the construction of Water Works for said city, the work to consist of furnishing materials and constructing a conduit of brick and cast-iron pipe from Hemlock Lake; the furnishing and laying all the distribution pipes required; also the construction of the necessary reservoirs, inlet pipes, discharge pipes and structures connected therewith; also necessary vaults for stop and air cocks and blow-offs; also the fitting, boring and setting of all hydrants, stop and air cocks and blow-offs which may be furnished; also all the work required in opening and filling trenches, or constructing embankments, &c., and all the materials and work required in creek crossings or protecting creek channels.

The undersigned reserve the right to reject any and all bids, when from combinations among bidders or from any other cause they deem it for the interest of the City of Rochester to do so.

Specifications, quantity sheets, blank forms of proposals and contract, general and special notices, and all necessary papers relating thereto, will be on exhibition at the office of the said Commissioners, in the City of Rochester, on and after the 27th day of March, 1873, until the time of letting.

ROSWELL HART,
P. M. BROMLEY,
C. C. MORSE,
G. H. PERKINS,
WM. H. BOWMAN,
Board of Water Commissioners.

J. NELSON TUBBS, Engineer.

BOARD OF ENGINEERS OF THE 4TH-AV. IMPROVEMENT, OFFICE GRAND CENTRAL DEPOT.
NEW-YORK, March 14, 1873.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

Sealed proposals will be received by the undersigned at this office, until 2 o'clock P. M., of TUESDAY, the 25th inst., for furnishing cast-iron water-pipes, branch-pipes, and special castings, to be delivered in accordance with plans and specifications now in the office of the Chief Engineer of the Department of Public Works, at No. 235 Broadway. The undersigned reserve the right to reject any and all bids which they may deem prejudicial to the interests represented by them.

ALLAN CAMPBELL,
A. W. CRAVEN,
EDW. H. TRACY,
J. C. BUCKHOUT,
Board of Engineers 4th-av. Improvement.

OFFICE OF THE MIDLAND TERMINAL COMPANY,
No. 25 NASSAU-ST., New-York.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

Sealed proposals will be received until March 24, at noon, directed to the Chief Engineer, for the grading and masonry of about four miles of railroad work, lying westerly from Weehawken Ferry, N. J.

Plans and specifications may be seen at the Engineer's office.

The company reserve the right to reject any and all bids not satisfactory.

D. H. WOOD,
Chief Engineer.

UNION PACIFIC RAILROAD COMPANY,
SEARS BUILDING, BOSTON, March 10, 1873.

LAND DEPARTMENT.

Sealed proposals will be received until noon THURSDAY, March 20, 1873, for the sale of $50,000 of the Land Bonds of said Company, to the undersigned trustees, in accordance with the indenture of mortgage of April 16, 1867. The bids will be opened at the office of the Company, in Boston, Friday, March 21, and the accepted bids declared.

JOHN DUFF,
C. H. McCORMICK,
Trustees.

FURNITURE.

STORAGE

FOR FURNITURE, PIANOS, MIRRORS, AND PAINTINGS; also, for CARRIAGES, WAGONS, &c., at the NEW FIRST-CLASS WAREHOUSE NOS. 102 TO 114 EAST 32D-ST., NEAR 4TH-AV. built expressly for the purpose. TRUNKS, CASES and other packages containing articles of EXTRA VALUE can be stored with SAFETY at low rates.

PERSONS can forward their goods from any part of EUROPE or AMERICA direct to this warehouse.

THE PUBLIC is invited to examine the superior accommodations, light, ventilation, safety, &c., which this warehouse possesses over all others.

JOHN H. MORRELL,
OWNER AND PROPRIETOR.

STORAGE

AND SAFE-KEEPING

For FURNITURE, BAGGAGE, and OTHER PROPERTY in SEPARATE CLOSED COMPARTMENTS, always accessible; goods received without previous notice and raised on elevators. Recent improvements enable wagons to drive into interior court of warehouse, and then discharge. These establishments are the **Oldest, Best Experienced, Most Extensive,** and are **Guarded Day and Night** by private watchmen.

H. G. HAEGER,
8th-av., from 33d to 34th sts.

[ESTABLISHED 1807.]

B. M. COWPERTHWAIT & CO.,
155 Chatham-Street.

FURNITURE AND CARPETS,
PARLOR SUITES,
CHAMBER SUITES,
DINING-ROOM SUITES,
MIRRORS, DESKS,
and a general and varied assortment of every description of
FURNITURE, CARPETS, OIL-CLOTHS,
MATTRESSES & BEDDING,
at VERY LOW PRICES for cash.
Payments by Installments, if Desired.

ZERO REFRIGERATOR, WITH Water-cooler.—The best meat, fruit, and ice preserver in the world; highest awards American Institute, 1867, 1869, 1871. A. M. LESLEY, Manufacturer, Nos. 224 and 226 West 23d-st., New-York. Send for book. Refrigerators repaired.

BLACK SILKS!

SPRING STOCK

Opening on MONDAY, March 17,
Consisting of

PONSON'S, BONNETT'S,
BELLON'S, GUINET'S
AND TAPISSEER'S.

Celebrated makes of gro grains, drap de Paris, and drap de Lyon.

FOR PURITY OF SILK, PERFECTION OF FINISH, AND DURABILITY OF WEAR, THESE MAKERS' GOODS ARE UNRIVALED.

BELLON'S Gro Grain, from	$1 50	to	$2 25	per yard
GUINET'S " "	1 62½	to	2 50	per yard
BONNETT'S " "	2 50	to	3 50	per yard
TAPISSEER'S " "	2 00	to	2 75	per yard
PONSON'S " "	2 50	to	4 00	per yard

W. K. PEYTON,

Nos. 272 and 274 Bowery.

LADIES' SUITS.

A full stock of all the
FASHIONABLE STYLES
at very
ATTRACTIVE PRICES.
Also,
a large assortment of
LADIES' UNDER-GARMENTS,
CORSETS, HOSIERY, AND GLOVES,
MISSES' SUITS, ALL SIZES.
MOURNING SUITS on hand and made to order at twenty-four hours' notice.

W. K. PEYTON,

Nos. 272 and 274 Bowery.

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LEGAL NOTICES.

NEW-YORK SUPREME COURT—FIRST DISTRICT.—ERNEST HEYE, assignee of the estate of FRANCIS A. HIRSCH, plaintiff, against FRANCIS A. HIRSCH, GEORGE KRETZ, and others, defendants.—To the creditors of the late firm of F. A. Hirsch, and to all attorneys who have been employed by the above-named plaintiff, as assignee of said firm: I, Charles A. Jackson, referee, hereby give notice that an interlocutory judgment was, on the 14th day of February, 1873, made and entered in the above-entitled action, whereby it was referred to me, among other things, to take proof of all claims of the creditors of the late firm of F. A. Hirsch, interested in the assignment for the benefit of creditors, executed by the said Francis A. Hirsch to said plaintiff on or about the 5th day of January, 1867, A. D., and to take proof of the claims of all attorneys who have been employed by the said plaintiff to collect claims which passed to him under said assignment. Notice is hereby given that the general objects of the reference ordered to me by the said judgment order are, and I am hereby directed, to take proof of all claims of the said creditors and attorneys, to take and state an account of the amount due to said creditors upon their respective claims, upon the 14th day of February, 1873, and to take, state, and pass the accounts of the plaintiff as assignee under the said assignment.

Notice is also hereby given that it is, by the said interlocutory judgment, ordered and adjudged that such of said creditors and attorneys as shall not, within a time limited by me, or within such further time as may be allowed by this Court or by me, for that purpose, present to me and prove their claims, shall be excluded from any dividends out of the assigned estate remaining in the hands of the plaintiff as assignee, and shall be excluded from the benefit of the decree to be entered in this action, and shall be forever barred from demanding or recovering their claims from the plaintiff, as such assignee or individually, or of, from, or out of the said assigned estate.

All the creditors of said Francis A. Hirsch, and all attorneys who have been employed by the plaintiff as assignee of said firm, are hereby notified to come in and prove their respective demands before me, the said referee, at my office, No. 39 Pine-street, after the 1st of May, or at No. 54 William-street, before the 1st of May next, in the City of New-York, on or before the 15th day of May, 1873, the day limited by me, on or before which all claims are to be presented.

Notice is further hereby given that the said referee will proceed to a hearing of the matters referred to me by said judgment order, at my said office, No. 39 Pine-street, on the 16th day of May, 1873, at 12 o'clock, M., and that at such hearing, any party in interest may contest any claims presented to me, and may object to any matter in the accounts to be rendered by said assignee.—Dated New-York, February 27, 1873, A. D.

CHARLES A. JACKSON,
Referee.
No. 39 Pine-street,
or No. 54 William-street, N. Y.

B. ROELKER, Attorney for Plaintiff,
Nos. 55 and 57 Pine-street, N. Y.

N. B.—Creditors and attorneys are requested to make up and present their claims in such form as to show the dates and items of all debits and credits, the amount due on the 14th day of February, 1873, A. D., the interest claimed, and periods for which it is computed, and also to verify the correctness of their claims by affidavit, made before any officer authorized to take affidavits in the State of New-York, or before a Consul of the United States, if creditors reside out of the United States of America.

B. ROELKER,
Plaintiff's Attorney,
No. 55 Pine-street, N. Y.

mh12-law6wW*

THE SUPREME COURT OF THE State of New-York, County of New-York.—HENRY SEGGERMANN, plaintiff, against JOHN DAY and JOSHUA WHITNEY, defendants.—Summons for a money demand on contract.—(Com. not ser.)—To the defendants above-named and each of them: You are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint in this action, which will be filed in the office of the Clerk of the Supreme Court, County of New-York, at the County Court-house in said County, to serve a copy of your answer to the said complaint on the subscriber, at his office, No. 39 Nassau-street, New-York City, within twenty days after the service of this summons on you, exclusive of the day of such service; and if you fail to answer the said complaint within the time aforesaid, the plaintiff in this action will take judgment against you for the sum of one thousand four hundred and ninety-seven dollars and seventy-six cents, with interest from the 4th day of January, 1873, besides the costs and disbursements of this action.—Dated New-York, the 11th day of February, 1873.

S. KAUFMANN, Plaintiff's Attorney,
No. 39 Nassau-street, New-York City.

The complaint in the above-entitled action was duly filed in the office of the Clerk of the City and County of New-York, on the 11th day of March, 1873.

S. KAUFMANN, Plaintiff's Attorney.

mh12-law6wW*

NEW-YORK SUPREME COURT—City and County of New-York.—FREDERICK ACKERLEE, plaintiff, against HENRY SPINDLER, defendant.—Summons for a money demand on contract.—(Com. not served.)—To the defendant: You are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint in this action, which will be filed in the office of the Clerk of the City and County of New-York, at the Court-house in the City of New-York, and to serve a copy of your answer to the said complaint on the subscriber, at his office, No. 212 Broadway, in the City of New-York, within twenty days after the service of this summons on you, exclusive of the day of such service; and if you fail to answer the said complaint within the time aforesaid, the plaintiff in this action will take judgment against you for the sum of eight hundred dollars, with interest from the 10th day of February, 1873, besides the costs of this action.—Dated New-York, Feb. 10, 1873.

GEORGE F. MARTENS, Plaintiff's Attorney,
No. 212 Broadway, New-York City.

The complaint in the above-entitled action was duly filed in the office of the Clerk of the City and County of New-York, on the 25th day of February, 1873.

GEORGE F. MARTENS,
Plaintiff's Attorney.

f26-law6wW*

NEW-YORK SUPREME COURT—City and County of New-York.—ASHILLE KLEINE, plaintiff, against CLEMENTINA KLEINE, defendant.—Summons for relief.—(Com. not served.)—To the defendant.—You are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint in this action, which was this day filed in the office of the Clerk of the City and County of New-York, at his office, in the City Hall, in said City, and to serve a copy of your answer to the said complaint on the subscriber, at his office, No. 124 Bowery, New-York City, within twenty days after the service of this summons on you, exclusive of the day of such service; and if you fail to answer the said complaint within the time aforesaid, the plaintiff in this action will apply to the court for the relief demanded in the complaint.—Dated Feb. 19, 1873.

CHARLES FRASER,
Plaintiff's Attorney.

f26-law6wW*

The New-York Times.

NEW-YORK, WEDNESDAY, MAR. 19, 1873.

Amusements This Evening.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC.—LA FAVORITA, (Italian Opera.)—Mme. Lucca, Signor Vizzani, M. Jamet.

WALLACK'S THEATRE.—DAVID GARRICK—Mr. E. Sothern, Mme. Ponisi, Miss Katherine Rogers.

BOOTH'S THEATRE.—DADDY O'DOWD. Mr. Dion Boucicault, Miss Bella Pateman.

GRAND OPERA-HOUSE.—UNCLE SAM. Mr. John Brougham, Mrs. John Wood.

UNION-SQUARE THEATRE.—A BUSINESS WOMAN—Mr. D. H. Harkins, Mrs. Clara Jennings.

FIFTH-AVENUE THEATRE.—ALIXE—Mr. Chas. Fisher, Mr. George Clarke, Miss Clara Morris.

OLYMPIC THEATRE.—HUMPTY DUMPTY—Mr. Geo. L. Fox. Mr. C. W. Ravel, Miss Fanny Beane. Matinée, at 2.

NIBLO'S GARDEN.—LEO AND LOTOS—Mr. Leffingwell, Mlle. Diani.

ST. JAMES THEATRE.—LUCREZIA BORGIA, (Burlesque Opera,) by Buckley and Sharpley's troupe.

WOOD'S MUSEUM.—DRAMATIC PERFORMANCE AND CURIOSITIES—Afternoon and evening.

BRYANT'S OPERA HOUSE.—ETHIOPIAN MINSTRELSY—Dan Bryant, Seymour, Reed.

The New-York Times.

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THE NEW-YORK TIMES,
New-York City.

Notice.

We cannot notice anonymous communications. In all cases we require the writer's name and address, not for publication, but as a guarantee of good faith.

We cannot under any circumstances return rejected communications, nor can we undertake to preserve manuscripts.

Our Washington dispatches recite a curious proposition mooted by certain Senators with reference to Mr. CALDWELL'S case. It may be regarded as a proposal of how not to deal with it. It is conceded that CALDWELL'S bargain with CARNEY was corrupt, but that because no one has ever been expelled from the Senate for such an act, the present offender cannot be expelled. These gentlemen are placing too high a value on precedents. Precedents are useful; they are not always necessary, and it is sometimes the duty of the United States Senate to make them, instead of following them. Such, in our opinion, is their duty now. To pass a resolution of censure, and to notify all future corruptionists that a bargain like CALDWELL'S will end in disgrace is, not to put too fine a point on it, child's play. What corruptionists want is not a sermon, but an example. Call CALDWELL all the hard names that the law allows, but keep him in his seat, and every wealthy scoundrel who can buy his way to the Senate will look upon CALDWELL as a standing invitation to come and be welcomed. Send CALDWELL home to the State disgraced beyond expression by his crime, and his empty seat will be a warning that the dullest rascal in Kansas can understand. Senator CONKLING, it is said, is preparing a speech on the law of the case. We have no doubt it will be an able one. If he can find no precedent for expelling CALDWELL, we hope he will be able to sustain the view, that the honor of the Senate and the safety of the country require that a precedent be now made once for all.

Attorney-General BARLOW has made, before the Legislative Committee on Erie affairs, an explanation similar to that given in these columns when the *Tribune* so persistently slandered him during the campaign. That explanation is absolutely conclusive, and shows that, instead of deriving any personal benefit from the funds placed in his hands by the Erie shareholders, he declined to receive the official fee which the law allowed him to take for his services. If everybody who has been connected with the late Erie "reform" movement had as clear a record as FRANCIS A. BARLOW, there would be no danger of several reputations coming out rather badly soiled from a thorough investigation into the circumstances attending the latest revolution in the affairs of that greatly-plundered corporation.

The Committee of Claims of the House of Representatives has concluded its investigation into the newspaper charges brought against Internal Revenue Commissioner DOUGLASS. The committee acquits Mr. DOUGLASS of all complicity or collusion with the defaulting clerk, DEGMEIR, who had been his deputy while Collector of Internal Revenue for the Nineteenth District of Pennsylvania. All the charges made against Mr. DOUGLASS are declared to be utterly destitute of foundation, and the members of the committee place on record the conclusive verdict, that they found amid all the facts submitted to them "nothing tending to the conclusion that Mr. DOUGLASS is not a high-minded, faithful, and honorable public officer." In these days of battered reputations such a conclusion is exceedingly satisfactory to Commissioner DOUGLASS, and to the party of which he is an honored member.

Senator JOHNSON seems to have parted with his temper and discretion to little purpose yesterday. By wasting nearly the whole of the session of the State Senate in endeavoring to get a particular attorney assigned to the Tweed Investigating Committee, he gave point and force to the fact related by Senator LEWIS, that, leaving his colleagues of the committee at their hotel, he had called upon TWEED, and that person pleading that he was not ready to be investigated, had given him a week to prepare for the process. The Senate properly gave Senator JOHNSON all that he asked, but it is evident that if he is to be the controlling spirit of the affair, TWEED has little to fear from this committee. It may even happen that TWEED may be as good as his boast, in which case it may be that he and Mr. JOHNSON will be found investigating everybody but the late Chief Sachem of Tammany. If the colleagues of the Democratic Chairman of the Senate Tweed Committee are wise, they will take care that their time is not exclusively employed in saving his chestnuts.

The consequences of the inaction of Congress in regard to the affairs of Utah are becoming manifest in the increased frequency of cases of conflict between the State and Federal courts. The indications of coming trouble to be found in this morning's dispatches fully justify the urgency of the President's recent message to Congress on the subject, and it is extremely probable that when the trouble shall have matured, it will call for the exercise of some such forcible means of repression as the President showed an earnest desire to have averted by timely legislation.

The Work of the Constitutional Commission.

Yesterday morning we laid before our readers the report of the Constitutional Commission, which has been in session at Albany since the 4th of last December, and which adjourned *sine die* on Monday. This commission was a novelty in our legal history. It consisted of thirty-two members, four from each judicial district, appointed by the Governor and the Senate, and equally divided between the two parties. Its purpose was to propose, not a new Constitution, but amendments to the present Constitution. Its suggestions will be submitted to the present Legislature. If they receive the approval of a majority of its members, they will be submitted to the Legislature to be chosen next Fall; and if that Legislature also approves of them, they will be submitted for final acceptance or rejection to the people. There will, therefore, be ample time in which to consider the work of the commission, and, in order that this may be done the more readily, we propose to point out, without comment, the changes which the commission proposes.

Concerning elections and the right to vote, the commission recommends that the voter be required to have been a resident for four months preceding the election of the election district in which he offers his vote. No person can vote who cannot swear that he has not "received, or offered, does not expect to receive, has not paid, offered, or promised to pay, contributed, or offered or promised to contribute to another, to be paid or used, any money or other valuable thing as a compensation or reward for the giving or withholding a vote at such election, and has not made any promise to influence the giving or withholding of any such vote."

Various changes are proposed in the Legislature. The number remains unchanged—the Senate 32, the Assembly 128. But the Senators are chosen for four years. The State is divided into eight districts, each entitled to four Senators, who are divided into classes in such a way that one Senator goes out and one is elected each year. Brooklyn is included in the First District, with the rest of Long Island and Staten Island. New-York is divided by a line drawn through Twenty-sixth-street; all below comprises the Second District; all above is placed in the Third District, with Westchester, Putnam, and Rockland. The limitation of pay to 100 days is abolished. Each member of the Legislature receives $1,000 a year, and 10 cents a mile for the distance traveled in once going to and coming from the capital. Senators, when in extra session, and members of the House, appointed as managers in cases of impeachment, receive $10 per day additional. No one holding an office from any city Government, and no one who, within 100 days of his election as a member, has been a civil officer of the United States, is eligible to the Legislature. These disqualifications are in addition to those already imposed on members of Congress, and judicial and military officers of the United States.

It is sought to throw extensive safeguards around the exercise of the law-making power. Every act is required to contain all its provisions in full, and it is not permitted to embody any other act or part of act by reference to its title. Every bill is required to be read twice in each House, section by section, and to be printed and distributed to members at least one day before the vote is taken on its final passage. No private, special, or local bill is to be introduced in any regular session, after sixty days from the commencement, without the recorded consent by yeas and nays of three-fourths of all the elected members of each House; and no such bill can be passed unless public notice of the intention to apply therefor, and of the general objects of the bill, shall have been previously given. A long list of subjects, nineteen in number, is recited, touching which the Legislature is forbidden to pass special and required to pass general laws. Among the subjects on which special laws are prohibited are: regulating the internal affairs of counties; incorporating villages; regulating the rate of interest; creating fees or regulating them; granting the right to lay down railroad tracks; granting to any corporation, association, or individual any exclusive privilege or immunity, or franchise whatever.

A radical change is proposed in the Executive Department. At present the Governor, Lieutenant-Governor, and part of the State officers are elected at one time for two years; still another portion at another time for the same period; still another portion are elected piece-meal for three years, and a fourth portion are chosen by the Legislature for five years. The commission proposes that the Governor and Lieutenant-Governor be elected for three years; that the Governor, with the advice and consent of the Senate, appoint the Secretary of State, Attorney-General, State Engineer and Surveyor, Superintendent of State Prisons, and Superintendent of Public Works; that the Controller be elected for three years; that the Treasurer be chosen by joint ballot of both Houses of Legislature for three years, and that the offices of the Canal Commissioners and State Prison Inspectors be abolished. The Treasurer, the Superintendent of Public Works, and the Superintendent of State Prisons may be removed or suspended by the Governor. The Superintendent of State Prisons has the appointment and removal of the agent, warden, physician, and chaplain at each State Prison.

In addition to this concentration of appointments in his hands, the Governor's veto power is extended, and two-thirds of all the members elected to each House are required to override his veto. This can now be done by two-thirds of the members present at any time. He is also allowed to veto one or more items of any bill appropriating money. His salary is increased to ten thousand dollars, and he is to be provided with an official residence.

No change is made in the Judiciary article, except that in cities of not less than 300,000 inhabitants—*i. e.*, at present, in New-York and Brooklyn—justices of courts not of record are to be appointed by the Governor and Senate for four years, subject to removal, after due notice, by courts to be designated by law.

No special changes are made in the Canal article. It will be remembered that a proposition is already before the Legislature on this subject, providing for the funding of the canal debt, and the application of surplus earnings to the reduction of tolls.

The commission recommends that neither the credit nor the money of the State shall be given or loaned to, or in aid of any association, corporation, or private undertaking; and that no county, city, town, or village, shall hereafter give any money or property, or loan its money or credit to or in aid of any individual, association, or corporation; or own stock in or bonds of any association or corporation; or incur indebtedness for anything but a city, county, town, or village purpose.

Each of the principal officers of the State is required to swear that he has not, directly or indirectly, paid, offered, or promised to pay; contributed, offered, or promised to contribute, any money or other valuable thing as a consideration or reward for the giving or withholding a vote at the election at which he was elected, and has not made any promise to influence the giving or withholding any such vote.

The suggestions of the Commission regarding municipal government we shall refer to hereafter, as we shall also the provisions for the prevention of official corruption.

The Charter Question.

No good, but much injury will be done by further hesitation at Albany. The safety of the Republican Party, no less than its honor, demands that this City be given a new charter during the present session of the Legislature, and it is now apparent that only by clothing the Mayor with the power of nomination, and the Aldermen with that of confirmation, can this duty be accomplished. While this method has always seemed to us preferable to any other, we were aware of the difficulties which were in the way of its adoption, and credited those who secured the adoption of a different system in the Assembly, with desiring only to secure to the cause of reform the fruits of the victory achieved at the polls for two successive years. The twaddle about "rings" and "partisan tyranny," with which the Tammany organs have been filled, has been so plainly in the interest of the tools of TWEED yet in office, that it has made no impression on the public mind. If the plan of nominations by the Aldermen and confirmations by the Mayor had met with the approval of all those who have a voice in the making of the new law, it would have had the merit of being intended for the public good, and would doubtless have resulted in giving us proper officials.

But it is now evident that this plan cannot secure this general approval and must be abandoned. In its stead, a few inconsiderate persons are urging the device of having the appointments made by the Mayor in conjunction with the Presidents of the two Boards of Aldermen. Anything more unwise, in a party sense, or more odious to the general public, it would be impossible to devise. To carry this scheme into practice requires the retention of the Assistant Aldermen, and the abolition of this board is a matter concerning which all friends of Reform are heartily agreed. The Republican Party of the City is upon record in favor of the extinction of this costly and useless set of officials, and to retain them now, merely because the President happens to be a Republican, would be a sacrifice of principle to supposed party expediency that would surely result in serious damage to the party which resorts to it. It is hardly possible that this subterfuge can be seriously entertained by any considerable number of the Republicans in the Legislature, but the fact that it has been, and will be, urged upon them demands these plain words concerning it.

An end must come to this trifling with the charter, and it can only come by the adoption of the method of appointments sanctioned by analogy, precedent, and pledges. Hitherto we have studiously avoided pressing our views upon the Legislature. We have had, as we have now, the most implicit confidence in its devotion to the public good, and only because it is now imperatively necessary that a right conclusion should be reached do we state, in plain terms, what, in our judgment, the present condition of affairs requires. We hope, therefore, the Senate will at once amend the twenty-fifth section by giving the appointments to the Mayor, subject to the approval of the Board of Aldermen, and that the Assembly will acquiesce in this change. In doing so the Republican Assemblymen will be serving the public interests as fully as when, under different circumstances, they adopted the alternate plan. We urge this action the more earnestly, because we are convinced that it now presents the only possibility of securing any charter whatever. Let this be done, and a charter which will be perfect in every vital point will be a law before the end of this week. The Republican Party cannot afford to neglect the opportunity which is presented it for doing the public an incomparable service.

New-Jersey Town Elections.

The Spring town elections, so far as held in New-Jersey, show that the Republicans of that State not only hold their own, but are gaining upon their old opponents. The elections in the southern part of the State were held last week, and resulted in handsome Republican successes. In Monmouth County, which last year elected eleven Democratic supervisors or freeholders, to three Republicans, the board now is a tie, each party having seven members. This result is due to a general dissatisfaction with the rule of the Democracy, who had run the county deeply in debt, and failed to make any satisfactory account of the expenditures. The Legislature now in session has provided for the election of an auditor, in addition to the usual collector, each party to choose one officer—the object being to keep a check upon this extravagance, which had largely increased the local taxes. In Camden County the Republicans make large gains, carrying nearly every ward in Camden City, and reversing the majority in the Council, which last year stood fourteen Democrats to eleven Republicans, and will now stand fourteen Republicans to eleven Democrats. In Salem the Republicans increased their majority in the Board of Freeholders, and have also gained members in Mercer and Middlesex. In Bridgeton, Cumberland County, the Republicans carried everything except the Mayor, whose election was lost by local disaffection. In Orange, in Essex County, the Republicans elected all three of the Councilmen, giving them a majority in that body for the first time in several years. The remaining elections take place next month, and the indications are that the Republicans will have the control of thirteen or fourteen of the twenty-one counties, with a tie in one or two, and a prospect of success in one or two of the others. Although these Spring elections are considerably influenced by local considerations, the party has generally gone into them with united ranks, and the results show that New-Jersey will continue to remain in the Republican column, into which she stepped in the national contest last Fall with over 15,000 majority and six of her seven Congressmen.

Overwork of Children.

A correspondent has recently given, through our columns, a much-needed warning in regard to the overwork of children in our public and private schools. There can hardly be a question that, taking the country through, parents are doing a serious injury to the physique of their children by requiring excessive brain-work and too many hours in close school-rooms. We hear complaints on every side in regard to the pale faces, nervous habits, and liability to disease of children of good healthy stock. Instances are not uncommon of children suffering under that malady which ought to belong alone to that period of life when the vital powers have been overstrained—we mean insomnia, or sleeplessness. Extraordinary nervous disorders are also appearing among our little ones, and evidently a foundation has been laid for worse disorders in later life. The physique of the whole nation is apparently injured by this excessive brain-work in childhood. And the extraordinary development, in the last few years, of various forms of nervous disorder among persons of mature age, such as the powerlessness of the voluntary muscles, and various kinds of brain-diseases and paralysis, are the fitting results of the carelessness shown a generation since in the treatment of childhood. If we only had a more truly scientific medical profession, our physicians would not alone confine themselves to the cure of these diseases, but would seek to trace them to their legitimate causes, in the bad habits taught to children, or in the overwork demanded from them.

We no longer see those good, stolid, stupid children, such as some of us can remember, or such as may be seen now in England and Germany. Our boys and girls are sharp, quick, nervous, prematurely bright, and with the qualities, and liable to the evils, of older persons. If mothers did but know it, the best quality in a child, and the best promise for its physical future, is a stolid, healthy *calm*, which comes from an even balance of the muscular and nervous systems. These preternaturally active children will waste the "wine of life" before they can drink it, and die of paralysis in middle life. Stupidity in American childhood is an invaluable quality. The great cause of the oversharpened condition of our children is evidently in our requiring too much brain-work from them, and in keeping them too many hours in school. Six hours' study, even for the mature brain, is a good day's work; and one of the greatest philosophers of this day, Mr. DARWIN, is said to have accomplished his amazing results in less than an average of three hours per day. In this City, most school children are required not merely to devote their five hours to the school, but two or three hours outside of it, to the study of lessons. The hours in the school, even if the child be not studying, are exceedingly trying to the nervous system; the brain is kept constantly alert, while the air which should feed it is continually poisoned with hundreds of breaths. The nerves become impatient and morbid, and no proper relief is afforded them in muscular movement.

The true remedy for this evil is the establishment of "half-time schools." A distinguished sanitarian of England, Mr. CHADWICK, has made many careful experiments with these schools, and has ascertained that precisely the same mental progress can be obtained with half-time as with full-time schools, while the physique is much better preserved. In the factories of England, and in those of Massachusetts the uniform experience is that the little workers accomplish more industrial labor with half-time schools, and at the same time make better progress in lessons. We believe it would be for the interest of all the middle classes of this City to keep their children in school but three hours per day, and to let their study-hours, outside of this, be not more than two. With such a system, the children would learn faster, and would lay up what is the best of capitals for man or woman—a store of vigorous health.

When we come to the education of girls of the middle and higher classes the evil of over brain-work is even greater. For some inscrutable reason, a girl in the most sensitive portion of her life—between fifteen and eighteen years—is supposed to be able to master daily far more studies than a young man of these years. The students in our colleges feel they have quite enough to do with three good recitations per diem and the preparation for them. Yet, we venture to say there are very few girls' schools or colleges in this City where the young ladies have not five or six different studies in the day, and where more hours of study are not required than in our universities. In this respect we fear that Vassar College has been "the chief of sinners." The radical mistake of all these institutions, we believe, is in laying too much brain-work, during two or three years, on the delicate organizations of our young girls. Half the number of studies, taken thoroughly, and half the number of hours devoted to these tasks, would make the girl a better scholar and a more vigorous woman.

We trust soon to see half-time schools open for the girls of the higher classes as well as for the children of the poorer and middle classes. "Less brain-work and more health," ought to be the motto of parents. The national development is manifestly far too much directed toward the stimulation of the nervous system. If greater moderation and restraint be not introduced somewhere, we shall eventually form a race of the most spasmodic and morbid activity, but without the solid force which comes from a digestive and muscular system, healthily developed. We shall be all brain and nerves, with poor stomachs and weak muscles. The care of children determines our national future, and parents should be warned in time.

"John Smith."

Sumptuary laws are directly at variance with the spirit of free institutions; and the legislation of this country has for the last half century given them no countenance or support. But a member of the Ohio Legislature has recently shown that the narrow spirit of the old laws forbidding the wearing of gay clothing, and the display of wealth in other ways, still commands his approbation. Mingled with his unwillingness that other people should enjoy what he regards as luxuries, is a selfish desire to monopolize for his own benefit a certain priceless boon with which his fond parents endowed him. The name of this conservative and selfish legislator is JOHN SMITH, and he has introduced into the body of which he is a member a bill to protect him in the uninterrupted enjoyment of that mellifluous appellation. By the provisions of this bill, he endeavors to prevent any citizen of Ohio from hereafter naming a son "John Smith," and he thus stands forth as the advocate, for purely selfish reasons, of an illiberable and objectionable sumptuary law.

That Hon. JOHN SMITH is proud of his name, is apparent from the fact that he has not attempted to disguise it by the weak subterfuge of spelling "Smith" with a "y" and an "e," and the open cowardice of abandoning "John" in favor of a solitary initial "J." This is, on the whole, rather creditable to him, but he should be content with the happy possession of his fortunate name, and not proceed to deprive his unborn fellow-citizens of all chance of a like blessing. If his motive be simply to preserve future generations from the enervating influence of indulgence in luxuries, he has made a mistake in selecting the use of the name "John Smith," as a luxury dangerous above all others. History teaches us that the luxury of the governing class among the Romans led to the downfall of the Empire, but there is not an instance on record where the prevalence of the name "John Smith" resulted in the ruin of a nation or a community. There are names which might exercise a disastrous influence upon a people, were they to come into general use. It may, for example, be questioned whether a nation, the majority of whose citizens should wear such a name as "Ginery Twitchell"—estimable as the present sole owner of that name may be—could long maintain the respect of the civilized world. Ninety-nine Americans out of every hundred might, however, be named "John Smith" without in the least depreciating the price of American securities. It may, therefore, be unhesitatingly affirmed that the Ohio legislator is as much in error in selecting the object against which his sumptuary law is directed, as he is in reverting in any shape to an illiberal and obsolete species of legislation.

There is too much reason to believe that his real motive is a miserly desire to monopolize his name. Probably he comes of a family noted for longevity, and hopes that by cutting off the supply of further John Smiths, and outliving his present rivals in the possession of that name, he may yet be known as the sole JOHN SMITH of the United States—the unique possessor of that noble name. Let him remember, however, that the people, who strongly reprobate selfishness in a member of the Legislature, will not forget the name by which such distinction was won. This very prominence, as the unique JOHN SMITH of the period—the very renown that will have brought tourists from all parts of the globe, to gaze upon him—will but intensify the popular horror at the selfishness which made him famous, and make him the object whereat the finger of juvenile scorn will be pointed by boys who, but for his grasping covetousness, might have also enjoyed the blessedness of owning the name which he is now striving to monopolize.

MINOR TOPICS.

In another column will be found a very interesting communication in regard to the coming International Peace Congress, from an honored correspondent, whose name is not unknown in the world of literature and social science. The holding of that congress in this City at the same time as the sittings of the great Evangelical Conference, will present a conjunction of events of more than usual interest. The two gatherings will also, we need hardly add, impose certain duties of hospitality upon a considerable body of New-Yorkers. We trust that when the clergymen, the philanthropists, and the international jurists, who are to meet here in the Fall, arrive in the City, they will find a warmth of welcome which will not evaporate in words. The recent reception of American statisticians in St. Petersburg, and other similar instances of hospitality tendered to our countrymen in Europe, present examples for imitation which should not be neglected.

The Chief Engineer of the Fire Department does not share the apprehensions of Mayor EASTMAN, of Poughkeepsie, in regard to the injurious consequences to be anticipated from the use of salt water in extinguishing fires. The representatives of the underwriters are somewhat divided in opinion on the subject, but probably Mr. HOPE expressed the true view of the matter in stating to the Aldermanic Committee, yesterday, that while fresh water was preferable to salt, they would rather have the latter than none at all. The conclusion of the discussion will probably be, that any cheap and expeditious method for utilizing the inexhaustible supply of salt water that surrounds the island should be adopted. Any plan for this purpose which would involve nearly as much expenditure as the bringing into the City of a new supply of fresh water ought to be abandoned in favor of some scheme for the attainment of the latter very desirable end.

That necessity which is said to be the mother of invention has been stimulated to some curious results by the present coal famine in England. One of these is the discovery of the adaptability of chalk for the purposes of fuel. Experiments in that direction, made by the London and South-western Railway Company, having proved successful, the various stations and offices on that line are henceforth to be heated with the new combustible. The manner of using it is by setting alternate layers of chalk and coal in an open grate, first started in the usual way with wood and coal. In furnaces, however, chalk has not as yet been found to answer as well. Another contrivance is one that we should be apt to consider rather undesirable, viz., a petroleum cooking-stove. Under an American stove of the familiar pattern, is set a cast-iron pan, which is filled with the oil from a small cistern of petroleum. A light, applied to the contents of the pan converts it in a few minutes into a gas of great heating power, burning with no other inconvenience than a slight smell, which it is said "may be prevented by a skillful person." Skillful persons here have tested the advantages of petroleum as a cooking agent with very indifferent success, and it is to be hoped that the houses where the new stove is introduced in England are thoroughly insured. It may be of interest to note in this connection that in the Helton Colliery, at Durham, new coal-cutting machinery, worked by compressed air, has been introduced, by which, it is said, 80,000 colliers will be enabled to produce the same amount of coal as the 300,000 now employed.

Last week a mere lad, somewhere in Maryland, murdered a young girl of fourteen years of age, and subsequently committed suicide by throwing himself under the wheels of a railway train. This tragedy has curiously repeated itself in Syracuse, in this State. A young man, aged twenty-one, murdered a girl of fourteen, and in seeking to make his escape by jumping on board a moving railway-train, fell on the track and was instantly killed. The motive of this last murder is not yet known. Probably, however, like the Maryland hobbledehoy, this young man of Syracuse fancied that he was "in love," and that the poor child whom he made his victim did not reciprocate his "passion." In neither case need the murderers have feared the gallows. They could easily have put in a plea of emotional insanity, and stood upon the natural right of man, irrespective of age, to indulge in emotional murder.

In the Brooklyn Court of Sessions, on Monday, there was a verdict rendered by a jury which will not fail to be received with a lively sense of satisfaction by the scores of persons who have suffered in reputation through the perjury of "divorce detectives." One of these scoundrels—a man named HATCH—has been found guilty of willful perjury in connection with the case of COX vs. COX. He had been employed by Mr. COX to obtain proof of infidelity against his (COX'S) wife, and in pursuance of his instructions collected certain facts, which, at the time, were received as correct, but which were afterward proved to have been manufactured out of whole cloth. The lawyers who make a specialty of divorce business rely almost entirely on the evidence of men like HATCH. Without their assistance they could not hope to be successful in one case out of a hundred. A few examples similar to the one in Brooklyn might, therefore, have the effect of putting an end to the disreputable traffic altogether.

The residents of New-Brunswick, N. J., have suddenly been awakened to a sense of the danger they incur through having no means of extinguishing a fire of more than ordinary proportions. It appears that the city receives its water-supply from a company of whose stock it owns but a few shares, and has practically no power to interfere with its management. On Sunday night last a fire occurred, which, although of a most insignificant character, caused considerable alarm when it became known that the reservoir was almost dry. This state of things is said to have been produced by mismanagement on the part of the company. The city is understood to have made a proposition to buy all the stock of the concern, but, as the enterprise is a profitable one, it is thought there will be a refusal to sell out. In the meantime, it is not pleasant to contemplate the possible removal of a few of the Brooklyn incendiaries to New-Brunswick.

AMUSEMENTS.

Dramatic.

FIFTH-AVENUE THEATRE.

The play of "False Shame," the career of which was interrupted by the destruction of the Fifth-avenue Theatre, was reproduced at the namesake of that pleasantly-remembered house last evening, and will alternate with "Alixe" for, doubtless, many nights. To make the prediction embodied in these words, is to imply that the revival was very successful. "False Shame" has already been dealt with here, and needs, therefore, no extended notice. Its neat construction, its impressive incidents, and its capital dialogue, all of which subjects were adverted to in a reference of comparatively recent date, were as cordially recognized in the new place of their exposition as they were at the *de-facto* Fifth-avenue Theatre. The actors, it must be remembered, are the same, and the results of their labors must have been most gratifying to them. Mr. George Clarke's careful study of a trying part and Miss Fanny Davenport's rather *sans-façon* sketch of a fascinating madcap had, as usual, the largest share of appreciation. The setting of "False Shame" is admirable in point of richness, massiveness and taste. We append the full distribution of characters:

Earl of Dashington	Mr. D. Whiting
Col. Howard	Mr. W. Davidge
Arthur, Lord Chilton	Mr. George Clarke
Frank Percy	Mr. B. T. Ringgold
Hon. Charles Ewart	Mr. F. M. Chapman
Capt. Earnest Bragleigh	Mr. C. T. Rockwell
Philip, Bragleigh's man	Mr. Owen Fawcett
Constance	Miss Fanny Davenport
Magdalen Atherly, ward of Lord Dashington	Miss Clara Morris
Mrs. Howard	Mrs. G. H. Gilbert
Mary, maid to Magdalen	Miss Nelly Mortimer

MR. BOUCICAULT AT BOOTH'S.

If the second and third acts of "Daddy O'Dowd," represented on Monday at Booth's Theatre, had been equal to the first in symmetry, contrast, and animation, Mr. Boucicault might be credited with having written, at the close of a lengthened career as a dramatist, one of his best plays. As it is, he leads his hearers into a maze of novel aspect at the outset, but soon conducts them into familiar paths, and finally resorts to well-worn expedients to get them out again. The first act is made up of incidents quite unconventional. Young *O'Dowd*, the son of *Michael O'Dowd*, a retired fish salesman, has come to London, assumed the name of *Percy Walsingham*, and contracted dissolute habits, all through love for *Lady Gwendoline*. The early scenes of the piece are devoted to the exposition of these facts, but they are especially pleasing by their illustration of the young man's abiding love and respect for his aged father, whom he introduces in that guise to his guests; of his fondness for his sister; and of the freedom from pride of *Lady Gwendoline*, who does not scruple to offer *Daddy O'Dowd* her arm to her carriage. In the second act, we do not find ourselves in an absolutely *terra incognita*. The prodigal son has become deeply involved, and while a deputation of citizens of Galway offers *Daddy O'Dowd* his boy's nomination for Parliament, a money-lender appears, and, under threats of criminal charges against the young man, exacts the parent's whole fortune. In act the third, the old methods of setting matters to rights are adopted. Young *O'Dowd* has gone abroad, and after having been absent three years, returns, with blushing honors thick upon him, and a fortune, awarded him by the owner of a vessel which his courage has saved from wreck. *Daddy O'Dowd*, who has meantime earned a livelihood as a porter, is restored to his worldly possessions, and, as *Lady Gwendoline* has throughout loved the old man's son, happiness is evidently in store for everybody. This, however, is but an outline of the story Mr. Boucicault has cleverly told. He has, of course, supplied himself with a capital character; he has afforded two or three of his fellow-artists good opportunities for distinction; he has brought about several nice situations, and he has written considerable amusing dialogue. Only a brief reference to these points of the work is now permitted us. In the comic events of the first act, when the retired tradesman is face to face with the nobility, while in a condition, be it said, of gentle ebriety; in the highly dramatic "business" of the second act, when, made aware of his son's disgrace, he sternly imposes upon him the duty of redeeming his name; and in the touching passages of act the third, when the outcast returns, Mr. Boucicault displayed, alternately, genial humor, pathos, and force which elicited applause, rather boisterous, perhaps, but no less earnest and flattering. Mr. Wheelock acted the younger *O'Dowd* quietly, but with sufficient warmth to escape censure for marring the performance. Mr. Robert Pateman contributed a most laughable picture of a kind-hearted gentleman, who, after sharing *Percy Walsingham's* mad life in town, loses his wealth simultaneously with him, [illegible] and ultimately weds *Kitty O'Dowd*. The remaining rôles were filled by Miss Shell Barry, (a Celtic *Moses*,) by Miss Mary Wells, (*Bridget O'Dowd*,) by Mr. George Becks, (*Capt. Forrester*,) and by Mr. Sol Smith, (*Chalker*, an acolyte and close of *Lenke*, the money-lender.) It will be inferred, from a glance at the names that "Daddy O'Dowd" was dealt with very satisfactorily. The scenery, it is hardly incumbent upon us to add, was [illegible] to the play, the scene of [illegible] night being conspicuously beautiful. Every evidence of a favorable impression marked the progress of the piece, and Mr. Boucicault, as author and actor, was summoned before the footlights after the drop had fallen at the close of every act.

WOOD'S MUSEUM.

A series of burlesque performances was commenced on Monday at Wood's, and will extend over the week. "Ernani" is the play, and Miss Lisa Weber and a complete troupe of ladies skilled in the art of song and dance, [illegible] of English extravaganzas, [illegible] Burlesque, [illegible] solicit criticism; [illegible] players are [illegible] ard. When [illegible] the public [illegible] already in [illegible] tainments, [illegible] we need do [illegible] tions at Wood's, "The Devil's Crag" is noted.

Musical.

ITALIAN OPERA.

Mme. Lucca will this evening sing in "La Favorita" at the Academy of Music. *Leonora* is one of the [illegible] formances, [illegible] it than that [illegible] season. Friday next Mme. Lucca is to appear in "La Figlia del Reggimento." The recital of "Martha," to-morrow is for the benefit of the French Benevolent Society, and was mentioned by mistake, in THE TIMES of Monday, as intended to occur on Tuesday night.

Anarchy Approaching in Utah—The Probate Court Convictions Illegal.

SALT LAKE CITY, March 17.—The conflict relative to jurisdiction between the Mormon and Federal Courts is [illegible] serious by the release of criminals convicted by the Probate Court. To-day, United States Judge Hawley, on a writ of habeas corpus, discharged James Dunn, sentenced to [illegible] the Penitentiary for robbery, on the ground that the Supreme Court of Utah had decided that the Probate Court had no criminal authority. James B. Turnbull, who was sentenced by a Justice of the Probate Court to work out a fine of $100, has been released on a writ of habeas corpus by the United States Court. This [illegible] much perplexed, [illegible] fear the whole legal machinery of the Territory will become a dead lock. All the liberal members of the bar approve Judge Hawley's course, it being the only one he could pursue under the circumstances.

An Ungrateful Son.

LOWELL, Mass., March 18.—Edwin Slavin, aged eighteen, son of James Slavin, stone mason, knocked his father down with a club yesterday afternoon, and, while insensible, robbed him of $55. He was arrested this morning.

THE ERIE INVESTIGATION

Examination of Attorney-General Barlow—The Ousting of Gould—No Knowledge of Bribery.

From Our Special Correspondent.

ALBANY, Tuesday, March 18, 1873.

The Erie Investigating Committee met to-day at the Judiciary Rooms, No. 128 State-street. Present, Messrs. Babcock, Chairman; Lincoln, Opdyke, Crary, and Carpenter.

TESTIMONY OF ATTORNEY-GENERAL BARLOW.

Gen. Barlow, being sworn, said: I desire to say to the committee at the outset that I am here not only as a witness, but, to a certain extent, as an interested party, because my action is somewhat under consideration, and I trust you will allow me some little latitude in making my explanations, more than an ordinary witness might have. He then called the committee's attention to chapter No. 151 of the laws of 1870, whereby it was provided that all actions for the removal of directors of corporations should be brought only by the Attorney-General. He mentioned this as bearing on the allegation that the Attorney-General was retained by the Erie Railroad Company. The committee would see that, in doing anything that he did, he was simply doing what the law required him to do in actions against directors of corporations for alleged misconduct. He continued: Prior to my term of office, there was a large body of English stockholders, called the Heath and Raphael stockholders, who were represented in this country by Mr. John Swan, of London, and Messrs. Evarts and Southmayd. They were dissatisfied with the management of the road by the then directors, and desired to oust them from office. Before I assumed office, as I am informed, they were unable to get the assistance of the Attorney-General in bringing the action, and therefore had brought, as stockholders, an action in the United States courts. My views were known, and after my election I had conversations with Mr. Southmayd, and one at least with Mr. Evarts, in regard to my action under the statute. I told Mr. Southmayd I would commence the proceedings under the statute, being satisfied that at least there was reasonable ground to suspect mismanagement on the part of the directors. I told Mr. Southmayd that this was essentially a matter of private interest, and that the expenses of the litigation should be borne by the stockholders, and he assented. The committee knows of these Erie Railway litigations with Ramsey and others, which were brought before the notice of every court in the State. Shortly after this a similar application was made to me by Gen. Sickles, who represented the English stockholders, Goldschmidt and Bischoffsheim. I told him this was a matter of private interest, and he agreed to the conditions made between myself and Mr. Southmayd. The interests represented by Gen. Sickles and Messrs. Evarts and Southmayd were united in these legal proceedings, but I determined to retain the control, and have the employment of counsel myself, and the disbursement of the money for that purpose in my hands. Messrs. Evarts & Southmayd and Gen. Sickles spoke to me of compensation. They suggested that as I had determined to bring the action, the receiving of compensation would be in the direction of the line of my duty, but I said I should have time to consider it. I don't suppose any member of the committee can question the propriety of my undertaking the litigation at the expense of the stockholders, but lest there should be any doubt on the subject, I would call attention to the 434th section of the code, where, in actions of this kind, it contemplates that the private interests shall pay the expense. With regard to compensation, the committee will see that within the spirit of the law I should have been justified in receiving it, and although I did not take it, I might have done so.

Mr. Barlow then submitted the correspondence with Gen. Sickles before and after the ousting of Jay Gould, in relation to his co-operation in the litigation and the manner in which he expended the funds placed in his hands by Gen. Sickles, and concluded by handing to the committee the checks for the expenditure of these various sums, adding:

I say here now in the most general and positive manner that can be done, that neither directly nor indirectly did I ever receive from any source, Erie Railway stockholders, or anybody else one penny for any official service, or any service connected in any way with my official action in this matter. As I have already stated, I was justified in receiving it, and you will see the improbability of my taking any money improperly when I refuse what the law permits me to receive.

Mr. Opdyke—Mr. Barlow, the only thing we are investigating here is the improper use of money for legislation by the directors of the Erie Railroad, and reimbursing themselves afterward from the treasury of the company.

Attorney-General Barlow—The committee see I did not deal with the Erie Railroad Company. When it came to my knowledge that this $12,000 was charged in the books of the Erie Railroad Company as having been paid to me for my services, I wrote to correct the books, and it was accordingly done. If you can show me a stricter line of order or duty, I would like to know it. In the selection of counsel, Mr. Southmayd and myself determined on having Mr. Tremaine, Mr. Hale, and Mr. Smith, who were counsel for Mr. Ramsey. Their names occurred without any reference to the fact that Mr. Smith was in the Legislature.

Chairman—What time was Mr. Smith retained?

Attorney-General Barlow—We had retained him on the 1st of January, 1872; I could not retain him until that date because it was then I came into office. I met Mr. Smith in this city on the morning of that day, and I told him we were about to retain him in connection with Mr. Tremaine and Mr. Hale, and he passed on. I wrote to Mr. Smith on that day, (the letter has been published,) and although it may appear to be a cover for something else, it was written to mean what it says. We determined to engage Mr. Smith in December, but did not communicate with him in that month. At that time we anticipated nothing but proceedings in the courts. We supposed there would be a movement for the repeal of the Classification act. We were in favor of that being done, but besides my action as Attorney-General, I was personally interested in getting rid of these people. On the 4th of January counsel had a consultation in Albany, but Mr. Smith was not present. Mr. Tremaine, Mr. Hale, Mr. Peckham, Mr. Swan, Mr. Southmayd, and myself were in attendance. We took up this law of 1870, and we then found that it provided that you could not suspend a director by interlocutory order—you could only suspend him by judgment. Under the revised statutes, you could only remove him by judgment. That, of course, we saw to be fatal, but Gould should not be allowed to remain throughout this whole litigation in the use of the funds of the company. It became then apparent for the first time that we should have some legislation removing that difficulty. In regard to legislation, I had no communication with Mr. Smith whatever. Having no thought of evil, I don't remember having said a single word on legislative matters, except in connection with the judiciary investigations. In preparing our case Gen. Sharpe was engaged to procure evidence, but we all saw there was no use in bringing it on until this law of 1870 was obviated. In the midst of our investigations, this *coup d'état* took place, and the first object we had in view was accomplished. Then came the question of recovering the stolen money. Gen. Sickles, having got his friends into the directory, took no further steps in this suit to make them disgorge, because he felt that the corporation, which was the proper party to bring the suit, could do so if it saw fit. We had a suspicion that this *coup d'état* meant protection for Gould, and in view of that, at the suggestion of Mr. Southmayd, I commenced a suit by serving a summons, and, in the meantime, Heath & Raphael were communicated with in London. At the end of two or three weeks Mr. John Swan informed me that Heath & Raphael decided to co-operate with the clients of Gen. Sickles, and I discontinued the suit reluctantly and with annoyance. That is the state of the case in regard to Mr. Smith, and if there is any bribery, Mr. Southmayd is as much implicated as I am. Mr. Smith's employment had no more to do with legislation than it had to do with the man in the moon.

To Mr. Lincoln—My impression is that Mr. Smith did not speak to me on the subject until January.

To Mr. Opdyke—I presume Mr. Ramsey spoke to Mr. Smith, but I don't know.

Q.—At the time you retained him was there anything said about legislation?

Attorney-General Barlow—I said nothing except "Smith, we want you in these suits." He only received $1,500 because his service was very slight. I could not tell from the manner of Mr. Smith whether he knew anything about this matter or not? He did not appear surprised when I told him we desired to retain him. As to the suggestion that any money was disbursed in the Legislature, I have not the slightest idea on the subject, but nothing of the kind was done that I have any knowledge of. I never heard it suggested. I never even thought that, directly or indirectly, any money was to be expended for that purpose. I was very much surprised when this coup d'état took place, and I was somewhat indignant that Gen. Sickles, acting with Mr. Southmayd and myself in this matter, had been carrying on this intrigue, or whatever it was, without telling us. I was so indignant that I have since ceased to treat with him. On the 20th of October I received a telegram from him from Madrid denying that he was cognizant of the publication of certain correspondence in the *Tribune*, and regretting that my letter refusing compensation was not published.

Q.—In your communication with Mr. Southmayd and Gen. Sickles was anything ever said between you that they desired to use money to secure legislative action in either House?

Attorney-General Barlow—Not one word; I assert in the most positive manner that there was no suggestion or intimation from anybody in the whole course of this business of any money being paid or used except for legitimate legal purposes.

The further examination of Attorney-General Barlow was adjourned.

GENERAL NOTES.

Neal Dow, of Maine, is going to Europe to talk temperance. He will leave on the 29th inst.

Andrew Johnson is out in a letter favoring a convention to revise the Constitution of Tennessee.

Mr. Joseph Mott and wife, of Bridgeport, Conn., celebrated their golden wedding on Monday, March 10.

Nova Scotia yielded in the ten years ending Jan. 1, 1871, about eight tons of gold, valued at $3,640,356.

California has had more visitors from the East during the past three months than in any previous Winter.

Alexander H. Stephens has not retired from the Atlanta (Ga.) *Sun*, but continues to be its chief political editor.

The Province of New-Brunswick spent $20,594 in aid of immigration last year, and obtained 802 foreign settlers.

The question of annexing a portion of Florida to Alabama is again actively interesting the citizens of those States.

The Republican State Committee of Virginia will meet in Richmond, April 10, to decide upon the time and place for the State Convention.

The San Francisco *Bulletin* says that the taxes in California—State, County, and Municipal—range from three to four per cent. on the value of property.

A St. Paul jury has brought in a verdict that a husband and his wife have each suffered cruel and inhuman treatment at the hands of the other, and that consequently each is entitled to a divorce.

The Chicago *Tribune*, of Saturday, says that the Legislature of Illinois has been in session eleven weeks and has passed two bills, one of which was adopted to enable the other one to go into effect.

The village of Westfield, Wis., has been so afflicted by small-pox during the past two months that the stores, schools, and churches have all been closed, and the local papers appeared in mourning for the dead.

The City Attorney of New-Haven brought 3,380 criminal cases before the City Court, in 1872. Of the accused 2,224 were convicted or bound over, 303 were discharged, 739 had a nolle entered, and 114 were otherwise disposed of.

New-Hampshire Republicans and Democrats alike seem to commend the graceful action of Gov. Straw in appointing to a seat on the State Bench Hon. Ellery A. Hibbard, the defeated Democratic candidate for re-election to Congress.

Joe Smith, the leader of the anti-polygamy Mormons, and son of their founder, is reported to have recently purchased the first Mormon temple in Kirtland, Ohio, and it is supposed that the Mormons now living in Illinois mean to return to their early settlement at Kirtland.

Even the Cincinnati *Enquirer* now has its fling at the "Liberal-Republicans" for the alacrity with which they are hauling out of the fight in the local election. It says that at the present rate it will require a search-warrant to find that ticket before the reassembling of the Convention.

The most inconsiderate man of the day lives in Seymour, Ind., contrary to his anticipations. He fancied recently he was about to die, and ordered a tombstone. When it was nearly completed, he found he was getting better, and now he refuses to take the stone, to the utter despair of the marble-cutter.

The Oregon militia's bill amounts to $56,000 for their sixty-three days' service against the Modocs. One of the State papers says that they never evinced the slightest curiosity to view too closely the wolf-tail war banner of the Modocs, and that when Captain Jack finally met them "he routed 'em and scouted 'em, nor lost a single man."

Of the new Associate Justice for Utah, the Lansing (Mich.) *Republican* says: "Hon. P. H. Emerson is now serving his second term as State Senator from Calhoun County, and is President pro tem. of the Senate. It would be hard to select from the whole State a gentleman better qualified for this position.

A Kansas paper reports that several years ago Mr. L. B. Leach, of a business firm in Wamego, that State, predicted that he would die in 1873; that last Fall he had a grave dug and walled up; that soon after, he said he would die in March, and had his coffin and shroud made, and a tombstone engraved, with his name, the month of March, and the year 1873, but with the day left blank. Of course, very considerately, after all this, he died, the date being Monday, March 10.

Adam Harper, of Georgetown, Ky., who brought a suit for $500,000 damages for slander against some of his relatives, for accusing him of being implicated in the murder of old Jacob and Betsy Harper, has lost his case; and not only that, but the developments of the trial threaten to subject him to two indictments, one for being engaged in that murder, and one for being engaged with others in attempting to compel a number of negroes, by hanging, to confess that they were the parties who committed the crime.

A Serious Charge against a Policeman.

Patrolman William Holmes, of the Twentieth Precinct Police, was arraigned before President Smith, of the Board of Police, yesterday, on a serious charge. It appeared from the evidence that a notorious thief, named Hallock, was arrested by an officer of that precinct as a suspicious person. Hallock was one of the men who, during last Summer, entered and attempted to rob the dwelling of Mr. Chas. H. Phelps, at the corner of Thirty-ninth-street and Sixth-avenue, and being intercepted, shot Mr. Phelps, and subsequently escaped from the police by leaping from a fire-escape of a tenement house where he had taken refuge. Hallock assumed one of his numerous and convenient aliases when taken to the station-house, and was not recognized by any person, except Holmes, who did not inform Capt. McElwain of the identity of the prisoner. The latter on being brought before the court was discharged. Hence the complaint against the officer. After hearing the testimony in the case, Mr. Smith referred the matter to the board for decision.

Opposition to the Gilbert Elevated Railroad.

A meeting of property-owners along the Sixth-avenue was held last evening, at No. 881 in the avenue, for the purpose of taking action relative to the building of the Gilbert Elevated Railroad along a portion of that line of travel. Committees were appointed who are to make a thorough investigation as to the present condition of the Gilbert Company and other matters relative to it, and to wait upon those property-holders not represented at the meeting, and press upon them the importance of opposing the erection of this elevated road. A committee from the Murray Hill Association waited upon the meeting, and offered to co-operate with it in its work, which offer was partially accepted.

Suicide of an Aged Man.

John Thomas, aged sixty-four, residing on the top floor of No. 591 Tenth-avenue, committed suicide last evening by hanging himself in his bedroom. The deceased had been complaining for some time past of terrible pains in his head, and is supposed to have been temporarily insane. His wife went out last evening for a short time, leaving him alone in the apartments. When she returned she was horrified at finding her husband suspended by the neck with a piece of bed-ticking from a hook in the wall of the bedroom. Life was extinct when found. Coroner Young has been notified to hold an inquest in the case.

Fatal Railway Accident at Orange, N. J.

Alexander McAuley yesterday attempted to jump from a Morris and Essex train at Orange, when he fell beneath the car, the wheels of which passed over him, severing both legs from the body. The unfortunate man was taken to the hospital, where he died shortly after. Deceased was fifty-eight years of age.

NEW-JERSEY.

The Railroad Fight in the Legislature—Committee of Investigation Appointed—"Skilled Talent" not in Favor—Local Option.

Special Dispatch to the New-York Times.

TRENTON, March 18.—This has been a day of great excitement in the House. Immediately after the reading of the minutes at the morning session, Mr. McKinlay offered a resolution instructing the Committee on Corporations to at once report the bill to incorporate the New-Jersey Railway Company—the project of the Pennsylvania Central. A call of the House being then ordered, fifty-eight members out of sixty were found to be present. After some debate, the vote was taken, amid much excitement, and the resolution was lost—29 to 29. Mr. Worthington then offered a resolution for the appointment of a special committee of five to investigate whether the bill had been properly advertised, and to consult the Attorney-General as to whether members would render themselves liable to indictment or impeachment by voting for a bill not properly noticed. This resolution was laid on the table—32 to 23. Mr. Worthington then offered the following, which was adopted with only three dissenting votes:

Whereas, There have been wholesale rumors in circulation that there have been corrupting influences used among the members of this House to secure the adoption or defeat of certain measures; and, whereas, the honor of the Legislature and of the State is seriously affected thereby, therefore,

Resolved, That a special committee of five be appointed by the Speaker, with power to send for persons and papers, to investigate into the truth of said rumors, and to report to the House in writing at their earliest practical convenience.

It is understood that the New-Jersey bill will be reported to-morrow, but should it not be, another effort will be made to force it out of the hands of the committee. The issue of the contest is doubtful, both parties being apparently confident of victory.

In the Senate, this afternoon, the House General Railroad act came up as the special order, with the amendments made by the special committee. The latter were for the most part adopted. One of the most important requires a majority of the directors of any road constructed under this act to be residents of New-Jersey; another provides that "no corporation organized under this act shall be authorized to take, use or occupy by condemnation, any lands belonging to the State of New-Jersey, or any lands held by or in the possession of other corporations engaged in the transportation of freight or passengers, and which shall be used by such other corporations for the purposes of their franchises." Another amendment requires every company to commence its road within six months from the date of organization, "and if the said road be not more than fifty miles in length, the company shall open and complete at least one track of said road within two years from the date of commencement as aforesaid, and if the road shall exceed fifty miles in length, the company shall have an additional six months to complete the road for each twenty miles more than the fifty miles aforesaid; provided, the road shall be opened for public use in all cases when fifty miles of the track are laid." Several amendments proposed by various Senators, being regarded as designed to hinder the progress of the bill, were rejected, and it was finally ordered to a third reading.

The House to-day made the Local Option act the special order for Thursday morning next. The indications are that the bill will not pass. A bill before the House authorizes the Lehigh Valley Railroad Company, as lessees of the Morris Canal, to construct a branch canal from a point at or near Centreville, in Passaic County, to the Passaic River at Dundee Lake.

THE CASE OF FOSTER.

Another Effort to Secure the Executive Clemency.

ALBANY, N. Y., March 18.—The following document was presented to Gov. Dix to-day by Hon. Edwards Pierrepont:

The People *vs.* William Foster, City and County of New-York—We do solemnly swear that we were jurors in the case of William Foster; that the conviction in his case could never have been obtained but for the opinion which prevailed among the jurors that their unanimous recommendation to mercy would insure the commutation of the sentence to imprisonment for life. This terrible mistake cannot be remedied now except by the Governor. We would do it if we had the power, but we have not. We earnestly appeal to you, therefore, the only person who can do it, to prevent a man from being put to death through an error of opinion on our part at the time of the trial. In doing this, we do all we can to wash our hands of Foster's blood, and we humbly assure your Excellency that if the sentence be carried into effect, in view of the circumstances which we now under oath lay before you, we shall never cease to look upon it as an unjust punishment, which was not contemplated by the jury in rendering their verdict.

Sworn to this 15th day of March, 1873, before me,

ADAM GOS,
Notary Public New-York County.

(Signed,) F. E. Hoagland, R. T. Martin, Samuel Dowding, Henry Leo, George K. Chase, Jas. Daniel, H. C. Rogers.

The Governor said he would give the document his most careful consideration.

Letter From Hon. Andrew D. White to Gov. Dix.

Hon. Andrew D. White, President of the Cornell University, has addressed the following admirable letter to Gov. Dix, concerning his decision in the Foster case:

SYRACUSE, March 17, 1873.

To His Excellency John A. Dix:

SIR: Permit me most earnestly to congratulate you and thank you for the firm position you have maintained in the case of William Foster.

I believe that on no matter brought before you thus far has any such deep and intelligent interest been felt among the great body of thoughtful citizens throughout the State.

It has been seen—and clearly—that this was a test question between the simplest right of personal security on one side and chicane and "influence" on the other; and though, in such circumstances, most men hesitate to intrude opinions against lenity, doubting whether it is their business to do so, their convictions are none the less earnest.

Recognizing the deep significance of this matter, I have talked much upon it with thoughtful men of this and neighboring counties, and have found but one feeling—a feeling of relief at your decision, and of hope stimulated by the fact that you have cut through such masses of sophistry, and stood firm against such pressure.

This decision of yours, and that of Gov. Hoffman in the case of John Real, will, I believe, add permanent strength to the barriers against the rising tide of ruffianism and crime, as well as against that

"Weak, washy, everlasting flood"

of maudlin sentiment, miscalled mercy, that inundates the Executive chamber whenever jurors have been less idiotic than usual, and a criminal seems likely to receive merited punishment. I remain, Sir, with great respect your obedient servant,

ANDREW D. WHITE.

The Murderer's Condition.

Wearisome the hours must have seemed to Foster yesterday. His life was just the same as on Monday. He was visited by his wife, his brother, Rev. Mr. Tyng, and Sheriff Brennan, remaining in earnest conversation with them for several hours. Sheriff Brennan's visit was of short duration, and relating merely to Foster's comfort until the execution. Two deputy sheriffs will remain with the condemned man night and day in regular watches until the time of his execution. The prisoner seems to be resigned to his fate, and awaits the execution of the mandate of the law with composure.

Novel Runaway Matches Even for Kentucky.

From the Lexington (Ky.) Reporter, March 15.

A singular incident happened on the L., C. and L. train conducted by Capt. Clobessy, the other day. An old gentleman and his hopeful son of about nineteen Summers got on the cars at Cropper's Station, in company with two blooming lasses. Their appearance and actions excited some suspicion, and upon inquiry it was ascertained that the two gentlemen were runaway lovers and the two ladies cousins, who were going to become of one flesh with the father and son respectively. The father, discreet man that he was, had chosen the elder of the two maidens, who was about twenty, and the son had taken the younger, a blooming miss of eighteen. They accomplished their journey in safety, were married in Jeffersonville, and returned by Capt. Clobessy's train again. It was quite amusing to see them as they chuckled over their success in outwitting the stern parents of the girls—leaning across the aisle to whisper to each other, and resuming their erect attitude to give an affectionate squeeze to the fair ones by their sides. We never before heard of father and son running off on the same train to get married, but presume it is well to have that kind of confidence existing in the same family.

THE WEATHER.

Synopsis and Probabilities.

WASHINGTON, March 19—1 A. M.—The area of low barometer that was, Monday night, in Iowa, has moved Eastward to Lake Ontario. The barometer has very generally fallen throughout the Atlantic and Gulf States. Fresh and brisk south-east winds, veering to south and west, with cloud and rain, have prevailed in the Middle and Eastern States and over the lower lakes. Rising barometer, north-west winds, and clearing weather are now reported from Lake Ontario to Virginia. South-west winds and clear weather prevail in the South Atlantic States. Southerly winds and partly cloudy weather, are reported from the Gulf States. A second storm-centre is apparently now in the North-west. Falling barometer and increasing south-west winds are reported from Iowa and Kansas. The barometer has fallen in Oregon and Northern California, with partly cloudy weather.

PROBABILITIES.

For Wednesday, in New-England and New-York, south and west winds, with cloud and rain in the morning, clearing away, except in northern New-England, by the evening; for the Middle States, westerly winds, partly cloudy and clearing weather; for the Southern States, westerly winds and generally clear weather, followed in the evening by southerly winds, and cloudy or rain in the Western Gulf States; the low barometer in the North-west extends over Michigan and the Ohio Valley, with increasing southerly winds and cloudy weather. Cautionary signals continue at Wood's Hole, Boston, and Portland, Me. They will be displayed at the lake stations from and after April 1.

City Meteorological Report.

The following record will show the changes in the temperature yesterday, with the average for the same, as indicated by the thermometer at Dickinson's drug-store, No. 3 Park-row: 3 A. M., 34°; 6 A. M., 32°; 9 A. M., 40°; 12 M., 48°; 3 P. M., 50°; 6 P. M., 47°; 9 P. M., 45°; 12 P. M., 42°; average temperature yesterday, 42¾°.

International Peace Congress in America.

To the Editor of the New-York Times:

It may not be too early to call the attention of the public mind to what may be regarded the most interesting assembly ever convened on this continent, and which will probably open its first session about the middle of next October. The friends of peace, both in America and Europe, have looked upon the High Court of Arbitration at Geneva, and the precedent which the two foremost nations established before that tribunal, as a new departure in the history of governments and peoples—a departure from the old blood way and barbarism of brute force, for the better road of justice, reason, humanity and human happiness. In this view, belief and hope, they are now proposing to convene a Congress of the most eminent publicists, statesmen, and philanthropists, to meet probably at New-York, next Fall, for the purpose of taking up the line of effort begun at Washington by the Joint High Commissioners, and of carrying it through to a consummation that shall give to the world an international code, elaborated by the best judicial authorities in Christendom, and which shall also provide for that permanent high court of nations which shall be to and for them all what our Supreme Court at Washington is to this great continental family of States. Rev. J. B. Miles, Secretary of the American Peace Society, is now visiting different countries in Europe, consulting with their most eminent jurists, publicists, and statesmen, with the view of securing their presence and active co-operation at such a congress, and the reception of the proposal has exceeded the best anticipations of those most directly interested in his mission. As I was to accompany him, and was only prevented from doing so by an injury received on a railroad journey early in December, his success is peculiarly gratifying to me, as showing that I was not needed to help him in the work he is so fully accomplishing alone. I am sure a few passages from a letter just received from him, written at Venice, will interest many who believe that the settlement of the Alabama difficulty presents a golden opportunity which should be made the most of for the good of mankind.

After mature consultation with friends of the movement here, Mr. Miles was to propose to publicists and other eminent men abroad this peculiar feature of an International Congress in America, which should distinguish it from all the peace congresses held at Brussels, Paris, Frankfort, and London twenty-five years ago. That it should consist of two distinct bodies, meeting at different places, and for different objects; that one of these should be a senate of publicists, consisting of thirty or forty of the first writers and authorities on international law, who should meet by themselves and elaborate an international code, clause by clause, bringing all their erudition to bear on this great work. The other body should be a large popular assembly of philanthropists, economists, ministers, editors, &c., from different countries, who should meet, for perhaps a week, to present all the moral, religious, economical, and humanitarian aspects of the general subject of peace. As this congress will be held in the same month as the Evangelical Alliance, many distinguished men from abroad connected with that assembly may be expected to be present at a meeting so congenial with the object of their visit to America. But the senate of publicists is to do the great practical work aimed at by the friends of peace, and it will be seen from Mr. Miles' letter how favorably this part of the proposition has been received. He writes:

"At Paris I had a very large and influential meeting. The proposition for a senate of jurists was heartily indorsed, and the decision was unanimous that the Governments could not be expected to take the initiative. In other words, our American plan was entirely approved. The meeting was attended by the most distinguished men in Paris, and our Minister, Washburne, was represented by his son and secretary, and Gen. J. M. Read was also present. I am to have another and much larger meeting in Paris on my return. My reception was most cordial. * * At Turin I had a long and full conference with Count Sclopis, President of the Court of Arbitration. He indorses our plan fully; says the senate must be ungovernmental, and he is to give his views at length in writing. * * At Rome I have had great success. I have conferred with the most eminent members of the Italian Parliament and writers upon international law. They enter into the movement very enthusiastically. Mancini, the leading member of Parliament, Professor of Law in the University, &c., has given me his indorsement in writing, as also others have done. They all say that the only hope of Italy is in the direction we are moving. They also say our American plan is the true one. Count Sclopis and Mancini will be members of the Senate, if we desire, and will esteem it a great honor. Italy is all right. I am on my way to Vienna to confer with Mr. Jay and others; thence to Berlin, the Hague, Brussels, &c.; and let me assure you, dear friend, the time is ripe for our glorious enterprise. Nothing stands in the way of making it the most benign and memorable movement of the age. Tell the American people what glorious encouragement I am meeting with."

I could not comply with this closing injunction more effectively than by asking admission for the foregoing extracts from Mr. Miles' letter describing the reception of the subject of his mission to Europe. They do indeed afford a "glorious encouragement" for the hope that here, in this young country of our hope, love, and pride, a structure of law, justice, equity, humanity, and reason will be erected by the representatives of all nations, which shall be broad enough to give perpetual peace, harmony, and safety to them all, and to protect forevermore the great commonwealth of mankind from the bloody and cruel barbarisms of war, which have so long wasted the fields and blighted the harvests of Christian civilization.

E. B.

NEW-BRITAIN, Conn., Monday, March 17, 1873.

Rhode Island Democratic State Convention.

PROVIDENCE, R. I., March 18.—The resolutions of the Democratic State Convention to-day denounce the Congressional Salary bill and the Credit Mobilier, express sympathy with the people of Louisiana, under the rule of the Federal Kuklux, and disapprove of the real estate qualifications for naturalized citizens in this State.

GREAT FORGERY.

An Ambitious Attempt to Defraud the Bank of England—Americans Suspected to be in the Case.

From the London Times, March 3.

It was discovered on Saturday that bills to an enormous amount had been forged upon all the principal houses in the City of London, and that these bills had been discounted by the Bank of England. Notice is therefore given to bankers, brokers, and others not to accept, receive, negotiate, or otherwise deal with any of the undermentioned securities of the United States, they, it is alleged, having been acquired out of the profits of the forgery, namely:

UNITED STATES SIX PER CENT. FIVE-TWENTY BONDS, 1867.

47 of $1,000 each, equal to $47,000.—Nos. 5,603, 6,018, 7,113, 9,431, 12,587, 25,385, 34,247, 36,435 to 8, 44,639, 69,024, 80,094, 95,913, 96,240, 106,660, 110,202, 114,864 to 6, 114,868 to 71, 114,878, 115,666, 140,959 to 60, 143,397 to 8, 196,499, 167,139, 168,434, 169,338, 170,643, 171,670 to 1, 174,595, 175,862, 178,926, 181,750, 193,993, 200,232, 207,847, 215,665, 224,944.

40 of $500 each, equal to $20,000.—Nos. 94 to 7, 1,491, 1,904, 4,877, 5,455, 7,333, 9,282, 9,612, 10,091, 11,921, 17,182, 81,417, 18,545, 20,676, 20,685, 21,789, 22,160, 27,711, 36,775, 39,325, 39,866, 42,558, 56,611, 59,143, 64,017 to 18, 64,198, 67,414, 71,681, 71,787, 73,086, 76,825, 78,684, 87,519, 99,189, 113,860, 115,575.

50 of $100 each, equal to $5,000.—Nos. 6,717, 6,850, 7,170, 11,674, 16,184, 18,765, 41,451, 41,453 to 4, 41,459, 44,970 to 1, 82,521, 85,083 to 4, 87,300, 92,488, 92,490, 99,830, 101,271 to 3, 104,864, 105,285, 107,242 to 4, 115,315, 119,513, 127,230, 127,772, 153,080, 167,053 to 4, 167,057, 169,037, 169,559, 176,451, 184,364, 194,941 to 3, 196,041, 198,375, 198,379, 206,189, 212,931 to 2, 215,579, 227,108.

UNITED STATES FIVE PER CENT. TEN-FORTY BONDS, 1864.

5 of $1,000 each, equal to $5,000.—Nos. 65,546, 78,182 to 3, 87,129, 88,392.

UNITED STATES FUNDED LOAN BONDS.

125 of $1,000, equal to $125,000.—Nos. 7,445 to 9, 8,801 to 2, 10,827, 14,513, 15,110 to 4, 18,587 to 8, 18,590 to 3, 25,868 to 70, 27,551, 28,616, 29,197 to 209, 31,839 to 62, 32,669, 33,451 to 2, 33,471 to 3, 41,863, 42,705 to 6, 43,487 to 8, 45,622 to 4, 49,672, 49,971 to 2, 52,860 to 8, 53,777 to 80, 53,794 to 6, 54,633, 59,907, 59,969, 59,944 to 5, 61,027, 62,583 to 7, 63,695, 63,907 to 8, 65,220, 67,623 to 5, 67,739, 71,628, 82,725 to 34.

69 of $500, equal to $34,500.—Nos. 1,140, 3,235, 4,224, 4,312, 8,692, 11,210 to 42, 11,555, 12,333, 12,336, 12,338, 13,065 to 9, 17,713 to 27, 17,949 to 51, 19,342 to 5.

10 of $100, equal to $1,000.—Nos. 10,277 to 84, 15,618 to 9.

In the event of any attempt to deal with any of the securities in question, it is requested that information may be at once given to Inspector Bailey, at the chief office of police in the city. A reward of £500 has been also offered for the apprehension of Frederick Albert Warren on the charge of forgery. He is described as having resided for some time at the Golden Cross Hotel, Charing-cross, and at Birmingham; as being about forty years of age, 5 feet 9 inches or 10 inches in height, thin, dark, and sallow, with dark hair and eyes; as speaking with a strong American accent, and as dressing "fairly well in a frock-coat and a loose brown overcoat." He is also believed by the police to pass by the name of C. J. Horton. Any one giving information which shall lead to the apprehension and conviction of Mr. F. A. Warren, otherwise C. J. Horton, will be paid the reward of £500 on application at the principal city police office in the Old Jewry.

THE MODUS OPERANDI.

From the London Times, March 4.

The forgery discovered on Saturday, in the city, will rank among the most skillful attempts to prey upon the complex organization of modern commerce. It is no isolated fraud committed by an ordinary gang of forgers for the sake of a few hundred pounds. It is as elaborate a conspiracy as was ever concerted at New-York to gain the command of a railway or the bullion market, and must evidently have been carried out by men of considerable acquaintance with commercial affairs and commanding a large capital. The manner in which the plot was laid indicates the possession of very complete information respecting the management of business in the city. The object was to get forged bills discounted. Now, the Bank of England exercises very great caution in admitting new customers to the privilege of obtaining discount. Any person who desires to open a "discount account," must be introduced by one of the directors, and, consequently, very careful inquiries are made into his respectability and solvency. It is highly improbable that the confederate of a gang of forgers would be able to produce sufficiently satisfactory recommendations to induce the bank to grant him discount accommodation. But the bank has a branch in Burlington Gardens which does an entirely different kind of business from the parent establishment in the city. It is intended for the convenience of gentlemen and ladies and West-end tradesmen who might find it inconvenient to journey to the city in order to transact their occasional business. It is not, therefore, ordinarily concerned with the large bill transactions of city commerce, and in consequence is less bound by strict regulations in dealing with any business of that nature which might accidentally be brought to it. The conspirators must have been aware of this, and they laid their plans for approaching the Bank of England by this weaker portion of its defenses.

The person, accordingly, who is now being sought by the police, commenced by opening a deposit account of the ordinary character with the Western branch of the bank. For this purpose he would need only an introduction by some customer, and the only evidence of solvency the bank would require of him would be the deposit of a sufficient cash balance. This was, of course, forthcoming, and constituted part of the capital with which the scheme was carried on. Of course, all the money thus invested would, it was expected, ultimately be recovered; but the gang must have been well supplied with funds in order to afford to keep a large sum of money invested, as it were, in the speculation. The manager of the plot was in no hurry, and took care to gain a good footing before he ventured on his ultimate enterprise. He behaved for some time just like an ordinary customer of good resources. He drew upon his balance and renewed it, but kept it always at a good figure. After a while he deposited some bills. They were good and genuine bills. Still he was careful not to be hasty, and he continued his transactions with the bank until he had acquired the reputation of a person engaged in legitimate commerce and thoroughly trustworthy. At length the moment came for the presentation of forged bills. They were discounted without hesitation, and the authors of the fraud had, to all appearance, succeeded in safely pocketing about £100,000. Some of the money, it appears, was invested in United States bonds, so that to the last they might avoid the appearance of doing anything unusual. They are said to be Americans, and what more natural than that they should desire bonds of their own country? All these arrangements were masterpieces of ingenuity and patience. But the bills themselves must have required the greatest amount of labor. In the first place, many of the large firms upon whom the bills purported to be drawn are in the habit of using a peculiar kind of paper, with certain water-marks and printed matter. All this would have to be imitated, and, as the bills were drawn on more than one firm, there must have been several such imitations. There remained the drawing of the bills and the affixing the signatures, and each bill must have required a series of feats in successful forging. Some bills were backed by several acceptors, so that there might easily be as many as half-a-dozen signatures on a single bill. Yet the bills were so perfect that not one of them was questioned on the ground of the acceptances not appearing genuine. The plot had, to all appearance, a success which its consummate skill and patience deserved. The money was obtained. The bills were drawn at three months' date; no further inquiry was likely to be made about them until they fell due, and the forgers would have ample time for placing themselves far beyond all risk of capture. But it is rarely that these conspiracies are not marred by some utterly gratuitous oversight, and the execution of this scheme was marred by the inevitable flaw. The men who had exerted a skill, foresight, and perseverance sufficient to insure the unhesitating acceptance of forged bills could not escape one trivial blunder, which revealed the whole plot. They presented two bills in which the date of acceptance had been omitted. The whole calendar was at their disposal; they knew perfectly well that a single slip in the usual formalities would be fatal, and yet they fell into the folly of marring their whole scheme for lack of a date. Inquiry was of course made of the firm whose acceptance was thus undated; it was discovered that the bill was not genuine, and the whole series were then found to be forgeries. How much further the plot might have been carried it is impossible to say.

Thus a conspiracy, which must have required months of work, the most patient ingenuity, sustained management, and the expenditure of large capital, has suddenly collapsed "for lack of a nail," and the whole labor is lost. It is difficult to know whether to feel more surprise at the misdirected energy required for such a scheme, or at the evidence it affords of the dangers to which our elaborate system of commercial finance is necessarily exposed. Considering the millions which change hands day by day, by the mere process of indorsing bits of paper, it is only wonderful that more forgeries are not attempted. But it requires qualities quite out of the common to carry out a plot of this magnitude and elaboration. It was in the first place a speculation of the highest rashness. These men staked large sums of money on the chance of their being able to pass off successfully a complicated series of forgeries. The same amount of money invested in a legitimate enterprise, and applied with similar energy, could not have failed to yield an abundant return. What is the perversity which drives men of these talents and opportunities into a career in which they risk everything on the mere chance that not a single element in their plan will fail them? It is not the work of an ordinary thief who might forge to obtain the immediate necessities of life. It is more like the desperation of gamblers—the class who have just been dispersed over Europe by the closing of the gaming-tables on the Rhine, who find a pleasure in staking everything they have on a mere chance. The prompt discovery, however, will hardly fail to act as a severe check on similar conspiracies.

The Forgeries on the Bank of England—Movements of Detectives.

The police-boat "Seneca," under command of Captain Frank Speight, started down the Bay last evening, having on board Captain James Irving of the Central Detective Office, Detective Officers Philip Farley and Thomas Dusenbury, and Captain Thomas Sampson, the detective in the employ of the Stock Exchange. In the company of these New-York officers is a Canadian detective who, with several of his associates, has been sojourning here for over a week past, obtaining information in regard to the recent forgeries perpetrated in England by some American sharpers, by which the Bank of England is supposed to have been defrauded out of a million dollars. The object of the cruise down the Bay is stated to be the interception of some one of the British steamers now overdue at this port, on which, it is reported, those most intimately concerned in the frauds referred to have taken passage for this country.

OBITUARY.

Bovy-Lysberg, Composer.

The *Swiss Times* says that Geneva has just lost a valuable citizen in the person of M. Charles Bovy, better known to the musical world by his pseudonym of Lysberg. He was the son of Antoine Bovy, the celebrated engraver of medals, and was born at Geneva in the year 1821, where he prosecuted his initial studies in music. The rapid progress he made in this art determined his parents to send him to Paris, where he had the good fortune to become the pupil of Chopin, and to study composition with Delaire. He soon won fame as a pianist as well as a composer. Among his best known works are "Romances sans Paroles," "Etudes de Salon," "Napolitana," "Fontaine," and the "Réveil des Oiseaux." M. Bovy-Lysberg was universally respected for his talents and the benevolence and sweetness of his disposition. He was interred in the cemetery at Dardagny on March 4. M. James Fazy and M. Carl Vogt each delivered a short eulogistic discourse over his grave.

The Coronation of Sweden's King.

It is stated that the committee appointed by the Swedish Diet to consider the question of the coronation of King Oscar has made its report. It will be remembered that when a motion for a grant to defray the expenses of the ceremony was made a short time ago, there was a strong expression of unwillingness to sanction any expenditure of public money for such an object, and by a very narrow majority the question was referred to a committee for consideration, as an alternative to an absolute rejection of the motion. The members of the Second Chamber, to whom the question was referred, instead of ignoring the proposal, adopt the more dignified and conciliatory course of issuing a detailed and explanatory report. The matter is now virtually left to the discretion of the King himself. The committee report that the Constitution prescribes nothing expressly with regard to the coronation of the monarch, and that the ties connecting the King and his people are not, in their opinion, strengthened by the celebration of a ceremony so strongly condemned by M. Hédin and his supporters. Though thus indorsing to a limited extent the expressed opinion of the majority in the Diet, the committee recommend that the King himself shall decide whether the ceremony shall take place or not, and they add a further recommendation that in case he should decide to do as his predecessors have done, simplicity and economy should be marked features of the coronation.

The Committee of Seventy.

The Committee of Seventy met last evening, at their rooms on Broadway, Mr. Benj. B. Sherman, vice-chairman, presiding, and received a communication from the German-American Reform Association advising the appointment of a commission of publicists to prepare a charter for this City, and reaffirmed the principles of municipal government previously laid down by the committee.

Suicide in Brooklyn.

W. E. Pritchard, forty-five years of age, shot himself through the head with a pistol at 10 o'clock yesterday morning at his residence, No. 171 Eighth-street, South Brooklyn, and died shortly after the arrival of the physicians. Mental abberation is the cause assigned. The deceased leaves a wife and three children.

A Detective Sentenced to Six Years' Imprisonment.

William L. Hatch, the private detective convicted on Monday of perjury in the Cox divorce case, was sentenced by Judge Moore, yesterday, to State Prison for six years and three months at hard labor.

TWO YEARS AGO, my son contracted the Bronchitis, and soon became so ill he had to take his bed. After using a bottle of Dr. Jayne's Expectorant he obtained some ease, and was evidently better, but a strong fever coming on subsequently, his mother and myself became anxious and sent for our family doctor. He told us the Expectorant might give him relief, but would not cure him, so he gave us some medicine of his own prescribing. He rapidly became so much worse under the treatment, that we all feared he would die, and as a last resort, determined to give the Expectorant another trial. To our great joy, after taking two bottles of this remedy, with the Sanative Pills as they were required, he was soon entirely cured. I have since cured a troublesome case of Croup with the Expectorant, and know of its being used with beneficial results in other cases of Bronchial Disorders. I can safely say, it is a most excellent medicine for the throat and lungs.—*John Shaffer, of Mount Carroll County, Illinois.—World.*

Woman's Work.

Little things make up the sum of existence, and this thing of having to run up or down stairs, when one wants to know the hour, is more than womankind should bear. Mankind should save their steps by buying from American Clock Company, No. 581 Broadway, correct time-pieces for each floor of their homes.—*Commercial Advertiser.*

TEXAS JACK, the living Scout, now performing with Buffalo Bill and Ned Buntline in the drama of the "Scouts of the Prairie," is the hero of an exciting story just commenced in the *New-York Weekly.*

"MARRIED IN MASK," a new story, by Mansfield Tracy Walworth, is now ready in the *New-York Weekly.*

THOUSANDS HAVE DIED PREMATURELY by neglecting a Cold. Coughs, Colds, and Consumption surely and quickly cured by DR. WM. HALL'S BALSAM FOR THE LUNGS. Sold by all druggists. Depot No. 118 Warren-st.—*Advertisement.*

Dandruff.

BURNETT'S COCOAINE REMOVES.—*Advertisement.*

THE WEEKLY TIMES.

THE NEW-YORK WEEKLY TIMES, issued this day, contains:

THE LATEST NEWS, HOME AND FOREIGN.

EDITORIAL NOTES OF CURRENT EVENTS.

LATEST WASHINGTON LETTERS AND DISPATCHES.

LATEST ALBANY NEWS.

THE LATEST MARKETS. Both City and by Telegraph.

THE BEST FARM-PRODUCE MARKET IN THE CITY.

AN ORIGINAL STORY, by S. A. Clark. "A Romance of the Desert."

CORRESPONDENCE—HOME AND FOREIGN.

RESOURCES OF ARIZONA.

WASHINGTON NOTES. By Grace Greenwood.

FLORIDA—CLIMATE AND SCENERY. A Tourist's Experience.

LATEST FASHION NOTES FOR THE LADIES.

A FULL PAGE OF AGRICULTURAL MATTER. What Fertilisers to Use.

TREE-PLANTING IN NEBRASKA.

ANALYSIS OF THE SOIL OF THE PRAIRIES. By Prof. Goessman.

PROCEEDINGS OF AMERICAN INSTITUTE FARMERS' CLUB.

For this, and much more interesting matter, see THE WEEKLY TIMES. Price 5 cents, in wrappers. For sale at counter in TIMES Office.

Gentlemen's Hats.
SPRING OPENING.
UNIQUE,
ARTISTIC,
SEASONABLE.
FULL DRESS, UNDRESS, TRAVELING, AND EVENING WEAR.
Complete and Attractive Variety.
All Tastes Suited.
Perfection our Aim.
Reasonable Accomplishment Attained.
WARNOCK & CO., Hatters, No. 519 Broadway.

For Moth Patches, Freckles, and Tan, use PERRY'S MOTH AND FRECKLE LOTION. Sold by druggists everywhere. Depot No. 49 Bond-st., New-York.

For a first-class Dress or Business Hat go to the manufacturer, ESPENSCHEID, No. 118 Nassau-st.

New-York Stencil Works, No. 87 Nassau-st., New-York.

Batchelor's Hair Dye is the Best in the world—the only safe, true and perfect hair dye. No ridiculous tints—no disappointment—harmless, reliable, instantaneous black or brown. At all druggists and No. 16 Bond-st.

DIED.

BALLARD.—In this City, March 18, MELINDA BALLARD, widow of the late S. Ballard, aged 78 years and 6 months.

Friends and acquaintances are respectfully invited to attend her funeral Thursday morning at 9½, from the residence of her daughter, Mrs. Aaron Ganong, No. 342 3d-av. The remains will be interred at Lake Mahopac.

BASS.—At London, England, on Monday morning, March 17, SAMUEL W. BASS, Jr., aged 22 years, only son of Samuel W. Bass, of this City.

Notice of funeral hereafter.

BALLAGH.—At Lynchburg, Va., Monday, March 17, MAGGIE, daughter of the late Robert Ballagh, of Northport, Long Island.

Funeral from the house of Mrs. Cobert, Bushwick-av., corner of Duryea st., Brooklyn, E. D., on Wednesday, March 19, at 11 o'clock.

BELDEN.—At Trinity Chapel Home, ELIZABETH N. BELDEN, aged 78 years.

Funeral at Trinity Chapel, this Wednesday afternoon, at 1 o'clock.

BOSSART.—In Buffalo, on Sunday, the 16th inst., in the 24th year of her age, CHARLOTTE A., wife of Paul W. Bossart, and daughter of Caroline and the late D. A. Pitcher, of Brooklyn.

Funeral from No. 36 Cheever-place, Brooklyn, on Wednesday, the 19th inst., at 2½ P. M.

☞ Connecticut and Massachusetts papers please copy.

BIRDSALL.—On Tuesday, March 18, at his residence, in Orange, N J., JAMES BIRDSALL, in the 38th year of his age.

Notice of funeral hereafter.

CARNEY.—At Greenwich, Conn., Monday, March 17, Mrs. MARTHA E. CARNEY, aged 47 years and 8 months.

The friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, on Friday, at 10½ A. M.

HEATON.—At Flushing, Long Island, on Second Day, Third Month, 17th, ELIZABETH, relict of the late John Heaton, of Bolton, Lancashire, England, mother of John Heaton, of Flushing, aged 87 years and 7 months.

Friends of the family are invited to attend the funeral, from Friends' Meeting-house, Flushing, on Fourth Day, Third Month, 19th, at 9½ o'clock. Train leaves Hunter's Point at 8:33.

HOLMES.—At Stamford, Conn., on Tuesday morning, March 18, FREDERICK GOODWIN, youngest son of Rev Stephen F. and S. Ella Holmes, aged 1 year and 17 days.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral from St. John's Church, Stamford, Conn., on Thursday afternoon at 2½ o'clock.

☞ Middletown, Conn., papers please copy.

KERRIGAN.—At her late residence No. 170 West 12th-st., on Tuesday, March 18, MAGGIE D., wife of Dr. Joseph A. Kerrigan and daughter of the late Daniel Devlin.

Notice of funeral hereafter.

PARET.—On Tuesday, March 18, CORNELIUS PARET, aged 39 years, of chronic rheumatism.

Funeral Wednesday at 1½ P. M., from his late residence, No. 231 Bay-st., Jersey City.

ROPES.—Suddenly, at Elizabethport, N. J., on the 17th inst., Judge JONATHAN M. ROPES, in the 74th year of his age.

Funeral from the Marshall-street Presbyterian Church, on Wednesday, 19th inst., at 1 P. M.

SMITH.—On Sunday, the 16th inst., of Bright's disease, at the residence of his son-in law, John A. Lockwood, GEORGE W. SMITH, in his 87th year.

Relatives and friends are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from the Central M. E. Church, South 5th, near 5th-st., Brooklyn, E. D., on Thursday afternoon, at 3 o'clock.

☞ Elmira (N. Y.) papers please copy.

TALLMADGE.—At Poughkeepsie, Sunday, March 16, ISABELLA, wife of William H. Tallmadge, and daughter of the late John B. Montgomery.

Funeral from the First Reformed Church, on Wednesday, March 19, at 2 o'clock P. M. Relatives and friends are invited to attend without further notice. Carriages will be at the depot on arrival of the 10½ train.

THOMAS.—On Monday, 17th inst., GEORGIANA, youngest daughter of the late George C. Thomas.

The friends of the family are invited to attend the funeral, from St. John's Church, Elizabeth, on Wednesday afternoon, at 4½ o'clock.

VAN AMRINGE.—On Sunday, the 16th inst., WILLIAM F. VAN AMRINGE, of this City, in the 82d year of his age.

Relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral at his late residence, No. 150 West 34th-st., on Wednesday afternoon, the 19th inst., at 1 o'clock.

WATERMAN.—In Paris, 12th inst., of Roman fever, ALICE, daughter of Wm. H. and Martha B. Waterman, of Providence, R. I.

WARNOCK.—On Monday, the 17th inst., ANN, wife of John Warnock.

Funeral on Wednesday, the 19th, at 12½ P. M. Interment in Bronxville Cemetery.

WILLARD.—At Passaic, N. J., Saturday evening, March 15, HATTIE NOYES, daughter of William A. and Mary Thompson Willard, aged 2 years 4 months and 11 days.

MISCELLANEOUS.

IMPORTANT
ART SALE.
THIS WEDNESDAY EVENING,
Also TO-MORROW (Thursday) EVENING, at the Clinton Hall Sale-rooms.
MR. BEAUMONT'S PICTURES.
THE MESSRS. LEAVITT, AUCTIONEERS.
The exhibition at the art-rooms will close at 2 o'clock each day of the sale.

THE MOZIER STATUARY.
EXECUTOR'S SALE OF MARBLE STATUES
Belonging to the estate of the late Joseph Mozier.
Also, several very beautiful busts and medallions by R. H. Park, Esq. Also, two very elegant clocks.
The whole now on view at the Clinton Hall Sale-rooms, and to be sold by auction on SATURDAY EVENING, 22d inst.
The Messrs. LEAVITT, Auctioneers.

THE BEST PAPER! TRY IT!!
The SCIENTIFIC AMERICAN is the cheapest and best illustrated weekly paper published. Every number contains from ten to fifteen original engravings of new machinery, novel inventions, bridges, engineering works, architecture, improved farm implements, and every new discovery in chemistry. A year's numbers contain 832 pages and several hundred engravings. Thousands of volumes are preserved for binding and reference. The practical receipts are well worth ten times the subscription price. Terms, $3 a year by mail. Specimens sent free. May be had of all news-dealers.
PATENTS obtained on the best terms. Models of new inventions and sketches examined, and advice free. All patents are published in the SCIENTIFIC AMERICAN the week they issue. Send for pamphlet, 110 pages, containing laws and full directions for obtaining patents.
Address for the paper, or concerning patents, MUNN & CO., No. 37 Park-row, New-York. Branch Office, corner F and 7th sts. Washington, D. C.

ON THE
BREAKFAST, LUNCHEON, DINNER, AND
SUPPER TABLE,
LEA & PERRINS'
WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE
IS INDISPENSABLE.
JOHN DUNCAN'S SONS,
Agents for the United States.

CONSUMPTION CAN BE CURED.—SCHENCK'S PULMONIC SYRUP, SCHENCK'S SEAWEED TONIC, SCHENCK'S MANDRAKE PILLS, are the only medicines that will cure Pulmonary Consumption.
Frequently medicines that stop a cough will occasion the death of the patient. They lock up the liver, stop the circulation of the blood, hemorrhage follows, and, in fact, they clog the action of the very organs that caused the cough.
Liver Complaint and Dyspepsia are the causes of two-thirds of the cases of Consumption. Many persons complain of a dull pain in the side, constipation, coated tongue, pain in the shoulder-blade, feelings of drowsiness and restlessness, the food lying heavily on the stomach, accompanied with acidity and belching up of wind.
These symptoms usually originate from a disordered condition of the stomach or a torpid liver.
Persons so affected, if they take one or two heavy colds, and if the cough in these cases be suddenly checked, will find the stomach and liver clogged, remaining torpid and inactive, and almost before they are aware the lungs are a mass of sores and ulcerated, the result of which is death.
Schenck's Pulmonic Syrup is an expectorant which does not contain opium or anything calculated to check a cough suddenly.
Schenck's Seaweed Tonic dissolves the food, mixes with the gastric juices of the stomach, aids digestion, and creates a ravenous appetite.
When the bowels are costive, skin sallow, or the symptoms otherwise of a billious tendency, Schenck's Mandrake Pills are required.
These medicines are prepared only by
J. H. SCHENCK & SON,
North-east corner 6th and Arch sts., Philadelphia,
And are for sale by all druggists and dealers.
Wholesale agent, JNO. F. HENRY, Nos. 8 and 9 College-place, New-York.

HENRY CAPT, OF GENEVA,
Now has a beautiful assortment of Watches and Traveling Clocks of his own make, at No. 22 UNION-SQUARE.

GOLD PENS.
FOLEY'S CELEBRATED GOLD PENS,
NO. 2 ASTOR HOUSE,
Opposite Herald Office.

ROYAL HAVANA LOTTERY OF CUBA.
New scheme for 1873 now out. Prizes cashed, orders filled, information furnished. Highest rates paid for Spanish Bank Bills, Government Securities, &c.
TAYLOR & CO., Bankers,
No. 16 Wall-st., New-York.

POST-OFFICE NOTICE.
The mails for Europe, during the week ending Saturday, March 22, 1873, will close at this office on Wednesday at 6 A. M.; on Thursday at 11 A. M., and on Saturday at 9 and 11 A. M.
P. H. JONES, Postmaster.

TAPE WORM
Removed in a few hours with head complete; medicine harmless, being purely vegetable; no fee asked until head passes. Botanic Depot, No. 8 2d-av.
DR. EASTWOOD.

ROYAL HAVANA LOTTERY.—Whole tickets, $25. Circulars sent; information given. J. B. MARTINEZ & CO., Bankers, No. 10 Wall-st., Post-office Box No. 4,685, New-York.

NOTICE.—WILL THE WRITER OF THE communication in the issue of this paper of the 18th ult., signed C., please send his address to this paper, Box No. 140, for E. H. S.

COMMISSIONER FOR ILLINOIS and other States and notary public, office No. 1 Beekman-st., Room No. 7, first floor.

NEW PUBLICATIONS.

NEW MUSIC.—MISS SIMMONS' "FROM East to West," waltz, 75c.; J. R. Thomas' "The Old Time," 40c.; Molloy's "So the Story Goes," 30c.; Strauss' "Doctrinen" and "Honor the Ladies," waltzes, 75c. each; Millard's "Meeting," 50c.; Rubinstein's "Melody in F," 40c.; "Credit Mobilier," march, 40c. &c.
DITSON & CO., Publishers, No. 711 Broadway.

BOOK ON STRICTURE, FISTULA, AND Thirty Diseases of the Pelvic Viscera. By HENRY A. DANIELS, M. D., 144 Lexington-av. Mailed for [illegible]

REAL ESTATE TRANSACTIONS.

At the Exchange, yesterday, Tuesday, March 18, sales were made and other business transacted as follows:

Muller, Wilkins & Co. sold at public auction the following City property: Premises No. 10 Hamilton-street, south side, between Catherine and Market streets, embracing one lot 25 by 100, with gore lot on west side 25.10 by about 30, with two six-story brick tenement-houses and a three-story and basement frame house on same; sold for $25,000 to Patrick Reynolds. Also, three lots on East One Hundred and Twelfth-street, north side, 100 feet west of Third-avenue; sold for $2,850 to A. Bernheimer. The same firm also sold, by order of the executors of the estate of Hannah Frye, deceased, the three-story brick-front house and lot, No. 126 West Forty-fifth-street, south side, 300 feet west of Sixth-avenue, for $15,200; purchaser, Francis Blessing. Messrs. Muller & Co., in addition, offered at public auction the three-story high-stoop brown-stone-front house and lot, No. 141 West Thirty-sixth-street, between Broadway and Seventh-avenue, but without effecting a sale, although bids to the amount of $16,500 were received.

A. J. Bleecker, Son & Co., at an executor's sale, by order of the executor of the estate of Daniel Marley, deceased, disposed of the three-story high-stoop brown-stone front house and lot, No. 120 West Forty-seventh-street, south side, between Sixth and Seventh avenues, lot 18.9 by 100.5, for $19,000. Purchaser, Mrs. B. L. Bennett. Also, by order of the Supreme Court in foreclosure, under the direction of Luke A. Lockwood, Esq., referee, the five-story brick tenement house and lot, No. 411 East Seventeenth-street, north side, 169 feet east of First-avenue, lot 25 by 92, for $11,025. Purchaser, Richard S. Newcomb.

Joseph McGuire, at public auction, sold the three-story and tenement high-stoop brick house and lot, No. 132 West Twenty-seventh-street, south side, 380 feet west of Sixth-avenue, lot 20 by 98.9, for $14,250, to J. W. Coles. Also, under a Supreme Court foreclosure decree, John J. Post, Esq., referee, a plot of ground containing above two lots, in size, 25.7 by 161 by 25 by 166.6, situate on the north side of West Fifty-seventh-street, 100 feet west of Tenth-avenue, for $8,000. Purchaser, Henry Klaess, plaintiff in the legal action. The other legal auctions announced, in charge of Mr. McGuire, were adjourned, as follows: Sale of four lots, with buildings, on East One Hundred and Twenty-ninth-street, west of Seventh-avenue, adjourned to Tuesday of next week, and sale of premises Nos. 44, 46, and 48 New-Bowery, near James-street, known as the Grant House, adjourned to April 1.

James M. Miller, by order of the Supreme Court, in foreclosure, under the direction of R. C. Beamish, Esq., referee, disposed of three lots, together forming a plot in size 60 by 99.11, located on the north side of West One Hundred and Thirty-third-street, 100 feet west of Seventh-avenue, for $8,000, the purchaser being B. P. Fairchild. The other legal sale, under the direction of the same referee, of a house and lot on West One Hundred and Thirty-second-street, west of Fifth-avenue, did not take place, the case having been settled. Mr. Miller, in addition, sold at public auction two full lots on the south side of West One Hundred and Thirty-fourth-street, 125 feet east of Twelfth-avenue, for $2,700 each, to A. P. Mead and one full lot on the north side of West One Hundred and Fiftieth-street, 300 feet west of Ninth-avenue, to a Mr. Lentus, for $3,925.

The remaining proposed auctions of the day at the Exchange resulted as follows: Public auction sale, by E. H. Ludlow & Co., of house and lot No. 48 West Eleventh-street; property withdrawn, the bids received for same being deemed inadequate. Legal sale, by Wm. Kennelly, of house and lot on South Fifth-avenue, north of Prince-street; nothing done, owing to the non-appearance of the referee in charge.

BROOKLYN REAL ESTATE.

In Brooklyn at Auction Exchange, Nos. 399 and 401 Fulton-street, Jere. Johnson, Jr., sold at public auction six three-story Philadelphia brick-front stores, dwellings, and lots, each 18.2 by 42 by 80, Nos. 328, 330, 332, 334, 336, and 338 Court-street, near Sackett-street, at prices ranging from $9,000 to $11,600 each, or for a total of $62,000. The frame house and plot No. 107 Willow-street, near Clark-street, was also offered and knocked down at $13,500 but not sold. Particulars concerning the sale of the Court-street property are annexed.

Special attention is called to the sale to be held in Brooklyn to-day by Mr. Johnson, at which 122 very valuable building lots are to be sold. A most important auction.

TO-DAY'S AUCTIONS.

For to-day, at the Exchange and elsewhere, the following sales are projected:

By V. K. Stevenson, Jr., public auction sale of the two three-story and basement high-stoop brown-stone front houses and lots Nos. 2 and 4 Mitchell-place, (East Forty-ninth-street,) near First-avenue, houses each 50 feet deep, lots 18.6 by 80.10.

By William Kennelly, Supreme Court foreclosure sale, the premises No. 53 Suffolk-street, west side, between Grand and Broome streets, embracing a lot 25 by 100, with a two-story and basement frame house upon the front thereof, and a three-story and basement brick house in rear. Also, similar sale of a house and lot on East Seventy-sixth-street, south side, 375 feet east of Second-avenue, lot 25 by 102.2. Also, similar sale of a house with lease of lot, situate on East Eighteenth-street, north side, 156 feet east of First-avenue, lot 20 by 92; lease for twenty years from May 1, 1870; ground rent $170 per annum.

By James M. Miller, at Exchange, executors' sale of the three-story high-stoop brick (with marble trimmings) house and lot No. 244 East Fortieth-street, south side, 133 feet west of Second-avenue, lot 24 by 98.9. Also, public auction sale of the three-story and basement brick house and lot No. 389 East Fourth-street. Also, Supreme Court foreclosure sale of two houses and lots on East Fifty-seventh-street, south side, 218 feet east of Lexington-avenue.

By Muller, Wilkins & Co., at Exchange, Supreme Court foreclosure sale of one lot, 25 by 100.10, on East One Hundred and Thirteenth-street, north side, 168 feet west of Avenue A.

By Jere. Johnson, Jr., at Auction Exchange, Nos. 399 and 401 Fulton-street, Brooklyn, public auction sale of nine valuable pieces of business property situate on Atlantic-avenue, in the city named, as follows: Nos. 223 and 225 Atlantic-avenue, north side, 123 feet east of Court-street, a four-story brick store, 70 feet deep, with lot 27.3 by 89; No. 227 Atlantic-avenue, adjoining above, a three-story brick store, with lot 25 by 90; No. 316 Atlantic-avenue, south side, between Smith and Hoyt streets, a five-story brick store and dwelling, 60 feet deep, with lot 25 by 90; Nos. 328, 330, and 332 Atlantic-avenue, south side, between same streets above named, three four-story brick stores, dwellings, and lots, latter each 20 by 90; No. 485 Atlantic-avenue, north side, 230 feet north of Nevins-street, a four-story brick store and dwelling, with lot 20 by 90; No. 510 Atlantic-avenue, south side, 125 feet west of Third-avenue, a two story and basement brick house, with lot 25 by 80, and No. 680 Atlantic-avenue, south side, near Sixth-avenue, a house, with lot 24.3 by about 42. Mr. Johnson will also offer at public auction, by order of Edwin C. Litchfield, Esq., and others, an extensive list of choice building lots, 122 in number, all admirably located on leading thoroughfares of Brooklyn.

By Dingee, Porter & Co., at White Plains, Westchester County, on the property, at 12 M., Supreme Court partition sale of a farm containing fifty-three acres of land, known as the Dean farm, situate on Westchester-avenue, within a mile of the village of White Plains.

By J. M. Gibson, at Jersey City, N. J., on the premises, at 3 o'clock, the three-story and basement high-stoop brick house and lot No. 180 York-street, Jersey City; house 22 by 32; lot 25 by 100.

Exchange Sales, Tuesday, March 18.

NEW-YORK.

By Muller, Wilkins & Co.

Premises No. 10 Hamilton-st., s. s., between Catharine and Market sts., lot 25x100, with gore lot on west side, 51.6 ft. s. of Hamilton-st., 25.10x about 30, houses on same, 1 6-story brick tenement 25x53.2 on front of lot, 1 3-story and basement frame tenement 18.9x25 on rear, and 1 6-story brick tenement 25.9x28 on gore lot	$25,000
1 3-story brick front h. and l. No. 126 West 45th-st., s. s., 300 ft. w. of 6th-av., lot 25x100, and house 32 ft. deep	15,200
3 lots, East 112th-st., n. s., 100 ft. w. of 3d-av., each 20x100.11, $2,850 each	8,550

By A. J. Bleecker, Son & Co.

1 3-story and basement h. s. b. s. h. and l., No. 120 West 47th-st., s. s., between 6th and 7th avs., lot 18.9x100.5	19,000
1 5-story brick tenement h. and l., No. 411 East 17th-st., n. s., 169 ft. e. of 1st-av., lot 25x92	11,025

By Joseph McGuire.

1 3-story and basement high-stoop brick h. and l., No. 132 West 27th-st., s. s., 380 ft. W. of 6th-av.; lot 20x98.9	14,250
1 plot West 57th-st., n. s., 100 ft. w. of 10th-av.; 25.7x161.25x166.6	8,000

By James M. Miller.

3 lots, West 133d-st., n. s., 100 ft. w. of 7th-av.; 220 x99.11. Sold together as one plot	8,000
2 lots, West 134th-st., s. s., 125 ft. e. of 12th-av.; each 25x99.11; $2,700 each	54,000
1 lot, West 150th-st., n. s., 300 ft. w. of 9th-av.; 25 x98	3,925

Brooklyn Exchange Sales.

By Jere. Johnson, Jr.

1 three-story Philadelphia-brick front store, dwelling, and lot, No. 328 Court-st., w. s., 18.2 ft. s. of Sackett-st., lot 18.2x80, building 42 ft. deep; S. A. Woodrow, purchaser	$10,950
1 similar building and lot, No. 330 Court-st., adjoining above; John Silsbee, purchaser	11,600
1 similar building and lot, No. 332 Court-st., adjoining above; John Gruben, purchaser	9,000
1 similar building and lot, No. 334 Court-st., adjoining above; Frederick Bantle, purchaser	9,000
1 similar building and lot, No. 336 Court-st., adjoining above; James Toner, purchaser	10,550
1 similar building and lot, No. 338 Court-st., adjoining above; S. A. Woodrow, purchaser	10,900

Recorded Real Estate Transfers.

NEW-YORK.

Monday, March 17.

20th-st., s. s., between 6th and 7th avs	$12,500
30th-st., s. s., 227.8 ft. e. of 9th-av., 18.4x98.9	13,000
47th-st., n. s., 457.4 ft. e. of 8th-av., 16.2x40x1x 43.11	9,500
49th-st., s. s., 375 ft. w. of 6th-av., 25x100.5	16,750
58th-st., n. s., 25 ft. e. of Lexington-av., 20x80.5	27,000
58th-st., n. s., 125 ft. e. of Madison-av., 100x102.2	42,000
88d-st., n. s., 255.7 ft. w. of 3d-av., 102.3x102.2	26,000
97th-st., n. s., 300 w. of 8th-av., 100x100.3	18,000
112th-st., n. s., 100 ft. w. of 3d-av., 60x100.11	7,500
120th-st., n. s., 100 ft. w. of 1st av., 16.8x100.10, h. and l.; 120th-st., n. s., 74.6 ft. w. of 1st-av., thence w. 29.5x thence n. 29.2x thence s. e. to beginning gore; 127th-st., n. s., 328.9 ft. w. of 6th-av., 15.9x99.11, h. and l	nom.
124th-st., s. s., 136 ft. e. of Madison-av., 18x100, h. and l	18,000
129th-st., s. s., 428.4 ft. w. of 5th-av., 21.6x99.11, h. and l	15,000
132d-st., s. s., 510 ft. w. of 5th-av., 16.8x99.11	8,500
3d-av., w. s., 25 ft. s. of 117th-st., 25x100, h. and l.	23,000
7th-av., e. s., 49.11 ft. n. of 133d-st., th. e. 75 x th. n. 77.7 x th. s. w. 3.5 x th. w. 71.8 to 7th-av. x th. s. 25 x th. easterly 87.9 x th. s. w. 47.4 to 7th-av. x th. s. 22 to beginning; 134th-st., s. s., 75 ft. e. of 7th-av., 100x99.11	28,000
10th-av., w. s., 76.7 ft. s. of 77th-st., 25.6x90, assessment 482	5,050

LEASES.

Canal-st., No. 83, 5 years, per year	$1,750
28th-st., No. 323, 3 years, per year	1,700
2d-av., No. 345, 3 years, per year	1,880

CITY REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE—THREE THREE-STORY AND basement Philadelphia brick houses; new, with modern conveniencies from top to bottom; built by day's work; best house for the price in Brooklyn; terms easy. Corner Marcy-av. and Monroe-st.

FOR SALE—IN WEST 44TH-ST., FIRST-class three-story and basement high-stoop brown-stone houses, Nos. 243 to 253; 20x50x18.9x50; prices $17,000 and $16,000. Inquire on premises, or of JAMES HENDERSON, No. 292 7th-av.

CITY REAL ESTATE.

15 EAST 49TH-ST., NEAR 5TH-AV.

For sale, in 49th-st., just east of 5th-av., a beautiful four-story brown-stone house, 17x60 feet. Has been recently overhauled in the most thorough manner; the plumbing-work, mantels, &c., being all new and of the best quality, and is tastefully decorated; lot 100.5 feet in depth.

The owner will sell the house with the handsome fixtures and furniture, or the house and lot can be bought without the furniture. We would recommend it to the attention of any one desiring to purchase an attractive house in the best location in New-York, at a very reasonable price. To a professional man it would be especially desirable. A comparatively small amount of cash to be paid down.

For further particulars and permits apply to

E. H. LUDLOW & CO.,
No. 3 Pine-st. and No. 35 East 17th-st.

TWENTY-SECOND REGIMENT ARMORY.

For sale or to lease, the property from Nos. 113 to 129 West 14th-st., being 200 feet front, and running through to 15th-st., with the improvements thereon. It is now occupied by the Twenty-second Regiment as an armory.

The location is near 6th-av., and next adjoining Fechter's new theatre.

The property will be sold or leased, in whole or part.

For particulars apply to

E. H. LUDLOW & CO., No. 3 Pine-st.

A.—51ST-ST., BETWEEN 5TH AND 6th avs.—College lease, 20x50-100, four-story high-stoop brown-stone house, frescoed and painted throughout, with mirrors, carpets, gas fixtures, &c.; a bargain if sold at once; half may remain on mortgage. Apply to HATCH & VAN DOREN, No. 610 6th-av.

MADISON-AV.—A VERY DESIRABLE house, 20x60 feet, with butler's pantry, and all other modern conveniences; four story, brown stone, high stoop, built about five years since, and now in the very best condition, for sale; this house adjoins a corner on the west side of the avenue, (No. 240.) F. G. & D. BROWN, No. 90 Broadway.

FOR SALE—A MODERN HIGH-STOOP AND complete house, elegantly furnished, and all nearly new, on West 50th-st., near 5th-av.; price $65,000 for house and furniture, except silver, linen, books, and toilet articles, and a few keepsakes.

Possession early. HOMER MORGAN,
No. 2 Pine-st.

FOR SALE—FOUR-STORY BASEMENT and subcellar brick house and lot on West 33d-st., near 5th-av.; house in good order; size, 22.6x60; lot, 98.9.

For further particulars apply to

ALLEN, DOOLEY & HENRIQUES,
No. 96 Broadway.

FOR SALE OR TO RENT—(PRIVATE family)—A desirable four-story full-size house and lot, high-basement brown-stone house, in perfect order, with modern improvements, on West 14th-st., between 8th and 9th avs. Apply to

LEVI COOK, No. 48 Pine-st.

FOR SALE CHEAP—THE ELEGANT four-story brown-stone house, on the north side of 74th-st., third house west of Madison-av.; size 25x60, lot 102; finished in hard wood in the most superb manner. Party will be on the premises to show the same every afternoon from 1 to 5 o'clock.

FOR SALE OR TO LET—TWO-STORY and basement brick house, No. 446 East 120th-st.; all modern improvements: within a minute's walk of steamboat landing and twenty-six minutes' from Peck slip. Apply on the premises, or address CORNELIUS O'REILLY, No. 110 East 45th-st.

$43,500 FOR A VERY FINE HOUSE, just finished new throughout, in West 57th-st.; size four story, brown stone, 20x55. This is the finest location in New-York.

BIKER, HESSE & CO.,
NO. 5 PINE-ST.

FOR SALE—ON AVENUE A, SOUTH-WEST corner of 114th-st., five full lots on the avenue and the two adjoining lots running through from 113th-st. to 114th-st., a very desirable dwelling-house, and a good garden; terms favorable. Apply to CHARLES T. JONES, No. 15 Wall st., basement.

FIFTH-AV., OPPOSITE THE CENTRAL Park, near 64th-st.—A first-class new and elegantly-finished brown-stone-front house, having all the latest improvements; must be seen to be appreciated. Apply on the premises.

FOR SALE—THREE-STORY BASEMENT and subcellar brown-stone front house and lot, No. 9 East 30th-st.; house in first-rate order; possession May 1, 1873. For particulars apply to ALLEN, DOOLEY & HENRIQUES, No. 96 Broadway.

FOR SALE—$34,000—HANDSOME FOUR-story brown-stone house, 20x50, 47th-st., near 5th-av.; 19th-st., near 5th-av., three-story, full width, $35,500. Permits of A. JOURNEAY, 51 Lispenard-st.

A FEW ELEGANT DWELLINGS, OF extra width and depth, for sale, close to 5th-av., on 62d, 57th, 56th, 53d, 48th, 40th, and 32d sts., at reasonable prices. E. H. LUDLOW & CO., No. 3 Pine-st.

FOR SALE ON MURRAY HILL—HOUSE and stable; house is frescoed throughout, and in complete and elegant order: lot 25x120.

CHAS. E. WHITE, No. 150 Broadway.

A FOUR-STORY BRICK HOUSE—NO. 29 East Broadway; good business location; Rutgers lease; cheap for cash.

W. H. FALCONER, No. 100 4th-av., near 12th-st.

FOR SALE—A FOUR-STORY HIGH-STOOP brown-stone front house, No. 205 West 38th-st., near Broadway; all modern improvements.

BROOKLYN REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE — FIRST-class brick house, with nearly three lots, best part Washington-av., Brooklyn; also, thirty lots in Brooklyn, free and clear; also, new store in Water-st., near Roosevelt. Apply to MURRAY, FERRIS & CO., No. 62 South-st.

FOR SALE—AT A BARGAIN—A THREE-story high-basement sub-cellar brick house, with modern improvements, 25x46x102, on Willow-st., Brooklyn, short distance from Wall-st. Ferry. Apply to LEVI COOK, No. 48 Pine-st.

JERSEY CITY REAL ESTATE

GOOD CHANCE FOR A BARGAIN in Jersey City.—To be sold at auction, WEDNESDAY, March 19, at 3 o'clock P. M., on the premises, rain or shine, the neat three-story brick-basement high-stoop house No. 180 York-st., Jersey City, 22x32, twelve large rooms, with lot 25x100; beautiful location; six minutes' walk from Courtlandt and Desbrosses Ferries; easy terms; only twenty-five per cent. cash, balance on mortgage. For permits apply to H. E. DRESSER, No. 51 Walker-st., New-York, or J. M. GIBSON, Auctioneer, 27 Montgomery-st., Jersey City.

FOR SALE—LOW AND ON EASY TERMS, a new and thoroughly built brown-stone house, on the Van Vorst property, within ten minutes of the ferry, Jersey City. O. H. PIERSON, No. 5 Pine-st.

COUNTRY REAL ESTATE.

Rapid Transit

ALREADY ESTABLISHED.

For homes on the line of the Central Railroad of New-Jersey, apply to A. D. HOPE, or ELSTON MARSH, No. 119 Liberty-st., New-York.

FOR SALE, A LARGE PLOT ON

RIVERSIDE PARK,

Consisting of twenty-three lots and gores, very desirably located. Apply to

H. H. CAMMANN,
No. 25 Pine-st.

FOR SALE—LARGE ESTATE AT

EAST CHESTER,

suitable for educational or charitable institutions. Maps and full particulars of

OGDEN & CLARK,
Broadway, corner of 17th-st.

IN THE CENTRE OF THE CITY OF Newark, N. J., within five minutes' walk from Centre-street Depot, which can be reached within thirty minutes from New-York, a very desirable residence; the house is a three story brick, brown-stone trimmings, with all modern improvements; a fine stable, with carriage-house, &c.; lot 50x180. Terms easy. Apply to JOHN BOYLAN, No. 189 Grand-st., New-York.

$30,000 FOR ABOUT FIFTY acres at Westfield, N. J., on the Central Railroad. This plot is in the midst of improvements, and is better building ground than ground which sold two years ago at about $1,700 per acre under the hammer.

BIKER, HESSE & CO.,
No. 5 Pine-st.

SHORE FARM FOR SALE—VERY cheap, on north shore of Long Island, 38 miles from City; fine boating and plenty of fishing; 30 acres of land, or 80 acres if desired; good house, recently fitted up, and out-buildings. Price only $7,000. Terms easy. Picture, and full particulars with

T. P. PAYNE, No. 5 Dey-st., Room No. 15.

ELIZABETH, N. J.—VERY DESIRABLE house for sale cheap; twelve rooms, water, bath, gas, steam heater, sandy soil, perfectly dry cellar, about four City lots, plenty fruit, boating and fishing, five minutes' walk from main depot. Address OWNER, Box No. 4,475 Post-office, New-York.

SUMPWAMS HOTEL, BABYLON. For Sale on Easy Terms.—Accommodations for one hundred boarders; furniture if desired; everything in good condition. For further particulars, apply to JOHN CLAYBROOK, No. 90 Water-st., New-York, or to Messrs. ROBBINS & CARLL, Babylon.

ORANGE, N. J.—COUNTRY HOUSES, lands, and village lots for sale; a great variety. Also, furnished and unfurnished houses to let for season or year, by WALTER E. SMITH, formerly Blackwell & Smith, Orange, corner Main and Cone sts.

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE, NEAR Passaic, N. J., an elegant place of twenty-two acres, with fine house and out-buildings; will be sold for less than value, or exchanged for City property.

E. H. LUDLOW & CO., No. 3 Pine-st.

AT RIVERDALE, ON HUDSON.—FOR sale or to let, furnished house containing seventeen rooms, all the conveniences of a city house, with suitable out-buildings, garden, &c. For particulars, inquire of A. G. HYDE, Nos. 52 and 54 Walker-st.

FOR SALE—EIGHTY ACRES OF LAND at Milburn, N. J., one hour from New-York, suitable for laying out in villa plots; $300 per acre; location high and healthy; splendid views. Apply to TAYLOR & STEARNS, No. 1½ Pine-st.

FOR SALE—TWO VERY VALUABLE farms near Sing Sing; splendid river and inland views; contents 160 and 116 acres. Reference, GEO. D. ARTHUR & CO., No. 34 Wall-st., New-York.

FOR SALE—AT SUMMIT, N. J., A BEAUTIful residence with attractive grounds, quite near the station; also a number of very desirable lots. ARCHIBALD GRACIE, Summit, near the station.

FOR SALE—AT A BARGAIN IF SOLD IMmediately, two lots, 50x100, at Chatham, N. J.; price, $300, part cash. Address

O. H. PIERSON, No. 5 Pine-st.

FOR SALE.—FARM OF THIRTY ACRES, at Westfield, N. J.; good buildings; cheap, if sold at once. Inquire at No. 2 Burling-slip, New-York.

RAHWAY, N. J.—HOMES FOR SALE and to let in and near Rahway, one hour from New-York. Col. J. A. MARTIN, Box No. 74 Rahway.

COUNTRY REAL ESTATE.

NEAR HIGH BRIDGE, WESTCHESTER COUNTY.

On the line of the Hudson River Railroad, and within twenty-five minutes of 42d-st.,

Two or three elegantly-furnished houses, with all the conveniences, such as gas, water, billiard-room, fine stables, &c.

Also,

Unfurnished cottages and houses, ranging from $800 to $1,500 rent per year.

Most of the above have splendid views of the Harlem River and Valley.

Apply to HUGH N. CAMP,
No. 106 Broadway, or Tremont.

GREAT SALE OF CHOICE LOTS AT BABYLON, LONG ISLAND.

The SUBURBAN LOT ASSOCIATION now offer for sale FIVE THOUSAND BUILDING LOTS, 25x90 feet, at Babylon, Long Island, at $7 each. $7 each.

For $7 you receive a warranty deed for a building lot, 25x90 feet, at Babylon, Long Island.

$1 extra charged for clearing avenues and staking lots.

Positively no other payments.

Call and see for yourselves at the office of the

SUBURBAN LOT ASSOCIATION,
No. 5¼ Pine-st., New-York.
J. E. FULLER, President.

ED. B. ECKER, Secretary.

PILLOT PARK PROPERTY,

ORANGE, N.J.

For sale two new and charming first-class villas and stables on Gregory-av., just completed, and replete with all the conveniences of city houses, together with one or more acres of land, as may be desired. The neighborhood is first-class, and will be so maintained.

Also,

The mansion, containing forty rooms, with ten to fifteen acres of land, in a high state of cultivation, with cold and hot graperies and green-house. Terms easy, and possession immediate. For further particulars apply to HAMILTON & WALLIS, No. 9 Nassau-st., New-York, or Orange, N.J., near Main depot.

A RARE CHANCE FOR A FORTUNE.

For sale—A magnificent plot of ground, containing 2,000 city lots, located on Long Island, only twenty minutes from the Williamsburg Ferries by steam. The property is delightfully situated and is all high, dry, and healthy. There are three steam lines of railroad which bound it: also two lines of horse-cars running to it—fare only five cents. Distance from New-York City Hall the same as 118th-st. This is one of the best opportunities for a safe speculation ever offered. For particulars and terms apply to

F. A. BATCHELDER,
No. 4 Exchange Court.

FOR SALE—HEAD OF LITTLE-NECK BAY, in full view of Sound, beautiful place of two and a half acres; house and wing, fifteen rooms, large dining-room, and parlor, newly furnished; bath-room and water-closet, furnace, ice-house, (filled,) carriage-house, fine lawn to the water front, flowers, shrubs, and shade-trees; bathing, boating, fishing; six trains each way. Apply to A. J. DELATOUR, Douglaston Station, Flushing and North-side Railroad, or JOHN C. BAILEY, No. 50 East 4th-st.

FOR SALE.—ORANGE, N. J.—GENTLEman's place, six acres, forest, fruit, ornamental trees: house seventeen rooms; situation unexceptionable, mountain-side; comfortable Summer and Winter; fine views, macadamized road to depot; house and barn supplied with purest spring water; very commodious out-buildings; fine large garden. Terms reasonable; will rent with privilege. HAMILTON & WALLIS, No. 9 Nassau-st.

FOR SALE—A VERY DESIRABLE RESIdence in the town of Guilford, Conn., on the Shore-line Railroad from New-York, Newport, and Providence to Boston, fifteen miles east of New-Haven, convenient to the depot; location very healthy, house two-story, contains thirteen rooms, besides large open attic and dry cellar; two and one-half acres tastefully laid out; plenty of fruit and shade. Price $6,500. Apply to HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st.

AT POUGHKEEPSIE, N. Y.—FOR sale—A desirable residence, with thirty-six acres of land, just outside the city limits, one and one-half miles from the Court-house; buildings new, large, and first-class; location high and sightly; fruit abundant; everything attractive; price reasonable. Address EDWARD MERRITT, Poughkeepsie, or refers to R. P. MERRITT, No. 97 Gold-st., New-York.

FOR SALE.—GREENPOINT, A THREE-story and basement brick dwelling, all improvements, 25x60x100, with or without two adjoining lots, 25x100 each, in the finest location, five minutes from Tenth and Twenty-third-street ferries; a bargain. Terms easy. Apply to D. B. TREADWELL, No. 79 Greenpoint-av.

FOR SALE AT A BARGAIN—THE VALUAble mill, water-power, tenant houses, &c., at Bennington Falls, Vt.; suitable for any business requiring a large and permanent water-power; will exchange for property in or near New-York City. Apply to the American Standard Flax Spinning Company, No. 88 Gold-st., New-York.

FOR SALE AT MORRISTOWN, N. J.—At a bargain, a very desirably located country-seat: good house, eleven rooms, bath, hot and cold water, with three or twenty acres; fruit and shade trees, ice-house, &c., &c.; with furniture and horses, carriages, &c., &c., if desired.

S. EDDY & CO., No. 1 Park-place.

FOR SALE—SPLENDID WATER POWER, with machinery, fire-proof factory, 50x80, three dwellings, 23½ acres land; 300 feet from depot, New-York and Erie Railroad; 40 miles from New-York City; great bargain. Apply to W. & C. SMITH'S fruit-store, No. 189 Broadway.

PRICE, $6,000; LEASE, $600.—COUNtry seat, thirteen rooms; acre garden; ten minutes' walk from depot Central Railroad, New-Jersey; orchards and grass if wanted. Box No. 14, Somerville, N. J.

BLOOMFIELD.—FOURTEEN ACRES beautifully located; building and improvements going forward; no incumbrances; cheap, if sold now; also, lovely cottage. J. HENRY JOHNSON,

No. 98 Broadway.

MORRISTOWN, MADISON, AND VICINITY.—Country seats and dwellings, furnished and unfurnished, to rent for Summer months or for sale. J. HENRY JOHNSON, No. 98 Broadway.

ORANGE, N. J., AND VICINITY, SPECIALTY.—Great variety property to rent, sell and exchange. Call for rent and sale catalogues. GERRY, No. 39 Nassau, corner Liberty-st.

REAL ESTATE AT AUCTION.

TO-DAY,

WEDNESDAY, MARCH 19,
at 12 o'clock, at Auction Exchange,
Nos. 399 and 401 Fulton-st., Brooklyn,

122 OF THE CHOICEST

PROSPECT PARK LOTS

Ever offered at public sale will be sold by order of
EDWIN C. LITCHFIELD, Esq.,
and others.
JERE. JOHNSON, JR.,
will be the auctioneer.

Terms unusually liberal. Seventy per cent. on mortgage.

New-Yorkers, stop at Jere. Johnson, Jr.'s, No. 21 Park-row, get a map, go over to Brooklyn, and attend the sale.

Brooklynites, do not come to New-York to-morrow until the sale is over.

TWO MILLION DOLLARS.

GREAT CLOSING OUT TRUSTEES' SALE OF
REAL AND PERSONAL PROPERTY,
Belonging to the
CHICAGO LAND COMPANY,
AT PUBLIC AUCTION,
ON WEDNESDAY,
THE 18TH DAY OF JUNE, 1873.

By the articles of the association of said company, it is provided that all the property in the hands of the trustees in the month of June, 1873, must be sold at auction for cash, to close the trust.

The realty is centrally located in the CITY OF CHICAGO, and is valued at $1,300,000, and composed largely of river and canal frontage, docked and ready for immediate use. Also, a large number of vacant lots in the immediate vicinity of the docks, all well adapted for business purposes.

The title to this property is unquestioned, having been held and owned by the association for twenty years.

The personal property consists of notes bearing seven per cent. interest, having from one to five years to run, and amounting to about $700,000. These notes were received for deferred payments on land bought from the company by the makers thereof, and their payment is secured by mortgage on the same. TERMS OF SALE CASH. The personal property will be ready for transfer and delivery immediately after the sale. Purchasers of realty will be required to make a deposit on the day of sale of ten per cent. on the amount of their purchases, the balance to be paid within thirty days, or as soon after the sale as deeds can be made out and delivered.

MAHLON D. OGDEN, }
L. S. BEECHER, } Trustees.
GEORGE WATSON, }

H. B. BOGUE, Secretary.
CHICAGO, March 12, 1873.

Office with Ogden, Sheldon & Co., Room No. 24, No. 173 La Salle-st.

ASSIGNEE'S SALE.—NOTICE IS HEREby given that at the Merchants' Exchange Sales-room, No. 111 Broadway, in the City of New-York, at 12½ o'clock M., on the 7th day of May, A. D. 1873, I, Henry A. Hurlbut, the trustee appointed in the place and stead of William H. Crawford, deceased, the assignee under the assignment for the benefit of creditors, executed by Byram, Hind & Bliss, formerly of the City of New-York, will sell at public auction, by Adrian H. Muller, P. R. Wilkins & Co., auctioneers, to the highest bidder, for cash, all my right, title, estate and interest as such trustee as aforesaid, in or to 369 acres of land, more or less, situated in Jefferson County, State of Texas, and 160 acres of land, more or less, situate in San Saba County, in the same State.

And, at the same time and place, I will likewise sell to the highest bidder, for cash, all the bills receivable, book accounts, choses in action and claims and demands of every description of the said firm still remaining in my hands, as such trustee, unsold and uncollected.

A full description of the lands to be sold, and also a schedule of said bills, accounts and claims, may be examined during business hours at the office of Messrs. Chapman, Scott & Crowell, No. 33 Wall-st., in the City of New-York, at any time during the ten days preceding said sale.—Dated New-York, March 18, 1873.

HENRY A. HURLBUT, Trustee, &c.
CHAPMAN, SCOTT & CROWELL, Attorneys for said Trustee.
mh19-law6wW*

ADMINISTRATOR'S SALE

OF VALUABLE HOTEL PROPERTY AT LONG BRANCH, N. J.

The subscriber, administratrix of the estate of Caleb F. Hendrickson, deceased, by order of court, will sell at public vendue, on FRIDAY, the 21st day of March, A. D. 1873, on the premises, at the hour of 2 o'clock, the hotel known as Cooper Cottage, with the furniture and fixtures complete, with six acres of land. ELIZABETH H. HENDRICKSON,

Administratrix.

The 10 o'clock A. M. boat from New-York, foot of Murray-st., will reach Long Branch in time for the sale.

LEWIS E. WOOD, Auctioneer, Jersey City.

EXECUTORS' SALE OF REAL EState.—The homestead of the late Moses Taylor will be sold at public sale, THURSDAY, March 20, at 3 P. M.: Eight acres and large one and a half story stone-house, with extension, in good repair; thirteen rooms, barn, and sheds; all kinds of fruit; ample shade; one and a quarter miles from Norwood, on Northern Railroad of New-Jersey; one hour from City; take 1¼ P. M. train, foot Chambers-st.; conveyance from station; terms at sale.

REAL ESTATE AT AUCTION.

ADRIAN H. MULLER, Auctioneer.

POST ESTATE.

165 LOTS ON

RIVERSIDE PARK.

MAPS NOW READY

At office of MULLER, WILKINS & CO.

NO. 7 PINE-ST.

ADRIAN H. MULLER, Auctioneer.

VALUABLE PROPERTY AT RIVERDALE, ON THE HUDSON RIVER.

ADRIAN H. MULLER, P. R. WILKINS & CO. will sell at auction, on THURSDAY, April 3, 1873, at 12 o'clock, at the Exchange Sales-room, No. 111 Broadway:

The property of H. L. Atherton, Esq., at Riverdale, 333 lots, comprising the land on Riverdale, River, and Palisade avenues; laid out in 5 plots, and 11 plots on Broadway and the old post-road.

One of the plots on River-av., includes the house, stable, and outbuildings and 29 lots. The house has gas, water, burglar-alarm, and all modern improvements, and is in excellent order for immediate occupation.

Two plots on Palisade-av., one on River-av., and one on Riverdale-av., have fine river views; trees set out, and are ready for immediate improvement.

Also, one eleventh of an undivided interest in the dock and water-right at Riverdale Station.

Also, two houses on the old Post Road, with large plots, and several villa plots on Broadway, beautifully situated, with fine trees, and near the Boston and New-York Railroad Company, now building. Distance thirty-six minutes to 30th-st. or 42d-st., and by elevated railroad one hour to Wall-st. Full particulars and permits to see the house can be obtained at the office of the auctioneers.

Seventy per cent. can remain on bond and mortgage for three years.

DWELLINGS TO LET.

AT MONTCLAIR.

A rare chance to secure a first-class residence in

NEW-YORK'S MOST ATTRACTIVE SUBURB

A gentleman going to Europe offers TO LET his place for one year, consisting of dwelling EXPENSIVELY FURNISHED, gardener's cottage, stables, and carriage house, all complete, and twelve acres. Dwelling has double windows, gas, water, bath, range, furnace, and stationary tubs, and is, in all respects, fully equal to the best city house. The lawns are extensive and excellently kept; the grounds are well shaded, and there are over 1,000 feet of arbor-vitæ hedges. There are choice fruits in variety and abundance, and the vegetable garden will give a supply sufficient for the year. The land will yield enough hay for horses and cow. An excellent milch cow, also poultry, will be left on the place, and a gardener will be provided at the owner's expense. As regards healthfulness and beauty of location, nothing more desirable can be found. Apply to

SAMUEL W. TUBBS,
No. 71 Broadway, Room No. 78.

TO LET FURNISHED.

The residence of the late Jesse W. Benedict, at Audubon Park, Washington Heights, New-York City. This property occupies the entire block between 155th and 156th sts., and has a frontage on the Hudson with a commanding view both up and down the river; the house is large, and in perfect order; Croton water, gas, and every convenience and improvement; the stable is first-class; accommodation for six horses; grounds tastefully laid out with a great variety of shade trees; fountain, Summer-house, and everything requisite for an elegant residence.

For further particulars apply to

COLEMAN BENEDICT, No. 14 Broad-st., or
PETER CARTER, No. 530 Broadway,
Executors.

TO LET OR LEASE—IN THE VILLAGE of Portchester, within five minutes of the railroad depot, a large and commodious dwelling-house, with about ten acres of land; house contains eighteen rooms; has all the convenience of a City residence, except gas; large carriage-house and other out-offices; green-house, fine garden, abundance of all kinds of fruits and flowers; fine shade-trees; a splendid view of the Long Island Sound. Apply to W. K. PEYTON, Nos. 272 and 274 Bowery.

TO LET—FURNISHED, FOR THE SUMMER months, the late residence of Robert Mead, deceased, at Greenwich, Conn., near the churches; two acres in lawn and garden, with abundance of choice fruit; house has sixteen rooms, with hot and cold water, bath-room, &c., stable; location one of the finest in Greenwich, having a view of the Sound for many miles. Apply to THOMAS G. RITCH, Trustee, No. 271 Broadway, New-York.

IN RYE, N. Y.—TO LET, FURNISHED OR UNFURNISHED.—The two-story and attic stone dwelling known as "Rock Cottage," situated on the Post Road, within ten minutes' drive of railroad station, with stable and garden. Evergreens and other full-grown shade trees, also, excellent spring water on the premises. Apply to JOSEPH C. COCKEY, Lycoming Insurance Company, No. 150 Broadway.

TO LET.—A COUNTRY PLACE NORTH OF and within a mile of the station at Tarrytown, on the Hudson; the house commands a good view of the river, is nicely furnished and in complete order; there is an excellent carriage-house and stable on the place; a large and full ice house; a good garden and ample lawns. For further information apply at No. 114 5th-av., New-York.

TO LET—AT BERGEN POINT, N. J., TWENty-three minutes from New-York, fifty trains daily, a gentleman's residence, furnished or unfurnished, fronting the river, spacious mansion, fifteen rooms, three acres of land, handsomely shaded, coach-house, stable, and abundance of fruit. $2,000.

A. D. MELLICK, JR., & BROTHER,
No. 6 Pine-st.

TO LET AT GARDEN CITY, HEMPstead, Long Island, several **FIRST-CLASS HOUSES**; thirty-six trains per day, via Central Railroad, Long Island, and South-side Roads; time, one hour. For particulars inquire of **ALEX. T. STEWART'S AGENT**, Broadway and Chambers-st., between 12 and 3 P. M.

TO RENT—FURNISHED FOR THE SEAson or year, at Bridgeport, Conn., on the hill and on the banks of the river, a large commodious dwelling; fine lawns, shade and fruit trees, all necessary outbuildings, and about four acres of land; rent for the season, $1,000.

HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st.

TO RENT—ON THE PASSAIC RIVER, AT Kearney, within three-quarters of a mile of Newark, near the Erie Railroad, the late Walter Rutherford's place, containing about thirty acres; house newly repaired; delightfully situated; extensive prospect. Apply to GEORGE POMEROY, Madison, N. J.

TO RENT—A YOUNG LADIES' BOARDING and Day School, situated in one of the pleasantest cities of New-England; widely known and long established; will be rented, furnished, for a term of years. Address, with references, S. H. G., Box No. 142 *Times* Office.

TO RENT, FURNISHED, FROM JUNE 1—A place at Greenfield Hill, Conn., with garden, orchard, barn, &c., including a good well of water, fine shade-trees, and everything to make a country residence desirable. For particulars address B. R. H., Greenfield Hill, Conn.

ORANGE, N. J.—TO LET—A LARGE stone house, all modern improvements; twenty-two roomf; in perfect order; large grounds; shade and fruit; good stables; location unsurpassed; ten minutes from station. Apply to WALTER E. SMITH, corner of Maine and Cone sts., Orange.

FURNISHED HOUSE NEAR NEWburg, N. Y.—Ten minutes' New-Windsor Depot, Erie "short cut"; fourteen rooms, stables, fruit, and garden; rent, $200 per month. Address Box No. 622 Post-office, Newburg.

TO RENT—FOR PRIVATE FAMILY ONLY, the five-story English basement house, No. 43 West 19th-st.; is in excellent order, and has every modern convenience. For permits, apply to HENRY TAYLOR, Real Estate, No. 112 Broadway.

NEAR LONG BRANCH.—FURNISHED cottage to let for season or year; very healthy location; has fourteen rooms; good stables, large garden, plenty fruit; near depot. Address EUREKA, No. 238 West 23d-st.

TO LET—A FOUR-STORY HIGH-STOOP brown-stone-front house on 36th-st., adjoining 5th-av.; full size, and first class in every respect; gas-fixtures with the house. Can be seen from 1 to 4 o'clock, by permit only from B. HAXTUN, No. 63 Centre-st.

TO LET—FURNISHED, ON MADISON-AV., near 40th-st., a first class and elegant French basement four-story brown-stone house, 18x75x100, exquisitely and fully furnished. HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st.

MORRISTOWN, N. J.—TO RENT FURnished for Summer months, large house, modern improvements, ample grounds, splendid garden, abundance of fruit, use of cow and a horse which a lady can drive. Address Box No. 15.

HOUSE AND STABLE. — THE FOUR-story English basement brown-stone house, on West 34th-st., with stable on 33d-st., between Broadway and 7th-av., at a bargain. Inquire of J. ROMAINE BROWN, No. 1,280 Broadway.

TO LET—AT WOODLAWN, HARLEM RAILroad, half mile west of depot, a large furnished house, with lawn, garden, carriage-house and stable; plenty of fruit and shade. Apply to S. M. VALENTINE, No. 34 Burling-slip, up-stairs.

FURNISHED HOUSE TO RENT—Astoria, Long Island.—Thirteen rooms, fine garden, plenty fruit, healthy location, bathing and boating. Apply to Mrs. LAWRENCE, Wardell-st.

TO LET—FURNISHED, FOR SIX MONTHS or a year, to a private family only, a very desirable, pleasantly-situated house. Inquire at No. 259 West 23d-st.

TO LET.—IN 79TH-ST., NEAR MADISON-av., a fine large cottage, sixteen rooms; grounds 50x100. HINE & PELL, No. 557 6th-av.

SAVINGS BANKS.

IRVING SAVINGS INSTITUTION.

NO. 96 WARREN-ST., NEW-YORK.

SIX PER CENT. INTEREST allowed on all sums.

Deposits made now draw interest from April 1.

Bank open daily from 10 A. M. to 3 P. M.

WALTER W. CONCKLIN, President.

VANDERBILT L. BUXTON, Secretary.

UNION DIME SAVINGS BANK,

Nos. 396 and 398 Canal-st., corner of Laight.

Six per cent. interest paid. Money deposited now will bear interest from April 1. Assets, Ten Millions nine hundred and eighty-seven thousand dollars. Books in English, French, and German.

METROPOLITAN SAVINGS BANK,
Nos. 1 and 3 3d-av., New-York,
Opposite Cooper Institute.

DEPOSITS MADE NOW draw interest from April 1. Interest payable in July.

ASSETS JAN. 1, 1873, $7,244,878 69.
T. W. LILLIE, Secretary.

DEPOSIT TODAY in the SAVINGS BANK
Chartered by the United States.
SEND FOR CIRCULAR. No. 185 Bleecker-st.
ASSETS OVER $[illegible],

FINANCIAL.

A HOME SECURITY.

First Mortgage Gold Bonds
of a Completed Railroad
in New-York State.

WE OFFER FOR SALE

$700,000

OF THE

First Mortgage Seven Per Cent. Sinking Fund

GOLD BONDS

OF THE

Sodus Point & Southern Railroad Company,

Due in 1901, **convertible into the stock** of the Company until 1881, interest payable in gold semi-annually on June 1 and Dec. 1, at the Union Trust Company, New-York, where, also, the bonds can be registered at the option of the holder.

The Road upon which the above Bonds are a first lien of $20,000 per mile, is thirty-five miles in length, and is now open for business the entire distance. It runs from **Great Sodus Bay**, the best and largest harbor on the south side of **Lake Ontario**, through the Counties of **Wayne** and **Ontario** to **Gorham**, where it connects with the **Northern Central Railway** of Pennsylvania, thus opening a new outlet from **New-York, Philadelphia, Baltimore**, and the **coal fields** of Pennsylvania to **Canada** and the **great lakes**.

A large local business is assured to the road, and it has valuable direct connections with the **New-York Central Railroad** and the **Erie Canal at Newark** and, via the Northern Central Railway, with the **Erie Railroad** and **Lehigh Valley Railroad**, which must draw a great through traffic in coal, lumber, grain, iron-ore, salt, &c., to this new Lake Port for shipment to and from the principal Canadian ports.

With these great advantages insured to the enterprise, we believe these Bonds to be a safe and very desirable investment. Pamphlets, Maps, and full information will be furnished on application.

We offer these Bonds for the present at **90** and accrued interest in currency.

WILLIAM ALEXANDER SMITH & CO.,

BANKERS.
NO. 40 WALL-ST., NEW-YORK.

George Opdyke & Co., Bankers, No. 25 Nassau-st., New-York, like an incorporated Bank, receive deposits subject to check at sight, with the additional advantage to Depositors of Interest on daily Balances.

ILLINOIS REGISTERED BONDS.

We offer for sale **$400,000** PAR VALUE **ILLINOIS EIGHT PER CENT. REGISTERED BONDS** in lots to suit purchasers.

These securities are **FIRST-CLASS** in every particular.

Details furnished on application.

WINSLOW & WILSON,
70 William-st., N. Y.

(7) Seven per Cent. City
STOCK OF BROOKLYN,
Public Park Loan, due 1918.

FOR SALE BY

GEO. K. SISTARE,
No. 24 Nassau-st.

10 PER CENT. KANSAS SCHOOL BONDS.
10 PER CENT. NEBRASKA SCHOOL BONDS.
8 PER CENT. BONDS, CITY ST. PAUL, MINN.

PRINCIPAL AND INTEREST PAYABLE IN NEW-YORK.

For sale by

FITCH, OTIS & CO.,
Bankers, No. 11 Pine-st., New-York.

PROPOSALS FOR $1,800,000.

Sealed proposals will be received at the Controller's office until THURSDAY, March 20, 1873, at 2 o'clock P. M., when the same will be publicly opened, for the whole or any part of the sum of $1,800,000 of City improvement stock authorized by chapter 920 of the laws of 1869.

Said stock will bear interest at the rate of seven per cent per annum, payable on the 1st day of May and November in each year, and the principal will be redeemed on the 1st day of November, 1892.

The proposals will state the amount of bonds desired, and the price per $100 thereof; and the persons whose proposals are accepted will thereupon be required to deposit with the Chamberlain the sums awarded to them respectively, together with any premiums thereon.

On presenting to the Controller the receipts of the Chamberlain for such deposit, the parties will be entitled to receive certificates for equal amounts of the par value of the sums awarded to them, bearing interest from the dates of payment.

Each proposal should be sealed, and indorsed "Proposals for City improvement stock," and inclosed in a second envelope addressed to the Controller.

The right is reserved on the part of the Controller to reject any or all of the bids, if in his judgment the interests of the Corporation require it.

ANDREW H. GREEN, Controller.

CITY OF NEW-YORK, DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE, }
CONTROLLER'S OFFICE, March 11, 1873. }

CLEVELAND, COLUMBUS, CINCINNATI, AND }
INDIANAPOLIS RAILWAY, }
CLEVELAND, Ohio, March 8, 1873. }

AT A MEETING OF THE DIRECTORS of the Cleveland, Columbus, Cincinnati, and Indianapolis Railway Company, held at the office of the Company, in Cleveland, on the 5th day of March, 1873, it was ordered that a special meeting of the stockholders of this Company be called for the purpose of approving or not, as shall seem to them proper, a lease of the said railway, its branches and leased lines, to the Atlantic and Great Western Railroad Company, then to be submitted to said stockholders for their action; and also for the purpose of acting upon a proposal to authorize the directors of said Cleveland, Columbus, Cincinnati, and Indianapolis Railway to issue not exceeding five millions increased capital stock of said Company for purposes authorized by law.

In accordance with the said resolutions, notice is hereby given that a meeting of said stockholders has been called for the purpose aforesaid, and will be held at the general office of said Company, in the City of Cleveland, Ohio, on the 16th day of April next, at 3 o'clock in the afternoon of said day, and that the stock transfer-books will be closed on the 5th day of April, and remain closed until the 17th day of April next.

H. B. HURLBUT, President.

GEO. H. RUSSELL, Secretary.

OFFICE PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD COMPANY, }
PHILADELPHIA, March 12, 1873. }

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN TO the stockholders that they will have the privilege of subscribing at par to the stock of this Company in the proportion of thirty-three and one-third (33⅓) per cent. of the number of shares registered in their names April 1, 1873.

Those entitled to a fraction of a share can subscribe for a full share.

All subscriptions must be made between May 1 and 24, 1873, and no subscription will be received after the latter date.

The following are the dates of payment: First installment of fifty per cent. between May 1 and 24, 1873, and the remainder (fifty per cent.) to be called for on sixty days' notice, in installments not exceeding twenty-five per cent. at any one time.

The privilege of taking new stock may be sold by any shareholder. Blank allotments can be had at this office. The new stock can be paid for in full at time of subscription, if desired.

EDMUND SMITH, Treasurer.

NEW-YORK, March 13, 1873.

$5,500 REWARD.—STOLEN FROM the Falls City Tobacco Bank in Louisville, Ky., the following securities, viz.: one Louisville, Cincinnati and Lexington Railroad, first mortgage, $1,000 bond, No. 322; ten Louisville and Portland Canal bonds, $1,000 each, No. 732 to No. 741 inclusive; eleven Jefferson, Madison and Indianapolis Railroad, second mortgage, $1,000 bonds, maturing in 1878; Nos. 1,020, 1,021, 1,022, 1,023, 1,340, 1,865, 1,964, 1,975, 1,976, 1,977, 1,978. The above reward will be paid for the recovery of the twenty-two bonds, or $250 for each bond. The public is hereby cautioned against buying any of the above securities.

SMALLS & BACON, No. 111 Front-st.

STOCK PRIVILEGES.—HENRY C. CROSS, 32 Broad-st., N. Y., member of N. Y. Stock Exchange, will buy and sell privileges on commission. Refers to Messrs. F. B. Wallace & Co., Gibson, Casanova & Co., A. W. Shepard & Co., Hill, Scott & Co., Tallcott & Sons, J. L. Brownell & Bros., and others.

INSURANCE SCRIP.—ATLANTIC, COMMERCIAL, AND UNION SCRIP, wanted by WM. C. GILMAN, No. 46 Pine-st.

FINANCIAL.

INDIANAPOLIS, BLOOMINGTON AND WESTERN Railway

7 PER CENT. CONVERTIBLE GOLD BONDS,

SECURED BY A

1st Mortgage on its Extension.

The line of this Road, including the Extension, is 420 miles, and IS COMPLETED, except the short distance of eighty-five miles between Havana, on the Illinois River, and the Mississippi.

A part of the line, (202¼ miles,) from Indianapolis to Pekin, has been in successful operation over two years, and is recognized as one of the most important roads coming into the City of Indianapolis. Its net earnings are more than sufficient to pay interest on ALL Bonds issued by the Company, **and its receipts for 1872 were more than $395,000 greater than in the previous year.**

These Bonds possess unusual strength, and we recommend them for the following reasons:

1. The Road is already earning more than operating expenses and interest.

2. The unfinished portion of the line will be completed within a few months, and the entire road has an immense business immediately tributary to it. EARNINGS FOR LAST THREE MONTHS OF 1872 WERE AT THE RATE OF **$7,227** PER MILE per annum, and must reach $10,000 per mile within two years, and continue progressive.

3. The effect of such revenue upon the market value of the capital stock of the Road, as well as upon its convertible bonds, is obvious.

4. The SECURITY IS COMPLETE.

5. The management of the Road is acknowledged to be SUPERIOR, and there can be no possibility of any default in interest payments.

The Bonds are SEVEN PER CENT. GOLD, $1,000 each, convertible at option of the holder, and may be registered without charge. Price **90** and accrued interest in currency. Coupons, January and July 1, free of tax.

ALL NEGOTIABLE SECURITIES RECEIVED IN EXCHANGE AT BEST MARKET RATES.

Further information furnished on application.

TURNER BROS.,
Bankers, No. 14 Nassau-st.

$2,500,000

FIRST MORTGAGE GOLD BONDS

OF THE

Jacksonville, North-western and South-eastern Railway, of Illinois.

Interest at the rate of seven per cent. per annum, paid January 1 and July 1, at New-York, London, or Frankfort-on-the-Main, at the option of the holder. Bonds will be registered if desired.

This road is now completed from Jacksonville to a junction with the Chicago and Alton Railroad, at Virden, a distance of over thirty miles. The road, so far as completed, is thoroughly equipped, entirely paid for, in full operation, and it is upon *completed* road only that bonds are now offered at **90** and accrued interest in currency. The road will be 125 miles in length, and is bonded at **$20,000** per mile, making total issue **$2,500,000.** This road traverses the garden of the State, crosses all the most important roads, controls the enormous coal mines at Virden, and its bonds are most highly esteemed by those whose investigation has been most searching. We have personally examined every detail of this company, and have gone repeatedly over the entire line. We are consequently enabled to recommend these bonds as an **absolutely perfect** security.

Pamphlets and further particulars may be had by applying to

GIBSON, CASANOVA & CO., Bankers,
No. 50 Exchange-place, New-York.

MIDLAND

7% Guaranteed (FIRST MORTGAGE) Gold Bonds

Completed Road,

Issued on the Montclair Railway, and Guaranteed by New-York Midland.

The MONTCLAIR is the DIRECT and SHORT LINE OF THE MIDLAND through New-Jersey, over which the vast accumulated business of the New-York Midland will pass. Its bonds are issued on the basis of about half cost. It is a home road, running DIRECT FROM THE CITY OF NEW-YORK, assured of a large business and a fine future. It is completed and running regular trains.

Allen, Stephens & Co.,

BANKERS.
No. 25 PINE-ST.

7 TO 12 PER CENT.

We make a **Specialty** of County, City and School District Bonds, **Guarantee Legality** of all bonds sold, collect the coupons without charge, or take same as so much cash on sales. ☞ Send for Price List.

THE LAW OF MUNICIPAL BONDS, just published by our senior, should be in the hands of all interested in this class of securities. Two vols., price $10. W. N. COLER & CO., No. 17 Nassau-st.

HANNIBAL AND ST. JOSEPH RAILROAD COMPANY.

Sealed proposals addressed to Wm. H. Swift, at Messrs. Ward, Campbell & Co.'s, No. 56 Wall-st., New-York, or to the undersigned trustees, care of Messrs. J. E. Thayer & Bro., No. 26 Sears Building, Boston, will be received until Friday, March 21, 1873, at noon, for the sale of $50,000 of the Land Bonds of said Company to the undersigned trustees, in accordance with the provisions of the indenture of Mortgage, dated April 1, 1863.

The bids will be opened in Boston on Saturday, March 22, 1873, and the accepted bids declared.

WM. H. SWIFT, }
SIDNEY BARTLETT, } Trustees.
NATHANIEL THAYER, }

NEW-YORK, March 14, 1873.

JAMES G. KING'S SONS.
BANKERS,
NO. 54 WILLIAM-ST., NEW-YORK.

Issue LETTERS OF CREDIT, upon London and Paris, available in all the principal cities on the continent.

Buy and sell Exchange on London, Paris, Amsterdam, Edinburgh, and Glasgow.

JOHN MUNROE & CO.,

BANKERS, NO. 8 WALL-ST., NEW-YORK, ISSUE CIRCULAR LETTERS OF CREDIT ON MUNROE & CO., PARIS, AND ON THE CONSOLIDATED BANK, LONDON.

FIRST MORTGAGE SINKING FUND GOLD BONDS,

For sale at prices that will pay over 11½ per cent. in Gold, equal to 13 per cent. in currency. Call or send for pamphlets, with maps and full particulars, that will satisfy the most cautious investors.

THOS. P. ELLIS & CO., Bankers, No. 14 Pine-st.

BROWN BROTHERS & CO.,
NO. 59 WALL-ST.,
Issue COMMERCIAL and TRAVELERS' CREDITS AVAILABLE in all PARTS of the WORLD.

STUYVESANT FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY, }
NOS. 122 BOWERY AND 209 BROADWAY. }
NEW-YORK, March 14, 1873. }

AT THE ANNUAL ELECTION OF THIS Company, held the 13th inst., the following gentlemen were elected Directors for the ensuing year:

S. P. PATTERSON,

SAMUEL WILLETS,
ADAM W. SPIES,
C. L. EVERITT,
CHARLES J. DODGE,
CLARKSON CROLIUS,
DENTON PERSALL,
HENRY SHIELDS,
B. W. FLOYD,
A. STEWART BLACK,
D. HENNESSY,
C. B. TIMPSON,
AARON HARDMAN,
JESSE A. MARSHALL,
WILLIAM LAIMBEER,
TIMOTHY BRENNAN,
SAMUEL WEEKS, JR.,
JAMES L. STEWART,
GEORGE CARLISLE,
NELSON SAMMIS,
JOHN D. LAWSON,
WILLIAM R. SINEY,
R. R. STUYVESANT,
CHAS. L. STICKNEY,
T. A. HOWE.

At a subsequent meeting of the Board, S. P. PATTERSON was re-elected President and SAMUEL WILLETS Vice-President for the ensuing year.

GEO. B. RHOADS, Secretary.

OFFICE OF THE PANAMA RAILROAD CO., }
NEW-YORK, March 14, 1873. }

THE ANNUAL ELECTION FOR THIRteen directors of the Panama Railroad Co. will be held at the office of the company, Nos. 59 and 61 Wall-st., on Monday, the 7th day of April next. The polls will open at 12 M. and close at 2 P. M. Transfer books will be closed on the afternoon of the 20th inst., and reopened on the morning of the 8th day of April.

JOHN KEELER, Secretary.

WANTED—AN INCOME BOND, WITH coupons attached, for $500, of the Columbus and Indiana Central Railway Company, convertible in stock, issue of 16th September, 1867; a fair market price will be paid. Address H. BODMER & CO., Post-office Box No. 340.

NEW-YORK STATE GOLD 6s. DUE 1887, for sale GWYNNE & DAY, No. 16 Wall-st.

FINANCIAL.

VERMILYE & CO. BANKERS.

16 and 18 Nassau-st., New-York.

DEALERS IN ALL ISSUES OF GOVERNMENT SECURITIES.

FIRST-CLASS RAILROAD AND MUNICIPAL BONDS ALWAYS ON HAND FOR INVESTMENT.

BUY AND SELL ON COMMISSION

RAILWAY STOCKS, BONDS, AND GOLD,

MAKING LIBERAL ADVANCES.

INTEREST ON DEPOSITS.

THE HANOVER FIRE INSURANCE Company of New-York hereby gives notice that it intends to increase the amount of its capital stock to Four Hundred Thousand Dollars.

Dated NEW-YORK, March 4, 1873.

B. S. WALCOTT, President.

I. REMSEN LANE, Secretary.

THE STOCKHOLDERS OF THE TISkilwa Canning Company, are hereby notified that a Dividend of Ten per Cent. has been declared on the paid up shares of said stock, payable March 20, 1873. Transfer-books will close March 15, and remain closed until March 22. S. G. GEORGE, Treasurer,

Tiskilwa, Ill.

DIVIDENDS.

THE COUPONS OF THE CHICAGO, DANville and Vincennes Railroad Company's [First] Mortgage Bonds, due April 1, 1873, will be paid, in gold, on and after that date, at the office of the Company, No. 38 Pine-st., New-York.

AMOS TENNY, Treasurer.

NEW-YORK CENTRAL AND HUDSON RIVER }
RAILROAD COMPANY, March 8, 1873. }

AT A MEETING OF THE BOARD OF Directors held this day, it was

Resolved, That a Dividend of Four per Cent. on the capital stock of this Company be paid on the 15th of April next, at the office of Duncan, Sherman & Co., in the City of New-York, and that a Dividend of Four per Cent. on the outstanding consolidation certificates of this Company be paid on the same day at the Union Trust Company, in the City of New-York.

Transfer-books for both the capital stock and consolidation certificates will be closed at the close of business on 15th inst., and reopened on the morning of the 19th of April next.

C. C. CLARKE, Treasurer.

OFFICE OF THE PANAMA RAILROAD COMPANY, }
NOS. 59 AND 61 WALL-ST., }
NEW-YORK, March 12, 1873. }

FIFTY-NINTH DIVIDEND.—THE Board of Directors have this day declared a Dividend of Three (3) per Cent. out of the earnings of the Road for the three months ending 31st inst., payable to the stockholders or their legal representatives on and after the 1st day of April next.

Transfer-books will be closed on the afternoon of the 20th inst. and reopened on the morning of the 8th day of April. JOHN KEELER, Secretary.

AUCTION SALES.

GOVERNMENT SALE.

OFFICE OF THE DEPOT QUARTERMASTER, }
SAN ANTONIO, Texas, Feb. 3, 1873. }

The undersigned will sell, by public auction, commencing at 10 o'clock A. M., at the Army Building, Main Plaza, San Antonio, Texas, on WEDNESDAY, the 16th day of April, 1873, the following military stores:

721 Great Coats, cavalry. 249 Trousers.
101 Uniform Coats. 7 Sashes.
398 Uniform Jackets.
ALSO,
500 Wagon-spokes. 20 Saddles.
110 Wagon-hubs.

Besides other clothing, equipage and Quartermaster's stores, condemned and unserviceable.

Terms—Cash in Government funds.

Purchasers will be required to take away the articles immediately after the sale.

BENJ. C. CARD, Quartermaster.

ROBERT SOMERVILLE, Auctioneer.

ARTIST SALE.
SOMERVILLE ART GALLERY, No. 82 5th-av.
The Art Works of the
PALETTE CLUB,
together with other very valuable
PAINTINGS BY FRENCH MASTERS.

Also, Art Works, contributed by artists residing in Rome to the new

AMERICAN EPISCOPAL CHURCH OF ST. PAUL,

now in progress in that City, will be sold at the Somerville Gallery, where they are now on exhibition till time of sale, 8 o'clock, THURSDAY and FRIDAY EVENINGS, March 20 and 21.

ROBERT SOMERVILLE, Auctioneer,
No. 82 5th-av.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT on March 24, 1873, at 12 M., at the Exchange Sales-room, No. 111 Broadway, in the City of New-York, I will sell at auction, by MULLER, WILKINS & CO., auctioneers, 5,000 shares of the capital stock of the Portage Lake and Lake Superior Ship Canal Company, par $100 each; 278 mortgage bonds of the Lake Superior Ship Canal, Railroad, and Iron Company, $1,000 each; 108 mortgage bonds of the Decatur, Sullivan, and Mattoon Railroad Company, $1,000 each, and 59 mortgage bonds of Chicago and Illinois Southern Railroad Company, $1,000 each. For further particulars apply to THEODORE M. DAVIS,

Receiver of the Ocean National Bank,
No. 19 Nassau-st., New-York City.

ALBERT H. NICOLAY, Auctioneer.

ALBERT H. NICOLAY & CO. WILL sell at public auction on THURSDAY, March 20, 1873, at 12½ o'clock P. M., at the Exchange Sales-room, No. 111 Broadway, New-York, by order of Supreme Court, Wm. J. Preston, receiver, 260 shares of the United States and European Crystallized Egg Company, $1,000 each.—Dated New-York, March 5, 1873.

ALBERT H. NICOLAY & CO.,
Auctioneers and Brokers, No. 43 Pine-st., New-York.

JOHN H. DRAPER & CO., Auctioneers.

THE DELAWARE, LACKAWANNA, AND WESTERN RAILROAD COMPANY will sell

100,000 TONS SCRANTON COAL,

at public auction on WEDNESDAY, March 26, at 12 o'clock noon, at No. 26 Exchange-place.

SAMUEL SLOAN,
President.

EDWARD M. BROWN, Auctioneer.

BY BROWN & SECCOMB.—THIS DAY, (Wednesday,) March 19, at 11½ o'clock, within their store, fresh Palermo Oranges and Lemons, cargo Snowdon, and can be seen on Pier No. 7 East River; also, fresh Naples Oranges and Lemons, cargo Chiarina, and can be seen on Pier No. 15 East River.

JOHN H. DRAPER, Auctioneer.

100 BOXES LEMONS. By J. H. DRAPER & CO., THIS DAY, Wednesday, March 19, at 11 o'clock A. M., in front of their store, No. 112 Pearl-st., by order of Hon. C. A. Arthur, Collector of the Port. 100 boxes lemons, ex Alexandria, from Gibraltar, and marked S. B. P.

STORES, &C., TO LET.

TO RENT.

Three splendid carpet rooms in the City of Troy, N. Y. This building was erected expressly for the sale of carpets. It has a front of 120 feet; a large sky-light; high ceilings; is located on the corner of 4th and Fulton streets. Flagg, King & Co.'s lease will expire on the 1st of May next, when possession can be had. Inquire of J. S. HAKES, No. 49 4th-st., Troy, N. Y.

P. S.—Mr. NUTTING, an active partner in purchasing and as a salesman, is anxious to find a capitalist to unite with him in continuing the carpet business.

OFFICES
IN THE
DREXEL BUILDING,

South-east corner Broad and Wall sts., Suitable for corporations, bankers, lawyers, &c.,

TO RENT FROM MAY 1.

TWO ELEVATORS, TWO STAIRCASES, FIRE-PROOF throughout, well-lighted and ventilated, heated by steam; every modern convenience. Apply to JOS. W. DREXEL, No. 53 Exchange-place.

HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st.

OFFICES TO LET
IN
TIMES BUILDING.

SPLENDID OFFICES TO LET IN THE FIRE-PROOF TIMES BUILDING.

Apply at TIMES COUNTING-ROOM.

THORNTON M. RODMAN, REAL ESTATE Agent, No. 696 Broadway, offers for lease store and dwelling No. 131 Waverley-place; rent $1,200 per annum. Entire upper stories of building No. 78 6th-av., corner Waverley-place; good stand for dentistry, millinery, or dress-making; rent $700 per annum. Houses No. 46 Hudson-st. and No. 45 Thomas-st., L lot; lessee may alter to suit.

TO LEASE—FOR BUSINESS PURPOSES, the desirable four-story brown-stone-front house No. 51 East 10th-st., second door west of Broadway; size of house, 28x60, with two-story extension; lot 94.9 deep. Apply to WILLIAM & E. A. CRUIKSHANK, No. 53 Broadway.

TO LET—THE FACTORY PROPERTY NOW occupied by the Bless Sewing-machine Company, corner of Bridge and John sts., Brooklyn, within half block of Bridge-st. Ferry; size 125x87 feet. A fine sixty-horse engine can be had low. Apply to G. H. BLISS, No. 110 Wall-st., New-York.

TO LET—THIRD FLOOR OF FIRE-PROOF BUILDING NO. 82 BEEKMAN-ST., WITH OR WITHOUT POWER. INQUIRE ON PREMISES.

LOFTS TO LET—CORNER OF BROADway and Walker-st., store and all the lofts, together or separate.

HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st.

OFFICES TO LET, IN BIBLE HOUSE, 4th-av., 8th and 9th sts. Desirable rooms, having steam heat, can be secured on second or third stories. Apply at Treasurer's Office of American Bible Society.

REAL ESTATE WANTED.

WANTED—TO BUY, OR HIRE WITH privilege of buying, a good house, eleven or twelve rooms, and not less than two acres of land; must be less than a mile from railroad station, and about an hour from New-York; New-York State preferred; price must be moderate. Apply to E. P. JOHNSON, No. 55 Liberty-st.

HOUSES & ROOMS WANTED.

WANTED.—BY A VERY RESPECTABLE woman a house to take charge of for the Summer months; can give the best of recommendations; without family. Call at No. 124 West 49th-st.

MARBLE MANTELS.

STEWART'S SLATE MANTELS, RICH and elegant designs; slate work of every description; marble and wood mantels. T. B. STEWART & CO., No. 220 and 222 West 23d-st., near 7th-av.

SHIPPING.

WHITE STAR LINE,

FOR QUEENSTOWN AND LIVERPOOL.
CARRYING THE

UNITED STATES MAIL.

NEW AND FULL-POWERED STEAM-SHIPS, sailing from New-York on SATURDAYS, from Liverpool on THURSDAYS, calling at Cork Harbor each way.

BALTIC..........SATURDAY, Mar. 22, at 12 M.
CELTIC..........SATURDAY, Mar. 29, at 3 P. M.
ATLANTIC.......SATURDAY, April 5, at 11 A. M.
REPUBLIC.......SATURDAY, April 12, at 3 P. M.
ADRIATIC.......SATURDAY, April 19, 10½ A. M.

From White Star Dock, Pavonia Ferry, Jersey City.

Passenger accommodations (for all classes) unrivaled, combining

SAFETY, SPEED AND COMFORT.

Saloon, State-rooms, Smoking-room and Bath-rooms in MIDSHIP section, where least motion is felt. Surgeons and stewardesses accompany these steamers.

Rates—Saloon, $80, gold; (for sailings after 1st April, $100 gold;) steerage, $30, currency. Those wishing to send for friends from the old country can now obtain steerage prepaid certificates, $32, currency.

Passengers booked to or from all parts of America, to Paris, Hamburg, Norway, Sweden, India, Australia, China, &c.

Drafts from £1 upward.

For inspection of plans and other information apply at the Company's offices, No. 19 Broadway, New-York.
J. H. SPARKS Agent.

ONLY DIRECT LINE TO FRANCE.

THE GENERAL TRANSATLANTIC COMPANY'S MAIL STEAM-SHIPS BETWEEN NEW-YORK AND HAVRE, CALLING AT BREST.

The splendid vessels on this favorite route for the Continent will sail from Pier No. 50 North River as follows:

VILLE DE PARIS....HELIARD..Saturday, March 22
ST. LAURENT..........LEMARIE..Saturday, April 5
VILLE DU HAVRE...SURMONT..Saturday, April 19
PEREIRE..............DANRE....Saturday, May 3

PRICE OF PASSAGE IN GOLD (including wine) TO BREST OR HAVRE.
First cabin............$125 | Second cabin...........$75
Excursion tickets at reduced rates.

These steamers do not carry steerage passengers.

American travelers going to or returning from the Continent of Europe, by taking the steamers of this line, avoid both transit by English railway and the discomforts of crossing the Channel, besides saving time, trouble, and expense.

GEORGE MACKENZIE, Agent,
No. 58 Broadway.

NATIONAL LINE

OF STEAM-SHIPS.

WEEKLY TO QUEENSTOWN AND LIVERPOOL.
FORTNIGHTLY TO LONDON DIRECT.
From Piers Nos. 44 and 47 North River.

TO QUEENSTOWN AND LIVERPOOL.
ITALY, GRIGG.........Wed'day, Mar. 19, at 9 A. M.
GREECE, THOMAS......Wed'day, Mar. 26, at 3 P. M.
EGYPT, GROGAN........Saturday, Mar. 29, at 3 P. M.
CANADA, WEBSTER.....Saturday, April 5, at 10 A. M.
FRANCE, THOMSON.....Saturday, April 12, at 3 P. M.
SPAIN, GRACE..........Saturday, April 19, at 10 A. M.
TO LONDON DIRECT.
HOLLAND, BRAGG......Saturday, April 5, at 11 A. M.

These steam-ships are

THE LARGEST IN THE TRADE.

Cabin passage.........$80, $75, and $65, currency
Steerage...................$29, currency

Prepaid steerage tickets from Liverpool, Queenstown, Londonderry, Glasgow, Cardiff, Bristol, or London.

CHEAPER THAN BY ANY OTHER LINE.

For further information apply at the Company's office, No. 69 Broadway.
F. W. J. HURST, Manager.

CUNARD LINE.

THE BRITISH AND NORTH AMERICAN ROYAL MAIL STEAM-SHIPS, BETWEEN NEW-YORK AND LIVERPOOL, CALLING AT CORK HARBOR. FROM NEW-YORK.

Parthia, Wed., March 19. | Algeria, Wed., April 9.
*Cuba, Wed., March 26. | *Russia, Wed'day, April 16.
Abyssinia, Wed., April 2. | Calabria, Sat'day, April 19.

And every following WEDNESDAY and SATURDAY from New-York. Steamers marked thus * do not carry steerage passengers.

RATES OF PASSAGE.

Cabin, $80, $100, and $130, gold, according to accommodation. Tickets to Paris, $15, gold, additional. Return tickets on favorable terms.

Steerage.....$30, currency

Steerage tickets from Liverpool and Queenstown and all parts of Europe at lowest rates.

For freight and cabin passage apply at the Company's office, No. 4 Bowling-green.

For steerage passage at No. 111 Broadway, Trinity Building.
CHAS. G. FRANCKLYN, Agent.

NOTICE.—THE PARTHIA WILL SAIL FOR Liverpool and Queenstown on WEDNESDAY, 19th inst. Passengers embark from Cunard Wharf, foot of Grand-street, Jersey City, at 9 P. M. C. G. FRANCKLYN, No. 4 Bowling Green.

INMAN LINE FOR QUEENSTOWN AND LIVERPOOL.

Royal Mail Steamers are appointed to sail as follows:

CITY OF NEW-YORK....Saturday, Mar. 22, 12 M.
CITY OF PARIS..........Saturday, Mar. 29, 2 P. M.
CITY OF MONTREAL.....Saturday, April 5, 12 M.
CITY OF BRISTOL.......Thursday, April 10, 2 P. M.
CITY OF BROOKLYN.....Saturday, April 12, 2 P. M.
CITY OF WASHINGTON.Thursday, April 17, 9 A. M.

and each succeeding SATURDAY and THURSDAY, from Pier No. 45 North River.

RATES OF PASSAGE.

CABIN, $80 and $100, gold, according to accommodations. Round trip tickets at low rates.

STEERAGE, to Liverpool, Queenstown, Glasgow, Londonderry, London, Bristol or Cardiff, $30. Prepaid certificates, $32, currency.

Passengers also forwarded to Havre, Hamburg, Sweden, Norway, Denmark and Paris, at reduced rates.

Drafts issued at lowest rates.

For Cabin Passage and general business apply at the Company's office, No. 15 Broadway.

For Steerage Passage, at No. 32 Broadway.
JOHN G. DALE, Agent.
Or to
O'DONNELL & FAULK, No. 402 Chestnut-st., Philadelphia.
M. S. CREAGH, No. 102 State-st., Boston.
F. C. BROWN, No. 86 South Market-st., Chicago.

ANCHOR LINE.

EXPRESS STEAMERS SAIL FROM PIER NO. 20 NORTH RIVER, NEW-YORK.

ISMAILIA..Wed., Mar. 19 | OLYMPIA, Wed., Mar. 26
AUSTRALIA..Sat. Mar. 22 | VICTORIA, Sat., Mar. 29

Passengers booked and forwarded to and from any railway station in Great Britain, Ireland, Germany, Norway, Sweden, Denmark, or America, as safely, speedily, comfortably, and cheaply as any other route or line. Tickets, drafts or certificates can be bought at lowest currency rates by applying at the Company's offices, No. 7 Bowling-green.
HENDERSON BROTHERS, Agents.

FOR LIVERPOOL.

(VIA QUEENSTOWN.)
CARRYING THE UNITED STATES MAILS.

THE LIVERPOOL AND GREAT WESTERN STEAM COMPANY will dispatch one of their first-class full-power iron screw steam-ships from PIER NO. 46 NORTH RIVER, EVERY WEDNESDAY, as follows:

MANHATTAN, Capt. PRICE, JR....Mar. 19, at 9 A. M.
WISCONSIN, Capt. T. W. FREEMAN Mar. 26, at 3 P. M.
NEVADA, Capt. FORSYTH.........April 2, at 9 A. M.
WYOMING, Capt. PRICE............April 9, at 3 P. M.
IDAHO, Capt. MORGAN..............April 16, at ——
MINNESOTA, Capt. T. F. FREEMAN, April 23, at ——

Cabin passage, $80, gold.
Steerage passage, (Office No. 29 Broadway,) $30, currency.
For freight or cabin passage apply to
WILLIAMS & GUION, No. 63 Wall-st.

GREAT WESTERN STEAM-SHIP LINE.

NEW-YORK TO BRISTOL, (Eng.)—DIRECT.

Taking goods and passengers for London, Cardiff, Newport, Gloucester, and all ports in Bristol Channel. THE STEAMERS OF THIS LINE WILL SAIL FROM PIER NO. 18 EAST RIVER, as follows:

ARRAGON, WESTERN.........Tuesday, March 25
GREAT WESTERN, STAMPER...Wed'day, April 23

Cabin passage, $70 currency. Steerage, $30 currency.

Parties wishing to send for their friends can obtain prepaid certificates. Drafts for £1 and upward.

For freight or passage, apply to
E. E. MORGAN'S SONS,
No. 70 South-st., New-York.

FOR SAVANNAH, GA.,

THE FLORIDA PORTS, AND THE SOUTH AND SOUTH-WEST.
GREAT SOUTHERN FREIGHT AND PASSENGER LINE.
CENTRAL RAILROAD OF GEORGIA AND ATLANTIC AND GULF RAILROAD.
TUESDAYS, THURSDAYS AND SATURDAYS.

THE STEAM-SHIPS

GENERAL BARNES, Capt. MALLORY, THURSDAY, March 20, from Pier No. 8 North River, at 3 P. M.
WM. R. GARRISON, Agent, No. 5 Bowling-green.

MONTGOMERY, Capt. FAIRCLOTH, SATURDAY, March 22, from Pier No. 13 North River, at 3 P. M.
R. LOWDEN, Agent, No. 93 West-st.

SAN JACINTO, Capt. HAZARD, SATURDAY, March 22, from Pier No. 8 North River, at 3 P. M.
WM. R. GARRISON, Agent, No. 5 Bowling-green.

VIRGO, Capt. BULKLEY, TUESDAY, March 25, from Pier No. 16 East River, at 3 P. M.
MURRAY, FERRIS & CO., Agents, No. 62 South-st.

Insurance by this line ONE-HALF PER CENT.
Superior accommodations for passengers.
Through rates and bills of lading in connection with Central Railroad of Georgia, to all points.
Through rates and bills of lading in connection with the Atlantic and Gulf Freight line.

C. D. OWENS, Agent A. & G. R. R., No. 229 Broadway. | GEORGE YONGE, Agent C. R. R., No. 409 Broadway

FOR ST. THOMAS AND BRAZIL.

RATES OF FREIGHT REDUCED.
UNITED STATES AND BRAZIL STEAM-SHIP COMPANY.

REGULAR MAIL STEAMERS sailing on the 23d of every month.

ONTARIO, Capt. SLOCUM.........March 24, at 10 A. M.
MERRIMACK, Capt. WEIR..........April 23
SOUTH AMERICA, Capt. TINKLEPAUGH.......May 23

These splendid steamers sail on schedule time, and call at St. Thomas, Para, Pernambuco, Bahia, and Rio de Janeiro, going and returning. For engagements of freight or passage, apply to
WM. R. GARRISON, Agent,
No. 5 Bowling-green, New-York.

DIRECT LINE TO HAVANA.

HAVANA, PROGRESO AND VERA CRUZ.

New-York and Mexican Mail Steam-ship Line, leaving Pier 3 N. River, at 3 P. M. every Thursday.

CLEOPATRA, (Havana and Mexico)........March 20
CITY OF HAVANA, (Havana only)..........March 27
CITY OF MERIDA, (Havana, via Nassau,).April 3
CITY OF MEXICO, (Havana and Mexico,).April 10

For freight or passage apply to
F. ALEXANDRE & SONS, No. 33 Broadway.

SHIPPING.

NEW-YORK TO CARDIFF.

The South Wales Atlantic Steam-ship Company's New First-class Full-powered Clyde-built Steam-ships
WILL SAIL FROM PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD WHARF, JERSEY CITY.

PEMBROKE.....................April 12
GLAMORGAN....................May 3
PEMBROKE.....................May 24
GLAMORGAN....................June 14

Carrying goods and passengers at through rates from all parts of the United States and Canada to ports in the Bristol Channel and all other points in England.

These steam-ships, built expressly for the trade, are provided with all the latest improvements for the comfort and convenience of

CABIN AND STEERAGE PASSENGERS.

First Cabin...............$75 and $80 currency
Second Cabin...............55 currency
Steerage.....................30 currency
Prepaid steerage certificates from Cardiff..........$33
Drafts for £1 and upward.

For further particulars apply, in Cardiff, at the Company's offices, No. 1 Dock Chambers—and in New-York, to
ARCHIBALD BAXTER & CO., Agents,
No. 17 Broadway.

PACIFIC MAIL STEAM-SHIP COMPANY'S LINE TO

CALIFORNIA, JAPAN AND CHINA,

VIA PANAMA,
CARRYING MAILS, PASSENGERS, AND FREIGHT TO
ASPINWALL, PANAMA, SANTA MARTHA, GREYTOWN, AND PACIFIC COAST OF MEXICO, CENTRAL AMERICA, PERU, AND CHILI.

Steamers leave 10th, 20th, and 30th of each month, except when those dates fall on Sunday, then the day previous.

March 20.—Steamer HENRY CHAUNCEY, Capt. A. G. GRAY, will leave Pier No. 42 North River at 12 o'clock noon for Aspinwall direct, connecting at Panama with the steamer GREAT REPUBLIC, Capt. CAVERLY, touching at Acapulco, Manzanillo, Mazatlan; also connecting for all Central American and South Pacific ports. Departures of 10th and 30th each month connect with the Company's steamer, touching at San Benito, Tonala, Salina Cruz, and Port Angel.

Steamer ALASKA will leave San Francisco April 1, 1873, for Japan and China. For rates of passage, freight, and all further information apply at Company's office on the pier, foot of Canal-st.
F. R. BABY, Agent.

SPECIAL NOTICE.—Postponement of sailing—Steamer HENRY CHAUNCEY will leave Pier No. 42 North River, for Aspinwall, at 12 o'clock noon, SATURDAY, March 22, 1873. F. R. BABY, Agent.

THE GREAT SOUTHERN FREIGHT AND PASSENGER LINE,

FOR CHARLESTON, S. C., THE FLORIDA PORTS, AND THE SOUTH AND SOUTH-WEST.

SAILING TRI-WEEKLY AT 3 P. M., From Pier No. 29 North River.

CHARLESTON, Capt. JAS. BERRY, Tuesday, March 18.
SOUTH CAROLINA, Capt. T. J. BECKETT, Thursday, March 20.
CHAMPION, Capt. R. W. LOCKWOOD, Saturday, March 22.

Superior accommodations for passengers.
☞ Insurance by this line ONE-HALF PER CENT.
Goods forwarded free of commission.
Passage tickets and bills of lading issued and signed at the office of
HENRY R. MORGAN & CO., Agents,
No. 177 West-st. (corner of Warren.)

Through freight tariffs. Passage tickets by all routes and to all points in the South or South-west, and further information can be obtained at the office of
BENTLEY D. HASELL,
General Agent Great Southern Freight Line,
No. 317 Broadway.

ATLAS STEAM-SHIP COMP'Y

UNITED STATES MAIL LINE.
MONTHLY SERVICE TO JAMAICA, VENEZUELA, WEST INDIES, AND SPANISH MAIN.

The Company's first-class iron steamers will be dispatched (unless prevented by unforeseen circumstances) with the mails, as under:

The steam-ship CLARIBEL, Capt. BAYLEY, for Turk's Island, Kingston, and Savanilla, will sail on March 29.

Loading berth, Pier No. 12, N. R. For freight or passage apply to PIM, FORWOOD & CO., Agents, No. 56 Wall-st.

COLUMBIAN MAIL STEAM-PACKET LINE,

FOR MATANZAS AND HAVANA,
Carrying the United States mail.
The first-class side-wheel steam-ship
SANTIAGO DE CUBA,
Capt. J. W. REYNOLDS,
Will sail from Pier No. 4 North River, on TUESDAY, 25th inst., at 3 P. M.
For freight or passage apply to
C. L. GUILLEAUME & CO., Agents,
No. 14 Broadway.
Due notice will be given of next sailing day.

UNITED STATES PASSPORT BUREAU.—United States passports, indispensable to travelers, issued by J. B. NONES, Passport Agent, No. 91 Duane-st., corner Broadway.

STEAMBOATS.

NEW WINTER LINE BY STEAMBOATS AND RAILROAD,

To HARTFORD, MIDDLETOWN, and all the towns along the CONNECTICUT VALLEY, connecting at Saybrook, with the new Valley Railroad. The steamers consist of the STATE OF NEW-YORK, CITY OF HARTFORD, and GRANITE STATE; one of which leaves Pier No. 24 East River, (Peck slip,) daily (Sundays excepted,) at 3 o'clock P. M.

The cars of the Valley road run alongside of the boats at Saybrook.

Passengers are not subjected to the annoyance and danger of getting to and from 42d-st., nor to expensive hack-hire, or a LONG WALK, to reach the cars at Saybrook.

The boats and cars on this route are first-class. PASSENGERS and FREIGHT, taken as low AS BY ANY OTHER LINE WHAT EVER.

WM. H. GOODSPEED, Vice-President.
SAXTON & SEABURY, Freight Agents, 112 South-st.

FALL RIVER LINE FOR BOSTON, VIA NEWPORT.—The steamers NEWPORT and OLD COLONY, from Pier No. 28 North River, foot of Murray-street, daily (Sundays excepted) at 5 P. M., on and after March 1. Tickets sold to principal points in New-England, the White Mountains, and Provinces.
A. P. BACON, Superintendent.

FOR NEW-HAVEN, HARTFORD, AND THE NORTH.—Steamers leave Peck-slip for New-Haven at 3:15 and 11 P. M., connecting with road.

FOR BRIDGEPORT AND ALL POINTS on Housatonic and Naugatuck Railroad.—Fare, $1. Steamers leave Catharine-slip at 12 noon, and 12 night.

FOR STAMFORD AND GREENWICH—Steamer NELLY WHITE leaves Pier 37, E. R., every Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday, at 2½ P. M.

RAILROADS.

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD.

Trains leave New-York, from foot of Desbrosses and Cortlandt sts., as follows:

Express for Harrisburg, Pittsburg, the West, and South, with Pullman Palace Cars attached, 9:30 A. M., 5, 7, and 8:30 P. M. Sunday, 5, 7, 8:30 P. M.

For Baltimore, Washington, and the South at 9 A. M., 1, 9 P. M. Sunday, 9 P. M.

Express for Philadelphia, 8, 9, 9:30 A. M., 12:30, 1, 4, 5, 6, 8:30, 9 P. M., and 12 night. Sunday, 5, 8:30, and 9 P. M.

For Philadelphia, via Kensington, at 7 A. M. and 2 P. M.

Emigrant and second class, 7:15 P. M.

For Newark at 6, 6:20, 7, 7:40, 8:10, 9, 10, 11, 11:40 A. M., 12, 1, 2, 2:30, 3, 3:20, 3:40, 4:10, 4:30, 5:10, 5:20, 5:30, 5:50, 6, 6:10, 6:30, 7:30, 8:10, 9, 10, 11:30, 12 P. M. Sunday, 5:20, 6, 8:10, 9 P. M.

For Elizabeth, 6, 6:30, 7, 7:40, 8, 8:10, 9, 10, 11, 11:40 A. M., 12 M., 12:20, 1, 2, 2:30, 3, 3:20, 3:40, 4, 4:10, 4:30, 5:20, 5:30, 5:50, 6, 6:10, 6:30, 7:30, 8:10, 10, 11:30, 12 P. M. Sunday, 5:20, 6, and 8:10 P. M.

For Rahway, 6, 6:30, 7, 8, 10, 9:30, and 10 A. M., 12 M., 1, 2, 2:30, 3, 3:20, 3:40, 4:10, 4:30, 5:20, 5:30, 5:50, 6, 6:30, 7:30, 8:10, 10 P. M., and 12 night. Sunday 5:20 and 6 P. M.

For Woodbridge and Perth Amboy, 6 and 10 A. M., 2:30, 3:40, 4:30, and 5:50 P. M.

For New-Brunswick, 7, 10 A. M., 12 M., 1, 2, 3, 4:10, 5:20, 6, 9 P. M., and 12 night. Sunday 6 and 9 P. M.

For East Millstone, 7 A. M., 12 M., 4:10 and 5:20 P. M.

For Lambertville and Flemington, 9 A. M. and 2 P. M.

For Philipsburg and Belvidere, 2 and 4 P. M.

Accommodation for Bordentown, Burlington, and Camden, 7 and 9:20 A. M., 12:30, 2, 3, 3:40, 4, and 6 P. M.

For Freehold, 7, 8 A. M., 2 and 4 P. M.

For Jamesburg, Pemberton, Camden, 6 A. M., 3:40 P. M.

Trains arrive as follows: From Pittsburg, 6:50 A. M., 1:03 P. M., daily; 10:14 A. M. and 6:34 P. M., daily, except Monday. From Washington and Baltimore, 6:40 A. M., 4:54, 10:12 P. M.; Sunday 6:40 A. M. From Philadelphia, 5:21, 6:50, 10:14, 11:04, 11:54 A. M., 2:14, 3:54, 6:04, 8:43 P. M.; Sunday, 5:21, 6:50, 11:04 A. M.

Ticket offices, Nos. 526, 435, 271, and 944 Broadway; No. 1 Astor House, and foot of Desbrosses and Cortlandt sts. Emigrant Ticket-office, No. 8 Battery-place.

D. M. BOYD, JR., Gen. Pass. Agent.
A. J. CASSATT, General Manager.

CENTRAL RAILROAD OF NEW-JERSEY.—Allentown Line to the West.—Passenger and Freight Depot in New-York, foot of Liberty-st.—Winter Arrangement—Commencing Dec. 16, 1872, leave New-York as follows:

6 A. M.—Way-train for Somerville.
7 A. M.—For Flemington, Easton, Bethlehem, Bath, Mauch Chunk, Wilkesbarre, Pittston, Mahanoy City, Mt. Carmel, Hazleton, Towanda, &c., with through cars to Williamsport; connects at Junction with Delaware, Lackawanna and Western Railroad.
9 A. M.—Morning Express, daily (except Sundays,) for Easton, Allentown, Harrisburg, and the West; connects at Somerville for Flemington; at Easton for Mauch Chunk, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, Towanda, Waverley, &c.
10:15 A. M.—Way-train for Somerville.
12 M.—Way-train for Somerville.
12:50 P. M.—For Flemington, Easton, Bath, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Mahanoy City, Hazleton, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, Reading, Columbia, Lancaster, Pottsville, Harrisburg, &c.
2:30 P. M.—For Easton, Bethlehem, and Allentown.
3:15 P. M.—For Plainfield.
4 P. M.—For Easton, Allentown, and Mauch Chunk; connects at Junction with Delaware, Lackawanna and Western Railroad.
4:30 P. M.—For Somerville and Flemington.
5 P. M.—For Somerville.
5:15 P. M.—For Plainfield.
5:30 P. M.—Evening Express, daily, for Easton, Bethlehem, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Pittsburg, and Chicago.
6 and 6:45 P. M.—For Somerville.
7:30 P. M.—(Emigrant)—For Easton.
9 and 11 P. M.—For Plainfield.
For Elizabeth at 6, 6:40, 7, 7:15, 8, 8:45, 9, 9:30, 10:15, 11, 11:45 A. M.; 12 M., 12:50, 1, 2, 2:30, 3, 3:15, 3:30, 4, 4:15, 4:30, 4:45, 5, 5:15, 5:30, 5:45, 6, 6:20, 6:45, 7:15, 7:30, 8:10, 9, 10, 11, 12 P. M.

R. E. RICKER, Superintendent and Engineer.
H. P. BALDWIN, General Passenger Agent.

PARASOLS. PARASOLS.

NO BLUDGEONS

—IN—

LADIES' PARASOLS.

BLUDGEON.—Short, thick CLUB; a weapon.—Johnson.
Used as a WEAPON by Low Persons.—Webster.

The Parasol has NOT CEASED to be an ARTICLE of TASTE and UTILITY.

A cultivated lady will not carry that which in appearance is a bludgeon, serviceable perhaps in a STREET FIGHT, or at DONNYBROOK FAIR, but entirely out of character in a lady's parasol.

WE OFFER

THE GRACEFUL ALPINE,

Or Walking-Cane Parasol.

Ladies (as well as gentlemen) often desire a Walking Cane, and this Parasol, as now made, is the most

GRACEFUL, STYLISH, AND USEFUL
PARASOL

ever introduced into this country. It is large in size, and an

ELEGANT SUN-SHADE.

THE PARIS MANCHON

We have adapted to the requirements of the AMERICAN LADIES in our

EN TOUT CAS,

(For all weathers.)

WITH CHATELAINES ATTACHED.

These are really a lady-like accompaniment for Shopping and for the Carriage.

THE

SPRING AND FALL DRESS PARASOL

will be a RICH LACE COVER, and with IVORY HANDLES.

THE

PARASOL OF THE SEASON

will be of ARMURE and other CHANGEABLE SILKS, in all the new shades.

FRINGED AND SCOLLOPED!

ISAAC SMITH'S SON & CO.,

LEADERS OF FASHION FOR PARASOLS AND UMBRELLAS SINCE A. D. 1802.

NO. 405 BROADWAY, NEW-YORK.

RAILROADS.

NEW-YORK MIDLAND RAILWAY.—WINTER ARRANGEMENT, taking effect Dec. 2, 1872.

Passenger depots foot Cortlandt and Desbrosses sts. as follows:

For New-Durham and Maywood—7, 9:10, 10:50 A. M.; 1, 4:30, 5:30, 6:20, and 11:30 P. M.
For Hackensack, Paterson, Hawthorne, Midland Park, and Wortendyke—7, 9:10, 10:50 A. M.; 1, 3:30, 4:30, 6:20, *11:30 P. M.
For Ridgefield Park, Bogota, Rochelle, Dundee Lake, Market Street, and Riverside—7, 10:50 A. M.; 1, 4:30, 5:30, 6:20, 11:30 P. M.
For Wyckoff, Pompton, and Montclair Junction—7, 9:10, 10:50 A. M.; 3:30, 4:30, 5:30 P. M.
For Campgaw, Oakland, Bloomingdale, and West Bloomingdale—7, 9:10, 10:50 A. M.; 4:30, 5:30 P. M.
For Smith Mills, Charlotteburg, Stockholm, Snufftown, Ogdensburg, and Quarryville—7, 9:10 A. M.; 4:30 P. M.
For New-Foundland, Franklin, Hamburg, Deckertown, Unionville, West Town, Johnson, Slate Hill, Middletown, and Bloomingburg—†7, 9:10 A. M.; 3:30, ‡4:30 P. M.
For Pine Bush, Huntsboro, Fallsburg, Monticello, Liberty Falls, and Ellenville—9:10 A. M.; 3:30 P. M.
Returning, leave Liberty Falls at 6:55 A. M., 1:25 P. M.; Ellenville, 7:42 A. M., 2:15 P. M.; Middletown, 6, 8:55 A. M., 3:37, 5:45 P. M.; West Bloomingdale, 7, 8:20 A. M., 2, 6:04 P. M.; Wortendyke, 6:25, 7:37, 9, 11:23 A. M., 2:37, 4:05, 6:58, 10:50 P. M.; Paterson, 5:43, 6:47, 7:55, 9:19, 11:38 A. M., 2:57, 4:24, 7:15, 11:12 P. M.
Arriving in New-York at 6:55, 8, 9:10, 10:30 A. M.; 12:50, 4:10, 5:40, 8:25 P. M., and 12:50 A. M.

MONTCLAIR DIVISION.

Trains leave New-York, foot Cortlandt and Desbrosses sts., for Montclair, Pompton, and intermediate stations, 9:10 A. M., 4:30 P. M. For Montclair and intermediate stations, 5:30 P. M. Arrive, 8 and 9:10 A. M., 4:10 P. M.

‡ Does not run beyond Middletown.
* Does not run beyond Hawthorne.
† Does not run beyond Bloomingburg.

C. W. DOUGLASS, Superintendent.
WM. H. WEED, General Ticket Agent.

NEW-YORK, NEW-HAVEN AND HARTFORD RAILROAD.

Passenger Station in New-York, Grand Central Depot. Entrance on 42d-St.

TRAINS LEAVE NEW-YORK.

Boston Express via Springfield at 8:05 A. M., 3:05, and 8:05 P. M., via Shore Line at 12:20 and 9:07 P. M., all stopping at Stamford, South Norwalk and Bridgeport.

Trains for New-Haven leave at 7:05, 8:05 (Ex.) 11:35 A. M.; 12:20, (Ex.), 3:52, 4:35, 5:36, 8:05 (Ex.) 9:07 (Ex.) P. M. Additional to Bridgeport at 9:05 A. M. to South Norwalk at 6:35 P. M., and to Stamford at 10:05 A. M.; 2:20, 4:50, 6, and 7:20 P. M. The 8:05 P. M. Express stops at New-Rochelle and Port Chester, and the 9:07 P. M. Express at Mt. Vernon, Mamaroneck, and Rye.

Sunday Boston Mail Trains at 7:05 P. M. via Springfield and 9:07 P. M. via Providence.

Drawing-room cars on Day Express and Sleeping Cars on Night Express Trains.

Tickets can be purchased at ticket office of company at Grand Central Depot, or at offices of New-York Transfer Company, No. 944 Broadway, New-York, and No. 1 Court-st., Brooklyn; who will also check baggage from residence to destination.

For further information of particulars see posters at hotels and depots.

JOHN T. MOODY,
Sup't of N. Y. and N. H. Div.

NEW-YORK CENTRAL & HUDSON RIVER RAILROAD.

Commencing on Monday, Nov. 4, 1872. Through Trains will leave Grand Central Depot.

8.00 A. M., Chicago and Montreal Express, with drawing-room cars through to Rochester and St. Albans.
10.30 A. M., Special Chicago Express, with drawing-room cars to Buffalo and Niagara Falls.
10.45 A. M., Northern and Western Express.
3.40 P. M., Special Express for Albany and Troy.
4.00 P. M., Montreal Express, with sleeping-cars from New-York to St. Albans.
6.00 P. M., Express, daily, with sleeping-cars for Watertown and Canandaigua.
8.00 P. M., Pacific Express, with sleeping-cars for Rochester, Buffalo and Niagara Falls; also, for Chicago via both L. S. and M. C. Railroads. This train runs on Sundays.
11.00 P. M., Express, with sleeping-cars for Troy and Albany.

C. H. KENDRICK, General Passenger Agent.

LONG ISLAND RAILROAD COMPANY.

Trains will leave James slip as follows. (Leave 34th-st., East River, fifteen minutes later.)

8:30 A. M.—Greenport Mail.
10:30 A. M.—Port Jefferson, Northport, Locust Valley, and Rockaway trains.
3 P. M.—Riverhead and Sag Harbor Express trains. (through to Greenport on Saturdays.)
4 P. M.—Port Jefferson, Northport, and Locust Valley Express.
5 P. M.—Hempstead Express.
6 P. M.—Northport and Rockaway Accommodation.

All trains connect at Jamaica with East New-York, and at Mineola with Hempstead.

PERSONAL.

TEN POUNDS REWARD.—WILLIAM KINGSLEY BADCOCK, (formerly of Taunton,) who was last seen in or about the year 1858 in Ireland, and who was reported to have died at Cork shortly afterward, but who was subsequently reported to have been in Australia, but is supposed by his friends to have gone to America, is informed that a sum of money is held at his disposal, and will be distributed among his next of kin, unless he claims the same within six months from the publication of this advertisement.

Any person who will give positive proof of the present whereabouts of the said William Kingsley Badcock, or of his death, shall receive the above reward. Apply to Messrs. BEADON & SWEET, Solicitors, Taunton, Somerset, England.

BANKRUPT NOTICES.

IN BANKRUPTCY.—IN THE DISTRICT Court of the United States for the Southern District of New-York.—In the matter of NATHAN LEVY, bankrupt.—Notice is hereby given that a petition has been filed in said Court by Nathan Levy, in said district, duly declared a bankrupt under the act of Congress of March 2, 1867, for a discharge and certificate thereof from all his debts and other claims provable under said act, and that the 10th day of April, 1873, at 2 o'clock P. M., at the office of Edgar Ketchum, Esq., Register in Bankruptcy, Nos. 12 and 14 John-street, in the City of New-York, is assigned for the hearing of the same, when and where all creditors who have proved their debts, and other persons in interest may attend, and show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of the said petition should not be granted, and further, that second and third meetings of the said creditors, under the 27th and 28th sections of the said act, will be had at the same time and place.—Dated New-York, on the 14th day of March, 1873.
GEO. F. BETTS, Clerk.
mh19-law3wW*

THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE—THAT ON the 17th day of March, A. D. 1873, a warrant in bankruptcy was issued against the estate of PHILIP C. HUBBELL, of the City of New-York, in the County of New-York and State of New-York, who has been adjudged a bankrupt on his own petition; that the payment of any debts and delivery of any property belonging to such bankrupt to him or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him, are forbidden by law; that a meeting of the creditors of the said bankrupt to prove their debts, and to choose one or more assignees of his estate, will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy, to be holden at No. 44 Wall-street, in the City of New-York, before John Fitch, Register, on the 2d day of April, A. D. 1873, at 1 o'clock P. M.
GEORGE H. SHARPE,
United States Marshal, as Messenger, Southern District of New-York.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New-York.—In the matter of DAVID M. GRIFFIN, Bankrupt.—In Bankruptcy, before John Fitch, Register.—To whom it may concern: The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as assignee of the estate of David M. Griffin, of New-York, in the County of New-York and State of New-York, within said district, who has been adjudged bankrupt upon his own petition by the District Court of said district. Dated at New-York City, the 4th day of March, A. D. 1873.
ELIAS DUSENBERRY, Assignee.

Southern District of New-York, ss.: I hereby designate *The New-York Times* and *Commercial Advertiser* as the newspapers in which the above notice shall be published by the said Elias Dusenberry, Assignee of the estate of David M. Griffin, bankrupt aforesaid, according to law. Dated at New-York City, the 4th day of March, 1873.
JOHN FITCH,
Register in Bankruptcy.
mh5-law3wW*

IN BANKRUPTCY.—IN THE DISTRICT Court of the United States for the Southern District of New-York.—In the matter of SAMUEL C. BOEHM, bankrupt.—Notice is hereby given that a petition has been filed in said Court by Samuel C. Boehm, in said district, duly declared a bankrupt under the act of Congress of March 2, 1867, for a discharge and certificate thereof from all his debts, and other claims provable under said act, and that the 15th day of April, 1873, at 12 o'clock M., at the office of John Fitch, Register in Bankruptcy, No. 44 Wall-street, in the City of New-York, is assigned for the hearing of the same, when and where all creditors who have proved their debts, and other persons in interest may attend, and show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of the said petition should not be granted.—Dated New-York, on the 17th day of March, 1873.
GEO. F. BETTS, Clerk.
mh19-law3W*

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States, for the Southern District of New-York.—In the matter of HENRY RUEDIGER, bankrupt.—In Bankruptcy.—Before John Fitch, Register. To whom it may concern: The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as assignee of the estate of Henry Ruediger, of New-York, in the County of New-York and State of New-York, within said district, who has been adjudged bankrupt upon creditors' petition by the District Court of said district. Dated at New-York City, the 17th day of February, A. D. 1873.
GEO. W. HERBERT,
mh12-law3wW Assignee, No. 23 Union-square.

IN BANKRUPTCY.—THE UNDERSIGNED has been appointed assignee of the estate of Nathan Appleton. FRANKLIN H. STORY,
mh5-law3wW Boston, Mass.

COPARTNERSHIP NOTICES.

DISSOLUTION OF COPARTNERSHIP.

The copartnership heretofore existing between the undersigned under the firm name of BLASKOPF & BUYER, is this day dissolved by mutual consent.
B. M. BLASKOPF.
EDWARD BUYER.

The business will be continued as heretofore by EDWARD BUYER.
NEW-YORK, March 14, 1873.

DISSOLUTION OF COPARTNERSHIP.—The copartnership between CHARLES VEECK and CHARLES HEYLMANN, heretofore existing under the name and firm of C. Veeck & Co., at No. 8 Maiden-lane, is dissolved by mutual consent.—Dated New-York, March 15, 1873.
CHARLES HEYLMANN.

DANCING.

A. DODWORTH'S
CLASSES FOR DANCING,
AT NO. 212 5TH-AV.,
now open for the reception of pupils. Send for circular.

TRENOR'S ACADEMY OF DANCING, Lyric Hall, 6th-av., Reservoir-square. Pupils can commence at any time, attend at their convenience, and learn any particular dance.

HORSES AND CARRIAGES.

ADVERTISEMENTS ARE RECEIVED FOR THE NEW-YORK TIMES at the TIMES Up-town Office, No. 54½ West 32d-st., junction of Broadway and 6th-av.; and the TIMES West-side Office, No. 308 West 23d-st., corner of 8th-av.
NO EXTRA CHARGE WHATEVER.

WANTED—A STYLISH CHESNUT OR brown horse, 15¾ hands, must be perfectly sound, free from vice, good traveler, suited to coupé use, and accustomed to double harness; any parties willing to give a fair trial and sell reasonably may apply at private stable, No. 42 West 55th-st., from 8 to 10 A. M.

A GENTLEMAN LIVING ON 5TH-AV. would like to hire a good stable located between 8th and 22d sts.; immediate possession desirable. Send particulars and order to see it to J. A. B., Post-office Box 3,707, City.

ANY GENTLEMAN HAVING A FIRST-class team of heavy coach horses, stylish and sound, with carriage not much used, and desiring to sell, can find a purchaser by addressing G., Box No. 180 *Times* Office.

ELEGANT LANDAU, ONE CLARENCE, one phaeton, one six-seat rockaway; also one two-wheel dog-cart, and several light wagons. Apply at M. CURLEY'S Carriage Manufactory, Nos. 109, 111, and 113 East 18th-st., near 4th-av.

FOR SALE.—LANDAU, BREWSTER make, nearly new; also, splendid pair sixteen hand horses, at a bargain. Apply at stable, No. 24 Lexington-av.

BOARDING AND LODGING.

ADVERTISEMENTS ARE RECEIVED FOR THE NEW-YORK TIMES At the "Times" Up-Town Office, No. 54½ West 32d-st., junction Broadway and 6th-av., And the "Times" West-Side Office, No. 308 West 23d-st., corner of 8th-av.
NO EXTRA CHARGE WHATEVER

RESERVOIR-PARK HOTEL,
CORNER 6TH-AV. AND 40TH-ST.,
Opposite Reservoir Park.
Elegant suits of rooms to rent, with board. Also, rooms for single gentlemen. Prices moderate.

LELAND'S STURTEVANT HOUSE,
BROADWAY, 28th and 29th sts., New-York.
American Plan, with Elevators.
Centrally located, near the depots and theatres.
LEWIS & GEO. S. LELAND, Proprietors.

BRUNSWICK HOTEL, 5TH-AV., CORner of Madison-square.—A handsome suite of apartments, containing parlor, hall, two bedrooms, and bath-room, completely furnished; will be rented on very moderate terms. Apply to Dr. E. P. FOWLER, No. 2 East 33d-st., from 7 to 9 in the evening, or before 10 in the morning.

STAMMERING.—NEW-YORK STAMMERING INSTITUTE, (established 1870,) Profs. MANN and COLVIN, Managers, No. 107 West 23d-st. References furnished; no instruments, appliances, or medicines used. Boarders taken, and no pay for board or services until cured. Send for prospectus.

ST. CHARLES HOTEL, (EUROPEAN plan,) No. 648 Broadway, corner Bleecker-st. Single rooms, $1 per day; family rooms from $10 to $14 per week. Hotel restaurant and newly furnished. All Broadway stages pass the hotel.
GEORGE S. & LEWIS LELAND, Proprietors.

PARTIES SEEKING FURNISHED apartments, with board, can obtain "all particulars" as to location, furniture, references, prices, &c., (a large list of first-class houses,) by applying to WILLIAM J. COLES, No. 1,287 Broadway.

A CHEERFUL, WELL-FURNISHED square room, with morning sun, pantry and bath-room adjoining, to let to a gentleman without board. Inquire at No. 368 4th-av., near 21st-st.

A HANDSOMELY-FURNISHED front parlor and bedroom; also, large back room on second floor to rent, with first-class board. Apply at No. 51 East 21st-st. References exchanged.

NO. 10 EAST 28TH-ST., NEAR 5TH-AV.—Pleasant third floor front room; board if desired; no moving in May; first-class reference required.

A LARGE NUMBER OF HOUSES having rooms to let with or without board can be obtained by applying to E. A. DAILEY, Everett Library, No. 588 6th-av.

AT NO. 134 EAST 16TH-ST., LATE Mrs. Faulkner's.—Hall room and sitting-room to let, with board.

TO LET—WITH BOARD, AT NO. 134 EAST 16th-st., late Mrs. Faulkner's, a suite of rooms, on the third floor, front.

NO. 247 WEST 36TH-ST.—A FEW GENtlemen can be comfortably accommodated with good board and pleasant rooms; terms, $5 and $6.

NO. 59 WEST 26TH-ST.—TWO ELEgantly furnished rooms and bed-rooms, with board. References exchanged.

NO. 59 WEST 35TH-ST.—A SECOND floor of two rooms will be rented low to a permanent party; also a single room. Family small.

A PARLOR FLOOR, CONSISTING OF four rooms, elegantly furnished, with private table; from April 1; water and bath. 250 Madison-av.

NO. 63 PARK-AV.—HANDSOME ROOMS, on second floor, to let; with or without private table.

NO. 63 PARK-AV.—ELEGANT ROOMS ON second floor to let, with board from April 1.

BOARD WANTED.

BOARD WANTED.—A SMALL FAMILY wish board for the Summer months with a private family, on the Hudson River or Sound, within twenty-five miles of the City. A good, plain table, with an abundance of fresh milk, fruit, and vegetables, indispensable. Address, with full particulars, Post-office Box No. 3,582, New-York City.

WANTED—BOARD FOR GENTLEMAN, wife, two children, and servant, from May 1 or 15, in New-Jersey or Long Island, within one hour of City; terms must be moderate; private family preferred. Address INSURANCE, No. 48 East 79th-st., New-York.

WANTED—BY A GENTLEMAN, WIFE, and child three years old, a good sized front room, unfurnished, with board; private family preferred; location Ninth or Sixteenth Wards. Address, stating terms, &c., J. R. C., Box No. 106 *Times* Office.

A YOUNG LADY TEACHER—IN ONE of the public schools wishes to obtain board in a quiet family, between 30th and 80th sts.; references given and required. Address Miss M., station K, Yorkville.

BOARD WANTED—IN A PRIVATE Christian family, by a mother and sister. Address HOME, Box No. 122 *Times* Office.

SUMMER RESORTS.

ROUND HILL HOTEL.—SUMMER resort; unparalleled drives, scenery, boating, groves, fountains, billiards, &c; climate most healthy; tropical fevers and ague unknown; water cure removed. Send stamp for circular.
IRAD FULLER, Sup't, Northampton, Mass.
C. BANTA, Secretary.

INSTRUCTION.

CHARLIER INSTITUTE
FOR BOYS & YOUNG GENTLEMEN.
BOARDING AND DAY SCHOOL.
Nos. 126 and 128 East 24th-st.

ANTHON GRAMMAR SCHOOL,
No. 252 Madison-av.
School hours, 9¼ A. M. to 2¼ P. M.

YONKERS MILITARY INSTITUTE.
A BOARDING SCHOOL
for making boys intelligent, healthy, Christian men.
ESTABLISHED 1854.
Earnest teaching; common-sense management.
BENJAMIN MASON, Box No. 654, Yonkers, N. Y.

JACKSON MILITARY INSTITUTE.
Tarrytown, N. Y. Established 1857.
Address Rev. F. J. JACKSON, M. A., Principal.

TO PARENTS AND GUARDIANS GOING ABROAD.—A lady of large experience in teaching has taken an elegant residence near Central Park and 5th-av., where she will superintend the education of a limited and select number of young ladies and little girls, who will be received into her family and enjoy a combination of educational advantages, with refined home influences, such as few institutions can present. Unexceptionable references given. Address CULTURE, Station G, New-York.

BLAIR PRESBYTERIAL ACADEMY, BLAIRSTOWN, N. J.—Superior advantages for both sexes. Spring session opens March 25. Terms, $200 a year. Students can remain vacations. Reference: Rev. G. J. Mingins, N. Y. Send for Catalogue. S. S. STEVENS, A. M., Principal.

MASSACHUSETTS INSTITUTE OF Technology.—Entrance examinations June 2 and 3, and Oct. 1 and 2. For catalogue, recent entrance examination papers, or further information, apply to Prof. SAMUEL KNEELAND, Secretary, Boston, Mass.

CLAVERACK COLLEGE AND HUDSON River Institute, at Claverack, N. Y., for both sexes; 167 furnished rooms; twenty instructors. Students are received at any time.
ALONZO FLACK, President.

COLLEGIATE AND COMMERCIAL Institute, New-Haven, Conn.—Preparatory to college, the scientific schools, or business. Summer session begins April 3, 1873.

WALNUT HILL SCHOOL, GENEVA, N. Y.—A first-class boarding-school for boys; the Spring term will commence April 8; terms $300 per annum. For circulars, address THOS. D. REED.

HENRY W. SIGLAR'S FAMILY SCHOOL for boys, Newburg, N. Y., offers superior advantages; four vacancies; inspection solicited. Write for circular.

HOME AND SCHOOL FOR BOYS FROM six to twelve years of age; $100 for term of twenty weeks. For circulars, address IRA PENFIELD, Stepney Depot, Conn.

NORWICH UNIVERSITY, NORTHFIELD, Vt.—A Military College, established 1834. Preparatory Department. Thorough classical, scientific, and military instruction. Address Prof. CHAS. DOLE.

$200 PER YEAR.—HEMPSTEAD INSTITUTE, Long Island, E. HINDS, A. M., Principal.

AMENIA SEMINARY, AMENIA, N. Y.—Spring term opens April 1.
S. T. FROST, A. M.

SPANISH CLASSES COMMENCE FIRST week in April at Mercantile Library. Private lessons at No. 789 6th-av., by Prof. DE TORNOS.

ELIZABETH COLLEGIATE SCHOOL.—A home for boys, Elizabeth, N. J.
REV. J. C. WYCKOFF.

MILITARY BOARDING SCHOOL.—White Plains, N. Y. Principal, O. R. WILLIS, Ph. D.

AMUSEMENTS.

UNION-SQUARE THEATRE.

Proprietor...................Mr. SHERIDAN SHOOK
Manager.......................Mr. A. M. PALMER
BEGINS AT 8. SATURDAY MATINEE AT 1½.
Carriages may be ordered for 10:30.

Last performances of A BUSINESS WOMAN.
WEDNESDAY, THURSDAY, and FRIDAY EVENINGS, and at the SATURDAY MATINEE,
LAST FOUR PERFORMANCES
of
A BUSINESS WOMAN.

SATURDAY EVENING, March 22, after careful preparation, will be produced, with new scenery and appointments, a charming three-act comedy-drama, by M. Louis Leroy, entitled
COUSIN JACK.

Characters as follows:
Jack Valdent (Cousin Jack).......Mr. D. H. Harkins
George Valdent, a wealthy manufacturer..........Mr. F. F. Mackay
M. Bonnegrace, an adventurer....Mr. Edward Lamb
M. Chambry, a man of the world.....Mr. Geo. Parkes
Cha'ut, a leader of the strikers......Mr. W. H. Stuart
Peter, a youthful workman.........Miss H. Thorpe
Celeste, sister of George Valdent......Miss Emily Mestayer
Blanche, his daughter by his first wife.......Miss Jennie Lee
Emmeline, his second wife.......Miss Mary Griswold
Workmen, rioters, &c., &c.

MONDAY EVENING, April 14,
the charming young actress,
Miss AGNES ETHEL,
will reappear at this theatre in her original part of
FROU-FROU,
in Meilhac & Halevy's drama of that name.

Box-office open from 8 A. M. to 5 P. M.

WALLACK'S.

Proprietor and Manager..Mr. LESTER WALLACK
SIXTH WEEK.
MR. SOTHERN
In his splendid impersonation,
DAVID GARRICK.
This charming play is
NIGHTLY GIVEN
With the most gratifying success.

A perfect ensemble of acting and mise en scene.
Mr. SOTHERN, Mr. JOHN GILBERT, Mr. J. B. POLK, Mr. J. BROWNE, Mr. W. J. LEONARD, Mr. E. HOLLAND, Mr. C. EDWIN, Miss KATHERINE ROGERS, Mme. PONISI, and Mrs. JOHN SEFTON.

Notwithstanding the extra accommodation provided, the demand for seats two weeks in advance is so urgent that
EARLY APPLICATION
Is strongly recommended.
BOX OFFICE OPEN ONE MONTH IN ADVANCE.
DAVID GARRICK
EVERY NIGHT AND SATURDAY MATINEE.
Carriages may be ordered at 10¼.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC.

ITALIAN OPERA.
MAX MARETZEK..........................Sole Manager.
FAREWELL ENGAGEMENT OF
PAULINE LUCCA.
POSITIVELY LAST NIGHTS OF
PAULINE LUCCA.
THIS, WEDNESDAY, March 19, at 8, LAST NIGHT BUT THREE, LA FAVORITA,
PAULINE LUCCA.
THURSDAY—Benefit French Benevolent Society.
FRIDAY, March 21,
DAUGHTER OF THE REGIMENT.
PAULINE LUCCA.
SATURDAY—FAREWELL LUCCA MATINEE,
DER FREISCHUETZ.
Tickets and seats for sale at Nos. 114 and 701 Broadway and the Academy of Music.

OLYMPIC THEATRE.

Mr. J. E. HAYES..........Sole Lessee and Manager
MONDAY EVENING, March 17,
EVERY NIGHT AT 8 O'CLOCK
AND
WEDNESDAY AND SATURDAY AT 2.
THE AMERICAN GRIMALDI,
GEORGE L. FOX,
and his mirth-provoking Pantomime of
HUMPTY DUMPTY,
the revival of which has met with a
SUCCESS WHICH HAS NEVER BEEN EQUALED IN THE ANNALS OF AMUSEMENTS.
The GRANDEST CORPS of SPECIALTY ARTISTS ever assembled in one entertainment.

NIBLO'S GARDEN. NIBLO'S GARDEN.

LAST NIGHTS LAST NIGHTS
of the
Magnificent Ballet Spectacular Romance,
LEO AND LOTOS.
LEO AND LOTOS.
The most superb production ever seen on
ANY STAGE IN THE WORLD.
Splendid Scenery. Exquisite Vocalism,
Entrancing Costumes, Charming Music,
Bewitching Ballets, Parisian Panorama,
Attractive Varieties, Grand Transformation.
EVERY EVENING and SATURDAY MATINEE.
THURSDAY, Matinée, March 20—BENEFIT of E. D. DAVIES, when a host of volunteers will appear.
In preparation, a realistic drama of life on the frontier, in which will be introduced the renowned scouts and hunters, BUFFALO BILL and TEXAS JACK.

BRYANT'S OPERA-HOUSE—23D-ST.

Every evening at 8. Saturday matinée at 2.
First time this season of the original plantation scene, "Uncle Eph's Dream of the Old Kentucky Home." J. W. McAndrews as Old Uncle Eph.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC.

GRAND ANNUAL BENEFIT
of the
FRENCH BENEVOLENT SOCIETY.
THURSDAY, March 20, at 8 P. M.,
MARTHA
and a
MUSICAL INTERMEDE.
Señoras KELLOGG, SANZ, LEVIELLI,
Señors VIZZANI, COULON,
MORIAMI,
ABRUGNEDO, JAMET.
Reserved Seats may be obtained at G. SCHIRMER'S, No. 701 Broadway.

ASSOCIATION HALL.

SATURDAY POPULAR MATINEES.

MR. GEO. VANDENHOFF,

New-York's Favorite Reader. SATURDAY, March 22, 2 P. M. PROGRAMME.—Part I.—Shakespeare's "Mercutio," "Queen Mab," and "Death of Mercutio." Dickens' "Sam Weller" and the "Fat Boy." Part II.—Miscellaneous Poetry—Heroic, Pathetic, Humorous. Part III.—Dickens' "Dick Swiveller" and "The Marchioness." Tickets, with reserved seats, 50 cents, for sale at Gurley's, 23d-st., corner 4th-av.; Hall's, No. 751 Broadway, and at the hall.

ASSOCIATION HALL.

WEDNESDAY EVENING, March 19, at 8 o'clock, entertainment for the benefit of the Eastern Branch Young Men's Christian Association.
J. SEAVER PAGE, Esq.,
will read humorous and pathetic selections, Prof. ANTONIO L MORA will preside at the organ, and prominent vocalists will assist in the entertainment.
Tickets, 50 cents. No reserved seats.
DON'T FAIL TO COME.

THE HAMPTON COLORED STUDENTS, seventeen in number, from the Hampton Normal School, Virginia, will sing genuine negro spiritual and old cabin plantation songs in Dr. Rogers' Church, corner 5th-av. and 21st-st., on THURSDAY EVENING, March 20, and in Dr. Bellows' Church, corner 4th-av. and 20th-st., FRIDAY EVENING, March 21, at 8 o'clock. Admission, 50 cents. Tickets to be had at Putnam's, Carleton's, and Methodist Book Concern.

SURROGATE NOTICES.

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF Robert C. Hutchings, Esq., Surrogate of the County of New-York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against GEORGE HARDEN, late of the City of New-York, deceased, to present the same, with vouchers thereof to the subscribers, at their place of transacting business, at the office of Robt. H. Corbett, Esq., No. 6 Wall-street, in the City of New-York, on or before the 20th day of March next.—Dated New-York, the 16th day of September, 1872.
ELIZABETH HARDEN, Administratrix.
AMOS H. TROWBRIDGE, Administrator.
s18-law6mW

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF Robert C. Hutchings, Esq., Surrogate of the County of New-York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against JAMES KELLY, late of the City of New-York, deceased, to present the same, with vouchers thereof, to the subscribers, at the residence of Morris Kelly, No. 327 2d-avenue, in the City of New-York, on or before the 20th day of May next.—Dated New-York, the 11th day of November, 1872.
MARGARET HAMILTON, Executrix.
MORRIS KELLY, Executor.
n20-law6mW*

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF ROBERT C. HUTCHINGS, Esq., Surrogate of the County of New-York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against JOHN R. LAWRENCE, late of the City of New-York, deceased, to present the same, with vouchers thereof to the subscribers at the residence of the subscriber, John Lawrence, No. 33 West 17th-street, in the City of New-York, on or before the 28th day of April next.—Dated New-York, the 14th day of October, 1872.
JOHN LAWRENCE, } Executors.
LEONARD JACOB, }
o16-law6mW*

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF Robert C. Hutchings, Esq., Surrogate of the County of New-York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against JOHN J. DORTIC, late of the City of New-York, merchant, deceased, to present the same, with vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, at his office and place of business, No. 90 Water-st., in the City of New-York, on or before the 15th day of July next.—Dated New-York, the 7th day of January, 1873.
SEBASTIAN C. DORTIC,
ja8-law6mW* Executor.

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF Robert C. Hutchings, Esq., Surrogate of the County of New-York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against the estate of GEORGE F. THOMAE, late of the City of New-York, deceased, to present the same, with vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, at No. 82 East 35th-st., in the City of New-York, on or before the 1st day of April next.—Dated New-York, the 24th day of September, 1872.
a25-law6mW MARIA H. THOMAE.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

ESTATE OF NORMAN B. GRIFFIN, DECEASED.—Notice is hereby given that the proceeds of the sale of the real estate of Norman B. Griffin, late of the City of New-York, deceased, intestate, lately made under the order of the Surrogate of the County of New-York, will be divided by the said Surrogate among the creditors of the said intestate, in proportion to their respective debts, according to law, at the Surrogate's office, in the new County Court-house, in the City of New-York, on the 7th day of April next, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon of that day.—Dated New-York, Feb. 18, 1873.
ROBERT C. HUTCHINGS,
f19-law6wW Surrogate.

STATIONERY.

SLOTE & JANES, STATIONERS, PRINTERS and blank-book manufacturers, No. 93 Fulton-st. Account-books made to any pattern.

AMUSEMENTS.

GRAND OPERA-HOUSE.

(West 23d-st., corner of 8th-av. Curtain rises at 8.
Mr. AUGUSTIN DALY...Sole Lessee and Manager.
Sardou's brilliant comedy on American society.

UNCLE SAM;
OR, THE FLIRTATION!

Which, by reason of its PROHIBITION IN FRANCE, has aroused such universal interest, and is presented every evening at the Grand Opera-house for the first time on any stage, and with palpable success before the most majestic, fashionable, and critical audiences that ever assembled in a metropolitan theatre.

UNCLE SAM
will be given
EVERY EVENING and SATURDAY MATINEE
with the following unapproachable cast:
The Marquis Robert de Rochemore...Mr. Henry Crisp
Mr. Francis Briot.............................Mr. Julian Cross
Mr. SAMUEL TAPPLEBOT, frequently called Uncle Sam.......Mr. JOHN BROUGHAM
Ulysses Tapplebot } Sam's Sons.....Mr. J. G. Peakes
Benj. Tapplebot } .....Mr. J. H. Burnett
Launcelot Elliot, Esq.............Mr. George De Vere
Colonel Nathaniel Flibburty.......Mr. W. J. Lemoyne
Fairfax............................Mr. Martin Golden
Gyp Dirson.......................Mr. J. W. Jennings
Rev. Jedediah Buxton..............Mr. James A. Meade
Tog.................................Mr. E. Chapman
Robinson..........................Mr. E. F. Ketchum
Mr. Goodwin........................Mr. A. E. Enos
Passengers, Ministers, Deck-hands, News-boys.
MISS SARAH TAPPLEBOT, the niece of Samuel...........MRS. JOHN WOOD
Miss Angela Tapplebot............Miss Belia Golden
Grace Flibburty...................Miss Mary Cary
Miss Betsy, a music teacher.........Miss Ella Dietz
Mme. Bellamy.......................Miss Annie Deland

SYNOPSIS.
ACT I.
A TRIP DOWN THE HUDSON!
ACT II.
THE SCHOOL OF FLIRTATION.
ACT III.
ON THE BEACH AT LONG BRANCH!
ACT IV.
SEVEN SHOTS FOR A WIFE!

FIFTH-AVENUE THEATRE.

Sole Lessee and Manager....Mr. AUGUSTIN DALY

Mr. DALY offers for the present week, upon alternate evenings, the two MOST BRILLIANT SUCCESSES of the season.

THIS (Wednesday) EVENING, March 19, will be acted Mr. Augustin Daly's very successful Parisian play, in four acts, entitled
ALIXE!

Characters by Mr. CHARLES FISHER, Mr. LOUIS JAMES, Mr. JAMES LEWIS Mr. GEORGE CLARKE, Mr. J. A. MACKAY, Miss CLARA MORRIS, Miss FANNY MORANT, Miss ROSA ST. CLAIR, Miss LINDA DIETZ, and Miss NELLIE MORTIMER.

ALIXE will also be given on FRIDAY EVENING. On TO-MORROW (Thursday) and SATURDAY EVENINGS and SATURDAY MATINEE the brilliant London comedy,
NEW-YEAR'S EVE; Or,
FALSE SHAME!

Seats may be secured six days in advance. In preparation, DIVORCE; also, a new piece of SINGULAR EMOTIONAL EFFECT, by the author of "Leah, the Forsaken."

STEINWAY HALL.

MORNING AND EVENING READINGS
FROM
SHAKESPEARE AND THE POETS.

MISS CHARLOTTE CUSHMAN

Will have the honor to read,
THIS, WEDNESDAY MORNING, March 19,
PART I.
SELECTIONS FROM ROMEO AND JULIET.
PART II.
Battle of Ivry......................Macaulay
Death of the Old Squire...................Anon
Betsy and I are out........................Carleton
FRIDAY EVENING, March 21,
MACBETH.
SATURDAY MORNING, MARCH 22,
MISCELLANEOUS READINGS.
PART I.
"The Young Gray Head"..........Miss Southey
"The Grandmother"....................Tennyson
PART II.
"The Skeleton in Armor"..........Longfellow
"Hirve Riel"............................Browning
"The Charge of the Light Brigade........Tennyson
"Betsy and I are out." (By request.)
The evening readings at 8. } Doors open
The morning readings at 2. } one hour before.
Admission to each reading..............ONE DOLLAR
Reserved seats may be had in advance, for ANY of the readings, without extra charge, at Steinway Hall, from 9 A. M. to 4 P. M. daily.

BOOTH'S THEATRE. BOUCICAULT.

Mr. Edwin Booth.........Proprietor and Manager.
Every Evening,
Mr. DION BOUCICAULT
as Mike O'Dowd of the Claddagh, in his new Comedy Drama, illustrating Irish life, manners, and character, entitled
DADDY O'DOWD;
or, Turn About is Fair Play,
assisted by
MR. SHIEL BARRY, MR. ROBT. PATEMAN, MR. JOSEPH WHEELOCK, MR. GEORGE BECKS, MISS BELLA PATEMAN, MISS MARY WELLS, MISS MARY YOUNG, AND OTHERS in the very strong and efficient cast.
Matinée of DADDY O'DOWD on SATURDAY at 2.

WOOD'S MUSEUM. BURLESQUE.

IMMENSE SUCCESS OF ERNANI.
EVENING AT 8, The comic drama of TROUBLE IN FRANCE and burlesque of ERNANI. | AFTERNOON AT 2, LAST MATINEES of Mr. J. J. BARTLETT, in his own sensation drama, the DEVIL'S CRAG.
FRIDAY, benefit of Miss LISA WEBER.

ST. JAMES' THEATRE.

28th-st., and Broadway.
G. SWAINE BUCKLEY AND SAM SHARPLEY'S
BURLESQUE OPERA TROUPE.
LUCREZIA BORGIA,
and a brilliant olio of novelty.
New Programme. Begins at 8 o'clock.

L. B. LENT'S
NEW-YORK CIRCUS,
MUSEUM, MENAGERIE, CARAVAN AND ZOOLOGICAL GARDEN.
Occupying the entire block bounded by MADISON AND 4TH AVS. 26TH AND 27TH STS.
WILL OPEN
MONDAY, MARCH 31.

STEINWAY HALL,

THURSDAY EVENING, MARCH 20,
AT 8 O'CLOCK.
Entertainment for the benefit of the
WOMEN'S EDUCATIONAL AND INDUSTRIAL FUND.
Miss EMILY FAITHFULL,
Miss ANTOINETTE STERLING,
and other eminent artists.
Tickets, $1; reserved seats, $1 50.
For sale at
G. Schirmer's Music-store,
No. 701 Broadway.

THE PILGRIM.

THIS EVENING, in and for the benefit of The Church of the Stranger, Dr. Deems, Pastor, Mercer-st., near Waverly-place.
FIFTY PAINTINGS, 12x20 FEET.
Lecture, songs, music, and 100 voices in the chorus.
Admission, 50 and 75 cents; children, 25 cents.
J. W. BAIN, Proprietor.

PALETTE.

The Art Exhibition at SOMERVILLE'S Gallery, No. 82 5th-av., corner 14th-st., will continue until WEDNESDAY, March 19. The sale at auction of the remaining pictures, &c., &c., unsold, will begin on THURSDAY EVENING, March 20, at 7½ o'clock, at the above gallery.

LOAN OFFICES.

NO. 1,191 BROADWAY, AT H. B. MELville's coral and gold jewelry-store, diamonds, watches, jewelry, &c., &c., taken on storage, and money advanced if required. No. 1,191 Broadway, near 28th-st.

NO. 1,267 BROADWAY, OVER HERALD Branch, Room 3.—Parlor for ladies. Branch No. 132 Fulton-st., Brooklyn. Money loaned on diamonds, watches, jewelry, &c. Same bought and sold.
LINDO BROS.

MUSICAL.

A GREAT OFFER FOR MARCH!

Horace Waters & Son, 481 Broadway,
Will dispose of 100 PIANOS, MELODEONS, and ORGANS of first-class makers, including Waters', at EXTREMELY LOW PRICES FOR CASH, DURING THIS MONTH. New seven-octave PIANOS, modern improvements, for $250 and $275, cash. THE WATERS' CONCERTO PARLOR ORGANS are the most beautiful in style and perfect in tone ever made. Prices at bargains, for cash. Monthly installments received, running from one to three years. New and second-hand instruments to let, and rent applied if purchased. Illustrated Catalogues mailed.

THE BEST ORGANS
On the EASIEST TERMS.

"The Silver Tongues,"

On rental and sale per installment plan.
Come direct to the factory and wholesale warerooms.
E. P. NEEDHAM & SON, (Estb'd 1846.)
143, 145 and 147 EAST 23D-ST., N. Y.
FORTY different STYLES at varying prices.

THE MASON & HAMLIN ORGAN CO have REMOVED to 25 UNION-SQUARE, where they offer a full assortment of their celebrated CABINET ORGANS. FIFTY STYLES, $55 to $500 and upward each. They undertake to furnish the CHEAPEST as well as BEST instruments of this class. ORGANS RENTED, with privilege to purchase, or SOLD FOR MONTHLY OR QUARTERLY PAYMENTS. *Illustrated Catalogues free.*

AT HAINES BROS.',
No. 27 Union-square,
First-class handsome new PIANO-FORTES for sale on very reasonable terms,
and several used a little, very low for cash.

A LARGE STOCK OF PIANOS.
SQUARE AND UPRIGHT, to rent or sell cheap; rent allowed on purchase. Call at M. M. MERRELL'S, No. 8 Union-square, (No. 165 4th-av.)

GREATEST BARGAINS IN NEW and second-hand pianos and organs ever offered. Sold on small monthly installments; rented, and rent applied if purchased. T. S. BERRY & CO., No. 789 Broadway.

FIFTY CENTS PER LESSON ON THE Pianoforte, by an experienced lady teacher; privilege of practice. Apply at No. 63 West 53d-st.

NEW-YORK CITY NEWS.

TROUBLE IN ERIE.

Three of the Officials Suspended Without Pay—Causes for the Step.

THE TIMES, a few days ago, announced exclusively that the Board of Erie Directors would soon dismiss three of the officials of the road—Messrs. Horatio N. Otis, the Secretary; Justin D. White, Assistant Treasurer; and John Hilton, Audit Clerk. A meeting of the board was held on the 11th inst., when Gen. A. S. Diven, the Vice-President, resigned his position, but no action was taken in regard to Otis, Hilton, or White. Several of the directors, when asked about it, denied the assertion made by THE TIMES, and declared that it was not probable that any such action would be taken. The revelations recently published in THE TIMES have, however, startled the Erie managers, for yesterday it was stated that Otis, White, and Hilton had been suspended by President Watson, without pay, in consequence of the exposures recently made. This suspension is to remain in force until the next meeting of the board, on the second Tuesday in April.

It is believed that this suspension has a deeper meaning than appears on the surface, for as Messrs. Otis, White, and Hilton may be wanted by the Legislative Committee, they being suspended from duty by the company may thereby evade service of subpœna and avoid appearing as witnesses.

A TIMES reporter called upon Mr. S. L. M. Barlow last evening, when, in answer to a question, that gentleman confirmed the news, and said the suspension was caused by the publication in THE TIMES of the list of the sums received by the old directors, in 1872, for resigning.

Reporter—You consider it sufficient cause, then, for turning them out because they received money for overthrowing the Gould management?

Mr. Barlow—Well, not exactly that; but we have been in favor of it for some time, and this seemed a favorable opportunity.

Reporter—Were they not suspended because you did not wish to become responsible for their appearance at Albany before the committee?

Mr. Barlow—Oh, nonsense, nothing of the sort. They were suspended from pay on account of the exposures which appeared in THE TIMES.

This ended the interview.

The Siegfried Poisoning Case.

The trial of Frederick Heggi, charged with poisoning Frederick J. Siegfried, in August, 1869, was commenced yesterday before Recorder Hackett in the Court of General Sessions. The prisoner was tried for the offense at the last October term of the same court; but after an examination lasting several days the jury were unable to agree on a verdict. In this case, the particulars of which were published in THE TIMES of that date, attention was first called to the alleged murder by the action of Coroner Young, who ordered the remains of Siegfried to be exhumed from the Lutheran Cemetery at the urgent request of the deceased's son, who had repeatedly given expression to his suspicions of foul play toward his father. Siegfried resided with Heggi at the time of his death, and left to the latter a considerable sum of money, although he had previously stated his intention to bequeath it to a relative. On the remains being exhumed and analyzed they were found to contain a sufficient quantity of arsenic to kill three men. An inquest was subsequently held, and Siegfried arrested. On being placed at the bar, yesterday, the prisoner looked remarkably well, and did not seem to have been in the least affected by his imprisonment. Assistant District-Attorneys Russell and Rollins conducted the case for the people. The work of impaneling a jury commenced in the afternoon, and in a very short space of time a jury satisfactory to both sides had been sworn.

The first juror called was Henry C. Ahrens, saloon-keeper, of No. 26 East Eighteenth-street. He was accepted by both sides without much discussion, and sworn in as first juror. The other jurors were as follows: James A. Marcus, commission agent, doing business at No. 16 Broadway; Michael Burns, coal dealer, No. 410 East Thirty-first-street; Jacob Mandel, of the *Handel Zeitung;* Joseph Kaufman, fancy goods, No. 509 Third avenue; Robert L. Prime, no business, No. 42 Downing-street; Jasper Whitehead, No. 122 East Seventieth-street, clothing; James H. Sherman, shoes, No. 815 Greenwich-street; William A. Ellis, merchant, No. 48 Frankfort-street; Waitstill Willard, restaurant, Broadway; Peter W. A. Meyer, coal, No. 347 East Thirty-eighth-street; and August Schimmell, No. 156 West Thirty-fourth-street. The oath having been administered, the Recorder discharged the jury until this morning, after cautioning them to allow nobody to converse with them, and to read no newspaper comments on the subject of the trial.

Seventh Ward Council of Political Reform.

The Seventh Ward Council of Political Reform met, last evening, at No. 68 East Broadway, to "protest against partisan legislation as opposed to the true interest of the City." Resolutions were adopted condemning any plan for the appointment of heads of departments which did not vest the nomination in the Mayor and confirmation by the Board of Aldermen; recommending that the elections for city officers should be held in Spring, and approving of the provisions for the appointment of justices embodied in the Police Justices' bill first reported to the Assembly. Resolutions were also adopted calling on the Committee of Seventy to publish the nature of the pledges given by the managers of the Republican Party to forward reform; that the Department of Public Works should be controlled by a commission of three; and that in the event of failing to obtain the necessary legislation in the interest of reform, it would be the duty of the Council of Political Reform to induce the people to reject all overtures from political parties and run a separate ticket. After hearing short addresses from Mr. Richard Waters, Gen. Joseph C. Jackson, and others, the meeting adjourned.

Burglars at Work.

At 3 o'clock on Monday afternoon, during the absence of all the inmates, the residence of Wm. Trotter, in Seventy-first-street, between Eighth and Ninth avenues, was visited by burglars, who gained an entrance to the premises by forcing the padlock fastening the front door. They then ransacked the premises, and carried off clothing and jewelry valued at $68, with which they escaped.

On Monday evening, some unknown thieves secreted themselves in the building No. 7 Liberty-street, and during the night forced open the door leading from the hallway on the second floor, into the store of Castanedo & Jewell, cigar merchants. The burglars took possession of 4,860 cigars and two gold pens, valued in all at $365, which they removed from the building and carried off without discovery.

At a late hour on Monday night, burglars forced open a rear window of the plumbing establishment of M. P. Van Vorst, No. 653 Ninth-avenue, and took $150 worth of tools and other property, with which they succeeded in making their escape.

Supposed Suicide.

Yesterday morning, Frederick Leupka, No. 142 Cherry-street, reported to Capt. Mount, at the Seventh Precinct Police Station, that at about 3½ o'clock A. M., while on the deck of the ship British America, at Pier No. 37 East River, where he was employed as watchman, he observed a man sitting on a box near the edge of the wharf. The man, who was a stranger to him, was of slight build, and had on a dark coat and black soft felt hat. Suddenly Leupka heard a loud splash, and on turning quickly about noticed that the man had disappeared from his seat, and in a moment afterward he saw him struggling in the water between the stem of the ship and the pier. The watchman made every effort to save the man, but failed. The hat which he wore was subsequently found in the water near the spot where the stranger had disappeared, and is now in the hands of the police awaiting identification.

Suspicious Characters Arrested.

Yesterday afternoon Officer Kearney, of the Eighth Precinct, noticed Wm. Hopkins and Henry Wilder, both suspicious characters, having charge of an express wagon and horse. As they could not satisfactorily account for the possession of the horse and wagon the officer arrested them. In the wagon was found rolled up in a horse-blanket a large combination "jimmy." It is supposed that the prisoners were preparing to rob some store, and had stolen the horse and wagon to carry off the proceeds of the burglary. They were brought to Police Head-quarters and were remanded to the station-house for examination.

The Cotton Movement—A Sharp Rally in Prices.

Yesterday's business at the Cotton Exchange was very extensive, especially in contracts for forward delivery, and the improving tendency apparent at the close of Monday's dealings, as noted in our last, was even more distinct on the day's transactions, which indicated an advance of 1-16c.@⅛c. ℔ ℔., on sales of 29,500 bales, according to the official report, making, with the lots disposed of late on Monday, after the closing of the official report for that day, a grand total of 48,400 bales, largely for April, May and June, with the heaviest operations in May and June contracts. The closing quotations are given in our regular commercial department. The day's receipts at the shipping port were lighter, the total having been 9,286 bales, making the aggregate thus far this week 41,647 bales as against 42,192 bales same time last week.

THE REPUBLICAN COMMITTEE.

The Charter and the Mayor—Decisive Vote Last Evening.

The Republican Central Committee met last evening in Republican Hall, Broadway and Twenty-third-street, Mr. Hugh Gardner in the chair. The Executive Committee reported its organization, with Col. Geo. Bliss, Jr., as chairman, and the Committee on Contested Seats reported that they had examined the roll of the Nineteenth Assembly District, found upon it 583 names entitled to vote, and that the primary election had been held on Saturday last and the proper delegates to the Central Committee chosen. The delegates were on motion admitted to seats in the Central Committee and the report adopted. Mr. White, of the Committee on Inauguration, reported that the appointed delegates attended at Washington, and were handsomely entertained by the Republican Association in that city. On motion of Mr. McWatters, a resolution of thanks to that association was passed, and ordered to be engrossed and forwarded.

Mr. Darling inquired if anything definite in reference to the passage of the City charter could be reported to the committee. He said that a feeling existed among the Republicans that the charter was not going to pass in any way satisfactory to the citizens of New-York. If any further action was needed from the Central Committee to stimulate the Republican members of the Legislature he for one was anxious that such action should be taken at once. It was due to the Republicans of this City that the great reform in municipal affairs that had been achieved by their votes should not be lost, and that the influences of corruption should not supplant those who had labored so hard to purify the City.

The President said he had no doubt of the passage of the charter, as there were no Republican Senators that were opposed to it. There were some slight differences of opinion as to what would be for the best interests of the Republican Party with regard to the twenty-fifth section; otherwise he saw no difficulty in the way of the final passage.

Resolutions indorsing the appointments by the President of George H. Sharpe as Surveyor, and Thomas L. James as Postmaster, were offered, and referred to the Committee on Resolutions.

Col. Duganne offered the following resolution:

Whereas, The Republican Party of New-York City claims to be the party of Municipal reform, and, acting as such in November last, co-operated with other political organizations to nominate a candidate for Mayor pledged to Municipal reform; and,

Whereas, The Republicans of New-York City by their votes elected William F. Havemeyer as Mayor; therefore,

Resolved, That the Republican Central Committee, interpreting the solid vote cast for Havemeyer as the will of our party in New-York City, invoke the Republican Legislature to so amend the charter now before them as to give to the Mayor of New-York City full authority to appoint to office under the amended charter, by and with the approval of the majority of the Aldermen.

Resolved, That a committee of three members of the Central Committee be appointed to proceed at once to Albany, and lay this action of the Republican Central Committee before the State Legislature, through our Republican representatives in Senate and Assembly.

The mover of the resolution said that he had, in the County Convention, been opposed to the nomination of any other than a straight Republican for Mayor, as he was certain that the Republican Party could put forth their own candidate and elect him. There were, however, those present who differed then with him, but have since acknowledged that he, the speaker, was right. He offered the resolution as much for the interest of the Republican Party as if a Republican had been nominated and elected. He was satisfied that this was a Republican City and that the Republicans voted for Havemeyer not because he was Havemeyer, but because he was the nominee of the Republican Party. He (the speaker) had heard a great deal about "Republican Rings," but he did not think there was anything of the kind in the Legislature. There were, however, men who stimulated the Legislature by false issues. He believed that by passing this resolution the Republicans would make Mr. Havemeyer not only a Reform Mayor, but a Republican Mayor. It was not safe to trust the Board of Aldermen. Out of the nine so-called Republicans, two have been Democrats, and one is a Liberal Republican; and the first thing found will be a dead-lock. If the charter is passed with the twenty-fifth section as it now stands, the Republicans will be cutting their own throats.

Col. Spencer said the resolution may have been offered in good faith. Had he been present in the County Convention, he should have opposed the nomination of Havemeyer, as he did the resolution now before the committee. The nomination of Havemeyer was, he said, an error; but his indorsement would be a greater one. He would ask if the Republican Central Committee could indorse a man who, when the Liberal Republican Committee waited on him, used the language he did about the Republican Party. The Republicans must not yield the powers of appointment to such a man, for that would be to yield it to Tammany Hall. Since he has been Mayor, the action of Havemeyer has been such as to justify the Republican Party in severing all connection with him. He, the speaker, approved of the action of those who had been engaged on the charter from beginning to end. When the opponents of the present charter say it will make a small-sized man the Superintendent of Police, he was ready to say that the services that small man had rendered the Republican Party were so great as to entitle him to any office, no matter how great. He hoped the Senators from this City would not disappoint their constituents by refusing to pass the charter as it is.

Mr. S. Acton moved to refer the resolution to the Committee on Resolutions, but the motion was loudly cried down, with calls for a decisive vote.

Mr. Cushing spoke for some time in favor of the resolution, after which no one seemed inclined to speak, and a call was made for a vote, which resulted in 5 voting in favor of the resolution, and 102 opposing it.

The resolution and the vote by yeas and nays were ordered to be printed and forwarded to the Republican members of the Legislature, as the expression of the Republican Central Committee.

The meeting then adjourned.

Board of Apportionment and Audit.

The Board of Apportionment and Audit met at 2 P. M. yesterday, the Controller in the chair.

The bill of Wm. Anderson for stenographic reports in the Court of General Sessions, amounting to $265 80, was laid over.

The Controller said the board had been served with a mandamus of the Supreme Court in the case of John L. Brown, who claims the sum of $86,000 for extra street cleaning. The mandamus directs the board, by a concurrent vote, on the 19th day of March, 1873, to audit the said claim, with interest from the date of the bill, or to show cause to the contrary.

The Controller said that, according to the testimony laid before the board, Mr. Brown had not performed the work he claimed to have done, and that, in short, the amount of $86,000 was not due to him.

The Commissioner of Public Parks then offered a resolution setting forth the facts, and stating that, in the opinion of the board, the amount claimed by Brown is not due to him. The resolution was adopted.

The bill of John D. Welch, Jr., amounting to $3,777 07, for labor and materials furnished the Department of Public Works, was allowed.

The Board then adjourned.

Further German Indorsements of the Charter.

The German Seventh Assembly District Republican Association, Charles Jacobs presiding, at its meeting at No. 118 Greenwich-avenue, last night, indorsed the action of the German Republican Central Committee in favor of the charter amendments pending before the Legislature.

The Twelfth Assembly District German Republican Association, at a meeting in Fourth-street last evening, passed resolutions declaring that a new charter is necessary to do away with what yet remains of the Tammany corruption. A resolution was also passed calling for the speedy passage of the new School laws, and the bill providing for a reorganization of the police courts.

Business in the Court of General Sessions.

In the Court of General Sessions yesterday, before Recorder Hackett, Albert J. Hervey, a salesman in the employ of H. B. Claflin & Co., indicted for the larceny of a shawl, pleaded guilty to an attempt. District-Attorney Russell stated that in this case the prisoner had voluntarily informed his employers of the larceny before it had been discovered. Messrs. Claflin did not wish to prosecute, and believing that the accused was not a bad man, they wished to give him an opportunity of earning his living. Under these circumstances the District-Attorney asked the Court to suspend sentence. The Recorder thought the case a deserving one, and acceded to the request.

James Wallace pleaded guilty to assault and battery, and was sent to the Penitentiary for six months. Patrick McNulty, indicted for stabbing John Sutherland, of No. 47 Oliver-street, in the hand on the 9th of March, was found guilty, and sent to State Prison for two years. Richard C. Sinclair, one of the notorious Nassau-street gang, was charged with firing a pistol at another of the gang, named Patrick Feely, in the eating-saloon, No. 109 Nassau-street. It was evident that the complainant, from his testimony, did not wish to prosecute, and the case not having been sustained, the Court directed the jury to acquit the prisoner. The Recorder said he had no doubt the offense had been committed, and was confident that the witnesses for the prosecution had been tampered with. Under the law, however, he had no other alternative but to direct an acquittal.

THE TOMBS.

Aldermanic Inspection of the Prison—Recommendations of the Committee.

A committee of the Board of Aldermen, consisting of Aldermen Morris and Lysaght, accompanied by Chief Clerk Joseph C. Pinckney; Gen. Serrell, City Surveyor; J. Towle, Chief Engineer of Sewers in the Department of Public Works; Mr. Webb, of the same department; William Young, a master builder, and several other gentlemen, yesterday afternoon made a thorough inspection of the Tombs, for the purpose of devising and recommending proper means to remedy certain evils which exist in that institution in the shape of insufficient accommodation for the prisoners, impurity of the atmosphere, defective drainage, &c. Each department of the prison was inspected, from ground floor to roof. The committee was conducted through the prison by Commissioner Bell, of the Department of Public Charities and Correction. It was very evident that the cell accommodation was far too limited for the number of prisoners at present under confinement, as in many cases three persons were assigned to a cell which was originally constructed for only one; but, as the Warden stated, it was impossible to do otherwise with his present facilities. The question of sewerage was a very important one. On every tier is a large pipe 260 feet long, each passing through forty cells, and all finally emptying into one upright pipe which connects with the sewer. A vicious prisoner could easily overflow all the cells above him by choking up the soil-pan in his own cell. These iron sewerage pipes were constructed several years ago, and the settling of the buildings at both the Franklin-street and Leonard-street ends, has thrown them all out of grade, rendering it difficult at times to keep them clear even with constant flushing. It was yesterday suggested that a remedy for this evil might be effected by constructing twenty upright sewerage pipes, from the roof to the main outlet, thus furnishing a special sewer for every two cells on each tier. By this method the source as well as the cause of any obstruction could be more easily ascertained, and such obstruction would not then create a nuisance in any of the other cells. The cells in all the departments, and even the room known as the Station-house or "Bummers' Hall," were yesterday extremely clean; the female department exciting special comment from almost every one present.

The cleanliness of everything in this part of the building, together with the quality of the food, met with general approval. From this place the committee next visited the court-room of the Special Sessions and the Police court-room, and the contrast presented between the whitened cells of the prison and the dirty and dilapidated condition of the court-rooms was so apparent as to excite remark. The large amount of space taken up by the vestibule, without practical advantage, was also alluded to by the committee, as well as the ground wasted by the Tombs building, standing back beyond the line of Centre-street. "There is plenty of ground here," remarked Alderman Morris, "in the actual possession of the City on which to erect a prison large enough for all practical purposes, without the City being compelled to purchase an inch of new ground. This opinion was indorsed by the engineers present, who thought that the site now occupied by the Tombs could be better economized than it is at present.

After some consultation it was stated by Alderman Morris that a recommendation would be offered for the removal of the station-house for temporary prisoners, the present court-rooms, Clerk of Sessions' room, the vestibule and steps, and the boys' department, and on their site erect a prison building, five stories high, on line with the stores, &c., along Centre-street. When this building is completed the prisoners could be transferred to it, and the present prisons for male and female offenders be torn down, for the purpose of erecting a new building of the same proportions as the proposed front on Centre street. The court-room could be located at one corner of this new building, or so nearly contiguous to it as to connect it by a bridge with the prison. Regret was expressed at the short-sighted policy of the City authorities in leasing at a low rent for a term of years the block now occupied by the New-Haven Railroad, &c., at the corner of Franklin and Centre streets, at a time when it could be made so valuable for the purpose of improving the prison and court accommodation.

The engineers will to-day make a survey of the ground on which the Tombs has been erected, and prepare plans, after which the committee will make their formal report.

The Murderous Attack in a Drinking-Saloon.

Further investigation by the Nineteenth Precinct Police shows that the stabbing of three men and a woman, in Seventy-fourth-street, on Monday, by three ruffians, was one of the most daring and desperate crimes committed in the City for some years past. The criminals, who from their appearance are supposed to have been Irish laborers, entered the lager-beer saloon No. 429 East Seventy-fourth-street, kept by Jacob Schmidt. They drank two rounds of whisky, and were about to leave without paying, when Schmidt, jumping over the bar, confronted the leader and demanded payment. He was knocked down, and rising to defend himself, was again felled to the ground by a blow with a pitcher. Mrs. Schmidt rushed out of the room behind the store to defend her husband from the kicks which the brutal ruffians were dealing at his head. While she covered her husband's body with her own, the leader of the gang drew a clasp-knife and stabbed her in the left shoulder, in the left breast, and right arm. Jacob Young, of No. 1,328 Third-avenue, who was passing by at the time, heard Mrs. Schmidt's cries for help, and went into the saloon to be set upon by the murderers, and stabbed in the abdomen, receiving a wound which will, in all probability, result fatally. The ruffians then left the saloon, and ran down Seventy-fourth-street toward Third-avenue. A sewer in progress of excavation was bridged over with two planks. Mr. John Lubry, of Seventy-fifth-street and Third-avenue, was standing on the planks and impeded the progress of the ruffians, who promptly stabbed him in the left side, wounding him severely. He fell into the sewer, and the scoundrels, turning the corner of Third-avenue, were soon beyond pursuit. All the injured persons were taken to their residences, and the police did not learn of the affair until hours after. Mrs. Schmidt and Lubry are wounded seriously. Yesterday morning, Coroner Herman proceeded to Young's residence and took his ante-mortem statement. Young said: "I am a pie-baker by business, and was going round yesterday afternoon serving my customers. I entered Schmidt's saloon, and one of a gang of men who were fighting in there rushed up to me and stabbed me in the side with a knife. I had not been drinking. I never saw any of the men before, and I think I can identify the man who stabbed me. I have some hope of recovering, though I feel very bad."

Capt. Gunner will use every effort to secure the apprehension of the ruffians.

The Farmers' Club.

The American Institute Farmers' Club held its regular weekly meeting yesterday, in Room No. 24 Cooper Institute Building, Mr. Nathan C. Ely presiding. There was a large attendance of farmers from the country, and the meeting was one of unusual interest. "How to farm on 100 acres in Western New-York," was told by Henry Ives, of Batavia, and Dr. J. V. C. Smith read an interesting paper on "Sagacity in Animals." Discussions on various subjects interesting to farmers were had, and the club came to a close with a feast of apples and cheese, sent, through Dr. Trimble, of Newark, from an appreciative Quaker on the Brandywine River. The Club meets every Tuesday, and the public are respectfully invited to attend. For full report of the proceedings see THE WEEKLY TIMES of this day.

A Colored Highwayman Arrested.

Leopold Gustle, a colored man, about twenty-five years of age, was arrested yesterday, by Patrolman Edward Sweeney, of the Eighth Precinct, charged with having assaulted Frederick Martian, of No. 40 Spring-street, on Monday evening, while he was passing through Greene-street, and robbed him of a gold watch and chain. When searched at the station-house a slung-shot was found in his possession. Gustle was arraigned before Justice Ledwith, at the Jefferson Market Police Court, and held for trial.

Murder Trials in the Court of Oyer and Terminer.

In the Court of Oyer and Terminer, yesterday, the case of Robert Nixon, charged with the murder of Charles Pfeifer, was set down for trial on Monday next. The trial of William W. Barker, charged with the murder of J. M. Shafer, was fixed for to-day.

Court Officers' Pay.

In the case of James Doyle, an officer of the Superior Court, to compel payment of salary by the Controller, argued a few days since before Judge Davis, in Supreme Court, Chambers, by Franklin Bartlett, on behalf of the relator, a decision was rendered yesterday, declaring Doyle entitled to his pay.

NEW-YORK AND SUBURBAN NEWS.

NEW-YORK.

Controller Green paid yesterday the Department of Public Instruction, for salaries and expenses of that Department, $200,000.

Bret Harte delivered his lecture, "The Argonauts of '49," at Steinway Hall, last evening, to an audience of about 800 persons.

Herbert S. Torrey has been appointed to the post of United States Assayer in the New-York Assay Office, lately vacated by the death of his father, Dr. Torrey.

James O'Brien, aged forty-seven, fell overboard last evening at Pier No. 4 East River. He was rescued by Wm. Runyon, and cared for at the New-street Police Station.

The Société de la Commune celebrated the second anniversary of the Paris social revolution of 1871, at the Germania Assembly Rooms, last evening, by a ball and supper.

Sergt. James B. Miller was yesterday transferred from the Twenty-first to the Twenty-ninth Precinct, and Sergt. C. W. Woodward from the Twenty-ninth to the Twenty-first Precinct.

In consequence of the detention of the steam-ship Niagara at Bermuda for repairs, Messrs. Lent Brothers will dispatch the steamer Albemarle, Capt. Henry A. Bourne, on Saturday next.

Yesterday, a horse, the property of Edwin Ferris, No. 185 Washington-street, was burned to death in front of No. 85 West-street, the accident being caused by the upsetting of a pot of boiling tar.

The American Society of Civil Engineers will meet this evening at No. 63 William-street. Subjects for discussion—"Leakage in Water and Gas Pipes" and "Labor-saving Machinery on Gas Works."

Three hundred and sixty-eight arrests were made by the police in this City during St. Patrick's day and night. The greater portion of the arrests were for intoxication and disorderly conduct.

Edward Dent, arrested for attempted burglary in Lexington-avenue, on Saturday night, was yesterday taken before Justice Coulter, at the Yorkville Police Court, and held for examination to-day.

The fourteenth annual report of the House of Mercy shows the receipts for the year ending Nov. 1, 1872, to be $20,990 35, and expenditure $19,898 58; balance on hand, $1,091 57. Present number in the house, 40.

A mistake, having been made in calculating the sum required for the police, the appropriation for the payment of the force has been exhausted, and the members of the force can have no more money until May.

Edward Kingsley, aged twenty-two years, of Main-street, Brooklyn, while intoxicated, fell overboard at Pier No. 20 East River, yesterday morning. He was rescued from drowning, and cared for at the Park Hospital.

The New-York Society of Practical Engineers will meet Thursday evening in the Geographical Rooms, Cooper Union. James C. Bayles will read a paper on "The Mechanical Adaptation of Steam to the necessities of Canal Towage."

Selous' two pictures of Jerusalem, ancient and modern, were exhibited last evening in the South Reformed Church, corner of Fifth-avenue and Twenty-first-street. Prof. R. D. Hitchcock, D. D., and Gen. E. Blakeslee, each delivered a short lecture, explanatory of the paintings.

During a quarrel at Fifteenth-street and First-avenue, yesterday morning, between Wm. Gillen, No. 240 East Twenty-fourth-street, and Wm. Dougherty, No. 322 East Twenty-fourth-street, Gillen bit off a portion of Dougherty's nose. He was arrested and locked up. Dougherty was taken to Bellevue Hospital.

The White Star steam-ship Baltic, which left Liverpool on March 6 and Queenstown on March 7, reached this port yesterday. Her officers and the management of the line are once more entitled to our thanks for additions—later by three days' dates than journals previously at hand—to our foreign files.

About 1½ this morning Officer Darrow discovered flames issuing from Con Desmond's stables, No. 128 Cedar-street. He immediately gave the alarm, and at once proceeded to liberate the terrified horses that were in the stables. The engines then went to work and quickly subdued the flames. The loss will be small.

BROOKLYN.

During last week 117,331 persons visited Prospect Park.

During February 6,923 street lamps were reported by the police to be unlighted, for which $900 is to be deducted from the bills of the gas companies.

The City Treasurer's report for last week shows deposits to the amount of $211,948; payments, $144,552; leaving a total balance on deposit of $3,571,825 to the credit of the city.

The second floor of No. 105 Clymer-street, a three-story brick house, owned and occupied by Mr. R. T. Chilson, was, yesterday, damaged $500 by fire, caused by the accidental ignition of a match.

The body of an unknown man was removed from the water near the Washing-avenue bridge at Wallabout Creek, yesterday. The deceased, who had evidently been in the water several days, was about thirty-five years old, and was dressed in a suit of dark clothes.

STATEN ISLAND.

At a meeting of the Richmond County Agricultural and Horticultural Society, held at the club-house, in New-Dorp, the following gentlemen were elected officers for the ensuing year: President, Thomas W. Sampson; Treasurer, Edward Barton; Secretary, David Cortelyou; Corresponding Secretary, Dr. Clark.

WESTCHESTER COUNTY.

The Republicans of the town of Courtlandt have made the following nominations for town officers: For Supervisor, Coffin S. Brown, the present Democratic incumbent; Town Clerk, Benson C. Tent; Justice of the Peace, Eldridge Tice; Assessor, John H. Hyatt; Commissioner of Highways, George J. Barlow; Overseers of the Poor, Soloman D. Purdy and Uria Underwood.

NEW-JERSEY.

August Standinger, of Jersey City, went out for a walk several nights since, and has not yet returned.

James Carlin, a child three years old, was burned to death, at Newark, by its clothes taking fire, Tuesday afternoon.

The Supreme Court of New-Jersey has appointed George F. Tuttle and Frederick S. Stevens District Court Judges for the City of Newark.

The residence of Mrs. Costello, at Belleville, was destroyed by fire on Monday. The loss was $1,500, on which there was an insurance for $700.

John Newton attempted to commit suicide in a Newark saloon, yesterday, by taking poison. His life was saved by the prompt administering of antidotes.

The stockholders of the New-Brunswick Water-works have held a meeting and refused to sell the works to the city. The people are still without water.

The Third Presbyterian Church, at Paterson, was dedicated yesterday. Rev. Dr. Hall, of New-York, assisted at the dedicatory services, and last evening conducted the opening services.

The property in Paterson which had been sold for arrears of taxes due in 1870, but left unclaimed by the buyers, was resold yesterday. Taxes of 1871, now in arrears, amount to $88,000.

Andrew Brown and James Sherlock quarreled yesterday in Paterson, N. J., and the result of the affair was, that Brown bit off Sherlock's thumb, and was then committed to Passaic County jail.

D. S. Rockafellow was yesterday arrested at Somerville by United States Marshal Bailey, charged with having been guilty of the robberies committed in the Somerville Post-office. The thefts, which extended over several months, amounted to about $3,000.

The Pickwick Boat Club, of Hoboken, which was organized last Spring, has purchased a six-oared barge of Ingersoll's well-known build. The crew will consist of J. A. Reekie, bow; 2, H. Siebold, Jr.; 3, E. M. La Bruce; 4, C. W. Reekie; 5, R. H. Taylor; R. J. Murray, stroke; P. Waldheim, coxswain.

Affray Between Brooklyn Truckmen.

At 7½ o'clock last evening Dennis Wheeler was driving a truck along Hamilton-avenue, Brooklyn, car track, when William and Thomas Gillen, who were following immediately behind in another truck, demanded the right of way on the track. Wheeler refused, whereupon the two others jumped from their truck and attempted to pull his horses out of the way. A fight ensued, and Wheeler was struck on the head with a cart-rung, which inflicted a dangerous wound. The assailants were arrested, and Wheeler was sent to the hospital.

Brooklyn Incendiaries Sentenced.

Eugene Small and David Dowd, the Williamsburg boy-incendiaries, were yesterday sentenced, in the Court of Sessions, to seven years' imprisonment in the State Prison.

The Carpenters' Trouble.

The Conference Committees appointed by by the Association of Employing Carpenters and several of the Operative Carpenters' Societies met last evening at the corner of Twenty-third-street and Fourth-avenue, for the purpose of endeavoring to arrive at some basis for a settlement of the pending difficulties between the workmen and the employers. J. R. Voorhees, employing carpenter, occupied the chair. Several propositions were discussed, but nothing definite was arrived at.

Operations of Sneak-Thieves—Stealing Railroad Bonds.

Sneak-thief robberies are becoming of every-day occurrence in Wall-street, and the detectives in that vicinity say that there is no doubt of the existence of a regularly organized band to carry on a systematized plundering of banks and business houses. On Friday last a sneak-thief entered the office of Charles L. Frost, President of the Brunswick and Albany Railroad, of Georgia, No. 58 Broadway, and requesting certain information, loitered about until a favorable opportunity presented itself, when he seized a carpet-bag containing a large number of valuable papers, $3,500 in bonds, and three gold watches. He managed to escape with his plunder unobserved. The negotiation of the bonds was immediately stopped, but as there seemed to be no chance of catching the thief Mr. Frost thought it best to advertise, offering a reward of $200 for the return of the carpet-bag, with its valuables, and "no questions asked." The advertisement drew a polite response from the thief, in the shape of a letter, in which he agreed to the terms of payment proposed, and appointed a place of meeting. This was at a certain point in the Bowery, near Canal-street, where the procession celebrating St. Patrick's Day would pass. Mr. Frost proceeded to the place at the appointed time and found a man walking to and fro, watching the procession. He accosted Mr. Frost, asked him if he was in search of his property, and told him that he knew where it was and would enter into negotiations with him for its recovery. An arrangement was made by which $200 was paid, and Mr. Frost received a check upon a lager-beer saloon for his carpet-bag and contents. Upon going to the saloon the carpet-bag was found, with its contents intact, and in good order.

Two sneak-thieves entered the office of the Pennsylvania Western Railroad, on Saturday afternoon, and succeeded in stealing $180,000 of the bonds of the road. The negotiation of the bonds has been stopped, so that it is improbable that the thieves will succeed in disposing of their booty.

Personal.

Gen. R. C. Drum and Col. J. C. Roy, of the United States Army, are at the Sturtevant House.

Congressman S. O. Houghton, of California; Hon. J. B. Hulburt, of Quebec; Rev. J. A. J. Rose, of Tennessee, and Judge J. W. Ootheut, of Rochester, are at the Metropolitan Hotel.

Congressman C. D. MacDougal, of Auburn; Hon. J. H. Devereux, of Cleveland, General Manager of the Lake Shore and Michigan Southern Railroad; Hon. George Jerome, of Detroit, and Judge H. Griswold, of Leavenworth, Kansas, are at the St. Nicholas Hotel.

Julius Webb, manager of the Norwich and Worcester line of steamers; R. S. Burrows, of Albion; Dr. C. C. Gray, of the United States Navy; S. S. Taylor, of Ohio; A. W. Marley, and J. M. Heister, of Philadelphia, are at the Astor House.

Col. J. N. Bonaparte, of Baltimore; Hon. G. B. Brown, of Maine, and James Oakes, of Boston, are at the New-York Hotel.

H. O. Borie, of Philadelphia, is at the Albemarle Hotel.

Congressman Eugene Hale, of Maine; Congressman H. L. Dawes, of Massachusetts; ex-Congressman Thomas H. Canfield, of Vermont, and J. H. Ramsey, of Albany, are at the Fifth-avenue Hotel.

Judge W. S. Lincoln, of Washington, and Col. E. L. Jewell, of New-Orleans, are at the Grand Central Hotel.

W. J. McAlpine, of Massachusetts, and Walter McMichael, of Philadelphia, are at the Hoffman House.

The Brooklyn House of the Good Shepherd.

At the meeting of the Brooklyn Board of Supervisors, yesterday, a resolution was introduced by Supervisor Johnson, requesting the Legislature to repeal the act authorizing Justices of the Peace to send any woman arrested, whether as a vagrant or otherwise, to the House of the Good Shepherd. The discussion of the motion and the outside interest were the keenest for some time witnessed in the Supervisors' Chamber, the opponents of the resolution denouncing it as a sectarian measure. The resolution was finally carried by a vote of 16 to 9, and copies of the request ordered to be forwarded immediately to the Kings County members of the Legislature.

New-York City Council of Political Reform.

At a meeting of the New-York City Council of Political Reform. Monday evening, resolutions were adopted denying that the council were influenced by considerations of patronage in their action to procure a reform of the police courts; condemning the bills lately introduced on the same subject as dangerous to the success of reform, and pledging the Council to continue the agitation for reform of the criminal administration. Resolutions were also passed, condemning the indifference of certain Reformers, and protesting against the action of certain Republicans in pressing the passage of the charter; and pledging themselves to disregard all overtures from political parties in the event of the council's appeal to the Legislature being disregarded.

Arrest of a Car Conductor.

John Wiescham, the conductor on the Madison-avenue line, who ejected Mr. Antolidi from his car on Sunday night, was yesterday arrested on a charge of conspiring with the thieves who robbed Mr. Antolidi. He was arraigned before Justice Bixby at the Yorkville Police Court, and committed for trial.

Brooklyn Policy-Dealers.

Yesterday the Brooklyn police visited the policy-shop at No. 1 Navy-street, and arrested a colored man named George Harding, who appeared to be in charge. No. 56 Cumberland-street, kept by James Jerome, was also shut up, and the proprietor arrested. The trial of Stock and Primrose, indicted by the Grand Jury for selling slips in Boerum-street, was commenced yesterday in the Court of Sessions.

The Lafayette-Avenue Property-Owners, Brooklyn.

The Lafayette-avenue, Brooklyn, property-owners have sent a committee to Albany to argue their protest against the proposed railroad track before the Assembly Committee on Cities. The owners have also petitioned the Board of City Works to repave the avenue from Flatbush to Bedford with granite blocks.

Chicago Cattle Market.

CHICAGO, March 18.—Cattle dull and unsettled; tending downward; receipts, 2,000 head; a few lots of medium to fair Steers sold at $4 50@$4 90; good to choice, $5 25@$5 90; scarcely anything doing in other grades; shipments 3,000 head. Live Hogs dull and lower, under a heavy run, and rather poor quality of offerings; receipts, 11,000; sales ranged from $4 80 @$5 25, with most of the good grades at $5@$5 10; shipments, 8,000.

Departures for Europe.

Per Inman steamer City of Antwerp, for Liverpool.—Mrs. B. B. Wells, Wm. M. Parker, G. M. Wells, Mrs. Parker and child, Capt. Geo. Hagar, Horace Wall, Symmes Gardner and wife, Henry Herfkerns, Simon Strauss, Pierrepont Edwards, Her Brittanic Majesty's Vice-Consul at New-York, Major Cochrane, British Army; Mr. Bell, Mr. Gugginshine, Aug. Oelecroix, Mr. Martin, J. Tinlin, James Wilson, Mr. Barehom and wife, Leopold Sanders, wife, and child, Wm. Fowler, Walter Beck, H. M. Iwurke.

Passengers Arrived.

In steam-ship Baltic, from Liverpool.—John Stewardson, Miss Agnes Stewardson, S. P. Sladden, Miss Sladden, Mr. and Mrs. Tuck, Jno. R. Munroe, S. E. Loring, H. F. Williams, E. T. Maganuram, Master E. C. Maganuram, George McClusky, Mrs. Gen. Hartsuff, Miss P. Barnett, G. W. Bristol, Mrs. W. H. Bristol, Miss F. Bristol, W. F. Dunning, Samuel Furman, Charles Ellwood, George T. Davis, Mr. Stuart, M. M. Amaral, R. G. Glendenning, George W. Foster, Henry Ogden Adams, Robert J. O'Reelly, George Richards, L. W. Boynton, John Scott, Mrs. Scott, Mr. Grant, Charles Geard, C. O. Philips, Herbert Spring, Tideman Marthese, W. H. Power, E. Power, Mr. Boissevain, Ernest Weber, D. C. F. Revenus, G. Carlisle, A. R. Mulley, Mr. Taylor.

In steam-ship San Jacinto, from Savannah.—F. S. Pryne, J. H. Ramsy, wife and daughter, Mrs. Jeffing, Mrs. Meddaugh, J. Abbott, H. Wesendorich, W. H. Churchill, C. Smith, E. Deville and wife, Mr. Spencer and wife, D. Kovansh, W. R. Robinson, Jas. Ruchett, Jas. O'Conner, Wm. Foran, Jas. Taylor, John Knox, John Moran, H. Harris, Dr. Wheelus, wife, and 2 children, T. A. S. Mitchell, R. Nickerson and wife, Miss J. Nickerson, J. Harford, Mr. Dresser, Mrs. Kann, daughters, and 2 children.

In steam-ship Montgomery, from Savannah.—A. J. Hull and wife, J. Donaldson, Rev. J. Cummins, J. Asselford, W. Davison, W. Wood, P. Coleman.

Miniature Almanac—This Day.

Sun rises.....6:05 | Sun sets.....6:11 | Moon rises...11:56

HIGH WATER—THIS DAY.

Sandy Hook.10:56 | Gov. Island.11:45 | Hell Gate....1:07

MARINE INTELLIGENCE.

NEW-YORK......TUESDAY, March 18.

Cleared.

Steam-ships Ismailia, (Br.,) Ovenstone, Liverpool, Henderson Brothers; Alexandria, (Br.,) Mackay, Glasgow, Henderson Brothers; Thorwaldsen, (Ger.,) Losker, Copenhagen and Stettin, Chas. Rammelsberg & Co.; Charleston, Berry, Charleston, Henry R. Morgan & Co.; Wilmington, Holmes, Philadelphia, Wm. P. Clyde & Co.; S. F. Phelps, Brown, Philadelphia; Neptune, Baker, Boston, H. F. Dimock; Leo, Dearborn, Savannah, Murray, Ferris & Co.; Old Dominion, Walker, Norfolk, City Point, and Richmond, Old Dominion Steam-ship Co.

Ship Black Hawk, Crowell, San Francisco, Cal., Sutton & Co.

Barks Gan Eden, Barker, Cardenas, Cuba, Miller & Houghton; Pallas, (Br.,) Biddle, Belize, Honduras, W. Jex.

Brigs Arabell, (Br.,) Brady, Halifax, N. S., D. R. De Wolf & Co.; Renshaw, Sylvester, Greytown, Nic., R. A. Robertson.

Schrs. Peacedale, Caswell, Jr., Wood's Hole, Ferguson & Wood; Marshal Ney, Griffin, Calais, Jed Frye & Co.

Arrived.

Steam-ship Baltic, (Br.,) Kennedy, Liverpool March 6 and Queenstown 7th, with mdse. and 466 passengers to J. H. Sparks.

Steam-ship Montgomery, Faircloth, Savannah March 15, with mdse. and passengers to R. Lowden.

Steam-ship San Jacinto, Hazard, Savannah March 15, with mdse. and passengers to W. R. Garrison.

Ship John R. Worcester, (of London,) Cawse, Amoy Dec. 17, with tea to order.

Ship Admiral, (N. G.,) Haesloop, Bremen 52 ds., with mdse. to Bastjer & Bro.

Bark Alfred, (of Bath,) Burt, Trieste Dec. 6, with prunes to order—vessel to J. W. Elwell & Co.

Bark Jenny Cobb, Davis, Pensacola, with lumber to Snow & Burgess.

Bark Narragansett, Hamlin, Charleston, S. C., 7 ds., with cotton and naval stores to Duncan, Sherman & Co.

Bark J. F. Whitney, (of Parrsboro, N. S.,) Spicer, Havana, via Charleston 18 ds., in ballast to J. H. Winchester & Co.

Bark Gauntlett, (of Charlottetown, P. E. I.,) MacKenzie, Cardenas 11 ds., with sugar to Simon de Visser.

Bark Vittoria, (Ital.,) Marcaca, Beyrout 139 ds., with mdse. to order.

Brig Bedowa, Salter, Matanzas 18 ds., with sugar to J. M. Ceballos—vessel to Salter & Livermore. Was 8 ds. N. of Hatteras, with strong N. W. gales.

Brig J. H. Shafner, (of Annapolis, N. S.,) McWhinnie, East Harbor, T. I., 17 ds., with salt to Darrell & Co.

Brig Korning (Dan.,) Brock, Santos 61 ds., with coffee to E. Davidson.

Brig Chiara, (Ital.,) Jaccarino, Castellamare 77 ds., with fruit to Lawrence, Giles & Co.

Schr. Idabella, Fischer, Wilmington, N. C., 5 ds., with naval stores and cotton to E. S. Powell.

Schr. Maggie P. Smith, Grace, Baltimore, for New-Haven.

Schr. M. A. Folsom, (of Boston,) Rose, Cardenas 9 ds., with melado to S. C. Loud & Co.

Schr. Pharos, (U. S. Light-house Supply,) Hulse, Key West 10 ds.

Schr. F. St. Clair Edwards, Steelman, Wilmington, N. C., with naval stores to Wm. Blank.

Schr. J. B. Cowperthwaite, Swift, Boston, with ice to Knickerbocker Ice Co.

Schr. H. T. Potter, Reed, Hartford, for Baltimore.

Schr. Isle of Pines, Lee, James River, Va.

Anchored at Hart Island—Schrs. Samuel C. Hart, Rockport, Me.; Spartel, Smith, do.; Herald, Hall, Rockland; L. M. Warren, ——, do.

SAILED—Steam-ships City of Antwerp, for Liverpool; Leo, for Savannah; Charleston, for Charleston; brigs Springbok, for Liverpool; Renshaw, for Greytown, Me.

WIND—Sunset, light, S.; clear.

By Telegraph.

BOSTON, Mass., March 18.—Arr. steamer Hercules, from Philadelphia.

CHARLESTON, S. C., March 18.—Arr. steamers Manhattan, from New-York, and Ashland, from Philadelphia; schrs. Alice Borda, from Wilmington, Del.; Belle Brittain, from Philadelphia, and Matilda Brooks, from New-York.

FORTRESS MONROE, March 18.—16th passed in for Baltimore, barks Ovrero and Evenness, from Queenstown; Louisa, from Limerick; 17th schrs. J. H. Hancock, from Cardenas; Russian bark Victor, from Queenstown; North-German bark Asko, from Hull; brig Mary E. Rowland, from Providence.

LEWES, Del., March 18.—Arr. this A. M. schr. Alsena, Capt. Boynton, 10 ds. from Cardenas, for orders. She reports: Sld. from Cardenas on the 18th inst.; brigs Shasta, for New-York; Joseph Clark, for Portland, and Samuel S. Lindsay. In port—Schrs. Cora Hach, ldg. for New-Orleans, and Eliza B. Coffin disch.

SAVANNAH, Ga., March 18.—Arr. steam-ship Magnolia, from New-York; ship Nautilus, Havre, and ordered to Philadelphia; bark Hope, Barbadoes; schrs. Enchantress, New-York; Ernest and John S. Lee, Philadelphia.

Cld. schr. B. Everett, Kittery; ship Ventus, Liverpool.

Sld. steam-ship Virgo, for New-York.

VINEYARD HAVEN, March 17.—Arr. schrs. Thomas W. Haven, Baltimore, for Boston; H. Atwood, Virginia, for Boston; Isabella Jewett, Port Royal, for Boston; Joe Carleton, New-York, for Camden; Sea Foam, Philadelphia, for Danvers.

Sld., steamer Mercedita, wind, N. W., strong; weather clear.

March 18.—Arr. schrs. M. A. Coombs, Jacksonville, for Boston; James Bliss, Wilmington, N. C., for Boston; Hannah G. Hand, J. G. Babcock, and Richard Peterson, Elizabethport, for Boston; A. D. Scull and Mary Standish, Baltimore, and Mary B. Reeves, Hoboken, for Salem; Alligator, Elizabethport, for Portland.

Sld. schrs. George Glendon Jewitt, Ocean Wave, E. M. Sawyer, Abby Morton, Mansfield, Edwin J. Morrison, Lizzie D. Small, Flavella, James Ponder, Lillian M. Warren, J. G. Curtis, Nathan Cleaves, Allen Lewis, Bloomer, Isabella Jewitt, Joe Carleton, Thomas W. Haven, Addie Walton, D. Sawyer, Mary B. Dyer, A. S. Wiley, Gen. Connor, Mahaska, H. Atwood, Sea Foam, Hannah G. Hand, J. G. Babcock, Richard Peterson, Mary Standish, Alligator, A. D. Scull, Winona and M. B. Mahoney.

WIND—W. by N., moderate; clear.

Spoken, &c.

By brig Codding, Feb. 12, (no lat. or lon.,) spoke bark Emory, from Melbourne, for Portland.

By brig Astronom, March 14, lat. 37, lon. 74, spoke bark Emory, from Melbourne, for Portland.

By bark Vittoria, Jan. 31, lat. 24 32, lon. 4 E., spoke ship Annapolis, from Baltimore, for San Francisco.

By bark Gauntlet, March 7, off Cape Florida, spoke bark Champion, bound N.

By ship Black Prince, Feb. 4, lon. 33 30; Jan. 19, lat. 30 47 S., lon. 47 10 E., spoke ship Silver Eagle, from Foochow, for London; Jan. 27, lat. 35 56 S., lon. 16 E., bark Catherine, from do., for Gibraltar; Jan. 31, lat. 26 40 S., lon. 4 44 E., bark Jane Sprot, from Manila, for London; March 1, lat. 19 07 N., lon. 55 W., bark showing W. B. R. S., (commercial code,) from Newcastle, for Dolbey Sound; March 13, lat. 33 39 N., lon. 72 04 W., bark showing J. B. L. F., (commercial code,) from Bremen, for Baltimore.

By the schr. Alsena, on the 9th inst., off Carysfort Reef, spoke the bark Champion, from New-Orleans, for Antwerp.

Notice to Mariners.

Fog-bells at Governor's Island, harbor of New York, and at Goat Island, harbor of Newport, R. I.

Governor Island, New-York Harbor.—Notice is hereby given that a fog-bell has been established at the north-west end of Governor's Island, New-York Harbor, which will be struck by machinery, twice in quick succession, at intervals of twenty seconds, during thick and foggy weather.

North end of Goat Island, Newport Harbor. Also, that a fog-bell has been established at Newport Harbor Light-station, on the north end of Goat Island, which will be struck by machinery at intervals of fifteen seconds, during thick and foggy weather.

By order of the Light-house Board:

JOSEPH HENRY, Chairman.

European Marine News.

LIVERPOOL, March 18.—The Allan line steam-ship Scandinavian, Capt. Aird, from Portland March 8, arr. here this morning.

BRISTOL, March 18.—The Great Western line steam-ship Great Western, Capt. Stamper, from New-York March 2, arr. here yesterday.

QUEENSTOWN, March 18.—The White Star line steam-ship Republic, Capt. Gleadell, and the Inman line steam-ship City of Brooklyn, Capt. Tibbits, both from New-York March 8, for Liverpool, have arr. here, the former last evening, and the latter at 4 o'clock this morning.

BREST, March 18.—The General Transatlantic Company's steam-ship Pereire, Capt. Danre, from New-York March 8, arr. here at 5 o'clock this morning.

INDIA CHINA
AT 25 PER CENT. BELOW CURRENT PRICES.
Nicol, Davidson & Co.,
No. 686 Broadway, Near 4th-st.,
ARE OPENING A LARGE QUANTITY OF FINE CHINA, IMPORTED BY THEM DIRECT FROM CANTON, WHICH THEY OFFER AT 25 PER CENT. BELOW CURRENT PRICES.

BROOKS BROS.,
CLOTHIERS,
UNION-SQUARE
AND
CORNER CHERRY AND CATHERINE-STS.,
INVITE ATTENTION TO THEIR ASSORTMENT OF SEASONABLE GOODS FOR
GENTLEMEN'S WEAR,
AND ALSO TO A GREAT VARIETY OF THE BEST STYLES OF
READY-MADE CLOTHING.

The Kensett Collection.
Executor's Sale of over Five Hundred of the
FINEST STUDIES AND PICTURES
By the late
JOHN F. KENSETT
Will take place at
ASSOCIATION HALL
During the week commencing MONDAY, March 24, and ending SATURDAY, March 29.
The sale will begin at 7½ o'clock each evening.
ROBERT SOMMERVILLE, AUCTIONEER.
A FREE EXHIBITION
Of this collection will be given at the
NATIONAL ACADEMY OF DESIGN,
Corner 23d-st. and 4th-av., from FRIDAY, March 14, to SATURDAY, March 22, from 9 to 5 during the day, and 8 to 10 in the evening.

WATCHES.
TIFFANY & CO.,
Union-square,
THE "TIFFANY & CO." WATCHES ARE STEM-WINDERS MADE IN THE BEST MANNER, AND ADJUSTED TO HEAT, COLD, AND POSITION. GUARANTEED ACCURATE TIME KEEPERS, AND THE BEST AND CHEAPEST YET MADE.

SPRING, 1873.
WHOLESALE
A. T. Stewart & Co.
Invite attention to their large and thoroughly assorted stock of seasonable
HOSIERY,
INCLUDING
Ladies' Balbriggan, Lisle Thread, and Fancy Striped Cotton Hose.
Misses' Fancy Cotton Hosiery.
Men's Superfine and Superstout and Fancy Cotton Half-Hose.
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